The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 58. TOLEDO, OHIO, THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 2, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

HAMMOCKS!

A GENUINE MEXICAN FOR 93 CENTS.

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To purchase a Kodak or Hawkeye Camera before going away for the summer, and take your own pictures. It will be a source of great pleasure to you and your friends.

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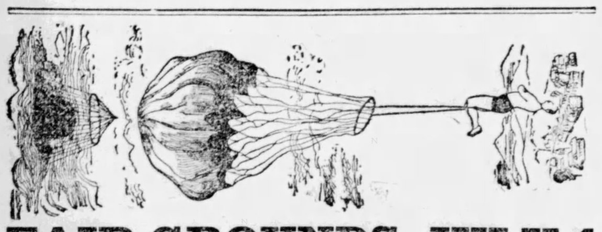

FAIR GROUNDS, JULY 4

Athletic Games!

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF JAMES M. RYAN, COMMENCING 10 A. M.

Chasing Greasy Pig, Wheelbarrow, Hurdle, Sack, Foot and Fat Men's Races, Balloon Ascension, Horse Racing, Dancing and other attractions. Come early, bring your baskets and eat your dinner in the beautiful grove. Admission, 25 cents.

The Weather Is Red Hot and So Is Our Business.

OUR SUPERB LINE OF

SILVER AND CUT GLASS GOODS

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Wedding Presents,

Has made us a lively trade in spite of the hot weather.

J. J. FREEMAN.

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IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

THIS ORIGINAL AND WORLD RENOWNED DIETETIC PREPARATION IS A SUBSTANCE OF UNRIVALLED PURITY AND MEDICINAL WORTH, A SOLID EXTRACT DERIVED BY A NEW PROCESS FROM VERY SUPERIOR GROWTHS OF WHEAT—NOTHING MORE. IT HAS JUSTLY ACQUIRED THE REPUTATION OF BEING THE SALVATOR FOR

INVALIDS AND THE AGED.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT FOR THE GROWTH AND PROTECTION OF INFANTS AND

CHILDREN

A SUPERIOR NUTRITIVE IN CONTINUED FEVERS AND A RELIABLE REMEDIAL AGENT IN DISEASES OF THE STOMACH AND INTESTINES.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

WHOLESALE DEPOT—JOHN CARLE & SONS, NEW YORK.

Don't neglect the baby these fine days. "Let it have the good fresh air." Take it out in one of the celebrated Whitney easy running

BABY CABS

SOLD BY

DRAPER & NUGENT

Who will sell them below any competition prices for cash or on easy payments.

Call and see them, they are beauties

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Fine Funeral Furnishings!

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low cost prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

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Hot Weather Prices!

ON ALL OUR

WALL PAPER

You will be Surprised at our Low Prices.

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FRIDAY —AND— July 4th

Until noon, when our store will be closed, we will sell

1,000 $1.50 and $1.00 STRAW HATS At 48c Each.

C. A. HARLEY & CO.

MANTELS

Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

THE CONANT BROS' FURNITURE CO.,

Summit, Adams and Water Streets.

DR. J. T. LAWLESS

Has removed his office and residence to

205 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Slightly warmer, fair weather. Southwesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Stationary temperature; fair weather. Variable winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 8 p. m. Slightly warmer; fair weather. Southwesterly winds. The prospects are for very fine, warm, clear weather on the fourth of July.

LOCAL.

Riot on St. Clair street.
Chapter on tin and prices.
The Maumee electric road.
Christian Endeavor convention.
Turnbull wagon works election.
Real estate doings for the week.
A would-be rapist heavily fined.
The Ohio Knight Templers conclave.
Last night's concert at the People's.
Consolidated gets in on the Robisons.
Call for Democratic county committee.
Sale of the Toledo & Western railroad.
Idle gossip concerning Warn's dealings.
Decision in the Quigley case by Judge Millard.
Heavy damage suit filed against Frank J. Scott.
Labor news of more than ordinary interest.
Objection to accepting Canton avenue pavement.

UNITED STATES.

The Elliott trial
Delaware republicans.
The Keystone examiners.
Politics in Henry county.
A statue to "Sunset" Cox.
Harrison weak in Indiana.
Illinois coal miners uneasy.
Tiffin republicans organized.
The copyright proclamation.
Republican Iowa convention.
Gossipy news from Sandusky.
Instructions to election boards.
The Irish envoys fall out again.
A Pennsylvania farmer bunkoed out of $3,000.
Chairman Brice wants democratic clubs organized.
Eighteen persons poisoned by eating cheese in Ohio.
Secretary Foster juggling the public debt statement.
The billion dollar congress responsible for present republican ills.

FOREIGN.

The Kaiser,s trip.
The French hatred of England.
The Czarewitch bound for Siberia.
Great damage in Germany by floods.
Why the Pope turned down Cahensly.

MORE INTERNAL ROWS.

The Irish Envoys Fighting Among Themselves.

The Second Trial to Get Money Out of America for Parnell Proves a Failure.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The Recorder this morning says the four Parnellite delegates to this country, James O'Kelly, William Redmond, John O'Connor and Henry Harrison, had a bitter quarrel last week, and hence the sudden departure of Harrison for his native land.

Before he left he and Redmond and O'Connor roundly denounced O'Kelly, and he bore away with him to Parnell a sealed packet containing their opinions of the man in whose charge they were sent to enlist sympathy for the "uncrowned king" in his evil days.

O'Kelly's alliance with the John Devoy party caused the trouble, the other delegates claiming that this connection was the reason for their failure everywhere they went.

Mr. and Mrs. Parnell will leave England about the middle of August for this country. They will remain here till after the Baltimore convention, which Mr. Parnell will attend. This convention will, it is believed, undoubtedly proclaim Parnell leader, and what is done here in regard to him will be followed by the Irish at home, no matter how he may be opposed, clerically or otherwise.

RAISED US TEN.

Action Taken by the State Board of Equalization.

COLUMBUS, July 2.—By a vote of 17 yeas to 13 nays the state board of equalization increased the duplicate of Toledo 10 per cent. A proposition to make the raise 20 per cent. was rejected.

Dayton was next taken up and the board voted to reduce the valuation 7 per cent. This is the first of the larger cities to be favored with a reduction.

HANGING IN HIS CELL.

Samuel Sharkey, of Ada, O., Under Arrest.

While Being Held for Safe Keeping He Makes an Attempt to Take His Life.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—Samue Sharkey, a telegraph operator, 38 years of age and claiming to live in Ada, Ohio, was arrested last night and placed in the central police station. He seemed to be ill and refused to go to the hospital and was held for safe keeping.

About 2 o'clock this morning he was discovered hanging to the bars of his cell, having made a rope of his undershirt.

He was cut down just in time to save his life.

Mills Shut Down.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 2.—All the rolling mills in the city and through the Mahoning Valley, with one exception, shut down last night. The operators are opposed to the new scale and say no action will be taken until a meeting is held of the Mahoning and Shenango Valley Iron Manufacturers' Association. No call has yet been issued and nothing will be done in mills for the next two weeks by reason of repairs. Summers Bros. & Co., of Struthers, sheet iron manufacturers, signed the scale and are running, as they say the nine-hour clause does not effect them.

Found Dead in the Park.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Samson Simon, of the firm of Simon Bros. & Co., extensive cloak manufacturers of 624 Market street, was found dead in Fairmount park this morning. When discovered he was sitting with his back against a tree. It is supposed that he was taken sick while listening to the music at Belmont mansion and in endeavoring to reach the guard house became exhausted, sat down and died.

His death is supposed to have been caused by heart disease. Considerable money and jewelry was on the body when found.

Minister to Greece.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The president to-day appointed A. Loudon Snowden, of Pennsylvania, minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia; Romualdo Pacheco, of California, minister to Guatemala and Honduras; Henry L. Arnold, of New York, U. S. consul at Clifton, Ont.; Richard Lambert, of California, U. S. consul at Mazatlan, Mexico; Andrew J. Sargent, of Utah, probate judge in Piute county, Utah.

Discount Rate.

LONDON, July 2.—The Bank of England to-day placed its discount rate at 2½ per cent.

CHURCH POLICY.

Why the Pope Turned Down Cahensly.

To Follow the Advice Offered

Would Have Divided the American Catholics.

The French Hatred of the English.

Great Damage Wrought by Floods in Germany—The Kaiser Is Happy —Miscellaneous Foreign Gossip.

LONDON, July 2.—A Rome dispatch says that the pope, before passing upon the petition of Herr Cahensly, caused tearful inquiry to be made as to its wisdom, among ecclesiastics and laymen long identified with the interests of the Catholic church in America.

The opinions almost universally expressed were that, to comply with the petition, especially as to the appointment of bishops on the ground of race, would be to create a strong public sentiment in in America, adverse to the church.

It was denied that there was any general falling off from the church among Catholic emigrants, or that the institutions of the republic were hostile to the Catholic faith. These arguments seem to have made an impression on the pope, the result being the rejection of M. Cahensly's elaborate petition and plan.

The French movement in the Mekong valley is said here to be only another form of displaying French hatred of English and German influences. Should France be permitted to keep possession of the territory claimed as a part of the Annamite kingdom, the terminus of the projected railway from Bangkok to the Mekong valley, would be in French hands. The contract for the building of the railway is held by German capitalists, who would hardly care to carry the work to completion with the idea of simply benefiting France. It is recognized that the bounds of Siam are ill-defined, but the Mekong valley has never been treated by any possibility a part of the French possessions, and it is said that force will be used, if necessary, to prevent a French usurpation.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says the czar anxiously awaits news from the czarewitch, who is now plunged somewhere in Siberia on his way to Russia. The young prince is taking short cuts which prevent him from sending word every day to his father, according to the arrangement entered upon when he started on his journey to the east, and which he has faithfully carried out, except when at sea or in the wilds of Siberia.

The proposed bestowal of the Victoria cross upon Mrs. Grimwood, the heroine of Manipur, is in deference to a powerful public sentiment to the effect that the red cross, intended for nurses, is an absurdity when bestowed upon a woman whose heroism was not that of a nurse, but that of a courageous woman, assisting to repel the attack of a savage foe.

A Berlin dispatch says that the damage wrought in Germany by the floods is far greater than was ordinarily supposed. In the valley of the Rhine the streams generally overflowed their banks, and carried destruction to many vineyards, besides overtaking and drowning many fugitives who lingered in their flight from the pursuing element. The cost of the destruction is difficult to ask, but it will certainly take years to restore entirely the devasted places. In Silesia and Westphalia the storm was also most appalling. As a result of the storm, in connection with the Italian earthquakes, there is a strong feeling among the superstitious that something terrible is impending over Europe, and some go so far as to say that the end of the world is approaching.

It is said that Queen Victoria has invited the ex-Empress Eugenie to visit her.

The kaiser is delighted with his visit to Holland, and it is reported that he would gladly prolong his stay, if his arrangements in England permitted. He has treated the widowed Queen Emma with marked gallantry and it is said that in youth they were very good friends.

Went on a Strike.

PITTSBURG, July 2.—To-day the boss painters of this city posted the new rules in their shops, calling for a classification of wages and nine hours for a day's work. The union painters refused to be governed by the rules and six hundred men went out on a strike. The building trades strike is virtually at an end. The striking carpenters, through actual necessity, have been forced to surrender. Their ranks are in sadly demoralized conditions. It is stated that the strike will be officially declared off to-morrow.

The Chicago Disabled.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—An accident happened to the cruiser Chicago just as she was leaving the Portsmouth, Va., navy yard for Boston, where she was to take part in the naval manœuvres on the 2d instant. She broke the crosshead guide of her port engine and will remain at Portsmouth about ten days, which time will be required to repair the damage.

ARGUING THE CASE

The Furgusons Important Witnesses for Kuhns.

The Court Rules That They Cannot Be Impeached—Almost Ready for the Jury.

TIFFIN, July 2.—(Special)—In the Kuhns trial yesterday, after the testimony of Mrs. Furguson, the defense had nothing to offer, and announced that the evidence on their part was closed.

Following this there was nothing on the part of the state but rebuttal.

The court at this point made a decision which seemed to almost paralize the attorneys for the state. He decided that the Furgusons, having been witnesses for the state originally, could not be impeached by the state after they had appeared for the defense.

This paralyzed the efforts of the prosecution, who were prepared to show that the Furgerson family was entirely lacking belief, and, failing in that, they were compelled to go to argument without an effective rebuttal.

At 2:55 Prosecutor Schrath opened the argument for the state, and at 6 o'clock closed an unsurpassed plea in favor of conviction.

It is expected that the case will go to the the jury at a late hour on Friday morning.

AS TO ELECTION BOARDS.

Syllabus of the Supreme Court Decision on the Power of Judges.

COLUMBUS, O., July 2.—The decision of the supreme court in a case which came up from Ashland county involving the appointment of county boards of election under the new ballot law, has already been announced. The court has issued a syllabus, however, giving its reasons for holding that the appointment shall be made in accordance with the recommendation of the county committees of the two leading political parties. Following is the decision in full:

The state of Ohio ex rel. John P. Smith vs. Emanuel Finger. In mandamus,

By the court:

Where, under the provisions of section 3 of the act to provide for the mode of conducting elections, etc., passed April 30, 1891, the executive committee of the political party casting the highest, or the next highest number of votes in the state, at the last November election, recommend, before the first Monday in July, to the probate judge of any county which does not contain a city of the first-class, the appointments on the board of election of such county of two persons who are qualified electors of the county, and members of the political party represented by the committee, it is the duty of such probate judge to appoint the persons so recommended on the board of election of the county. And any appointment by the probate judge prior to the first Monday of July, in the absence of such recommendation, is premature and inoperative.

Demurrer overruled and peremptory writ awarded.

Commercial Gazette Changes.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—W. H. Harrison has been in the employ of the Commercial and the Commercial-Gazette for thirty years. Now he steps out and it is understood that a very general shake up of the staff is to follow. Marshall Halstead, the eldest son of Murat Halstead, becomes editor-in-chief. General Boynton will remain at Washington as correspondent, but a new man will be placed in New York to succeed a younger brother of Halstead.

HAVE NAMED THE EXPERTS

Keystone Examiners to Soon Begin Work.

A Washington Official Has a Long Talk With Drew—Something in the Wind.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Mayor Stuart to-day replied to the letter he received from Comptroller Lacey yesterday, requesting him to recommend two experts to investigate the affairs of the Keystone and Spring Gardon banks, as follows:

"DEAR SIR—I beg to acknowledge receipt, at the hands of Hon. Robert M. Yardley, of your communication of the 29th inst., requesting me, by direction of the honorable secretary of the treasury, to submit to him the names of two suitable persons for appointment under the provisions of the act approved March 3, 1891, which provides for the investigation of violations of section 5209, United States revised statutes, and in reply to express my appreciation and thanks for your own, as well as the secretary's, courtesy in this matter, and to state that I will be pleased to comply with the request and present such names at the earliest possible moment. I am respectfully,

(Signed) "EDWIN S. STUART, Mayor."

It is understood that the experts have been named, but their identity will not be divulged until the secretary of the treasury has passed upon their nomination.

Simultaneously with the request from the treasury department to Mayor Stuart asking him to recommend two suitable gentlemen to investigate the Keystone and Spring Garden banks, National Bank Examiner George Sheppard, of Pittsburg, came to the city with secret instructions from Comptroller Lacey. He arrived in town yesterday, but avoided making his identity known.

Bank Examiner Sheppard and Bank Examiner Drew had a long interview. Examiner Sheppard, when asked if he was here on official business, replied frankly that he was, but declined to disclose the nature of it.

"I am here," he said, "in pursuance of instructions received from the comptroller of the currency, under whose authority all national bank examiners are. The orders which I have received and under which I shall work I am not at liberty to disclose."

When asked if he had come to supersede Examiner Drew Mr. Sheppard said: "I must also decline to discuss that question."

When asked if Mr. Drew had been suspended Mr. Sheppard replied: "I have not been officially informed that Mr. Drew has been suspended and have no knowledge on the subject that I am at liberty to communicate or make public. I trust that my position will be clearly understood, as I have no desire to conduct myself in mystery. I have received my orders; they are clear and concise and will be obeyed to the letter."

Robbed and Killed.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 2.—James Hawkins, of Old Akers Mills, went to Buffalo, Putnam county, a few miles from this city, on Tuesday and there incautiously displayed a large amount of money. On his way home in the evening he was stopped by two masked men who robbed him and then shot him dead. Luther Glenn and Joe Lockett, jr, have been arrested charged with the crime. A strong guard is watching the jail at Winfield, where the prisoners are. It is feared they will be lynched before morning.

NOT A FLY IN SIGHT.

Another Bunko Game Successfully Worked.

A Farmer Who Knew a Trick or Two Lost $3,000 for Being Too Smart.

GREENVILLE, Pa., July 2.—William Mizner was a very much surprised man this forenoon when he opened a box supposed to contain many thousands of dollars in bank notes and gold coin and found only a book, an illustrated paper, and some soiled linen.

Yesterday morning Mr. Mizner, a frugal farmer, was busily engaged in farm duties when a stranger, described as of medium height with light hair and sandy mustache, drove up to the house, saying he wished to look at the farm with a view of purchasing.

After being thus accomodated and expressing himself as well suited with its appearance, he and Mizner drove over to an adjoining farm. On the way they met a tall, dark-haired man who asked to ride to the station, where he would take a train for his home in Tennessee.

He was in gay spirits and the three soon became acquainted. The new comer incidentally remarked that he had just been swindled out of one thousand dollars in a card game, but though he lost the money he had the experience and the cards.

To show how it was done he played a game with the farm buyer, but the latter knew a trick worth two of that, and winning, proposed a game for "keeps."

The stakes were $10,000 and again Mizner saw the trick of his sandy-haired acquaintance win. Mizner tried his luck and won $10,000. The loser said he had enough, but wanted a guarantee that the others would have paid had they lost.

The farm buyer produced $7,000 and Mizner drove to Greenville and got $3,000. The stranger who lost was satisfied and left.

The winnings and guarantee money, altogether $30,000, was put in a tin box, locked, and shoved under the buggy seat. They were about to drive to Mizner's house, when the farm buyer changed his mind, and giving Mizner the box, said he would trust to his honesty to divide the money. Not appearing this morning Mizner broke open the box with the result stated above.

JUGGLING THE FIGURES.

Foster's Method of Covering Up a Depleted Treasury.

The Monthly Public Debt Statement in New Form.

An Explanation from the Secretary of the Treasury That Will Not Fool the People as Expected.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The monthly public debt statement was issued in an entirely new form. It combines both the secretary's statement of the public debt, and the United States treasurer's monthly statement of the assets and liabilities heretofore issued separately.

The surplus in the treasury in the new form of statement put out is placed at $53,893,808, or about $5,000,000 less than a month ago, with no change in the interest-bearing debt of the government during the past month.

The bonded debt is $610,529,120, made up in round numbers of $560,000,000 4s and $50,500,000 4½ per cent. bonds.

Secretary Foster gave out the following statement explanatory of the changed form of the monthly debt statement and the daily statement of cash in the treasury which will hereafter be issued:

"Heretofore the manner and make-up of the monthly statement required the snowing of an increase or decrease in the public debt. Under this form it has happened on several occasions that when large purchases of bonds were made the statement following would show an increase of the public debt when a reduction had really been effected.

"This was owing to the fact that principal and premium paid for bonds reduced the cash on hand beyond the amount of bonds actually redeemed."

The secretary has concluded after much thought on the subject to separate the statement of the debt from the statement of the cash in the treasury. Hereafter the statement of the cash on hand will show the net increase or decrease from month to month and this statement will be a part of the form now adopted.

In making up the new statement of cash in the treasury the figures will show the different kinds of money included in the total. Among this total will be stated the cash liabilities. This part of the new form will take the place of the assets and liabilities statement heretofore issued by the treasurer.

In former debt statements the accrued interest and interest due and unpaid have appeared as current liabilities. These items have been eliminated. The secretary holds that if accrued interest may be charged as a liability against cash, then with equal propriety accrued salaries can be so charged, or in like manner the accrued liability for the construction of public buildings, or for the improvement of rivers and harbors. The matured debt item is made up of the remnant of bonds and other forms of indebtedness remaining unpaid from the foundation of the government. It is assumed that less than 25 per cent. of these will ever be presented for payment. They are now, as heretofore, carried on the debt statement, but not as a liability against cash.

The secretary also calls attention to four items of liability against the cash in the treasury amounting to $51,000,000, composed first, of the 5 per cent fund held for the redemption of uncurrent national bank notes, which sum can only be reduced by the retirement of the national bank circulation.

The secretary thinks this amount, by law, ought to be covered into the treasury as was done recently with the fund for the redemption of failed and retired national bank.

The probability is that this sum will be increased during the coming year instead of being reduced. Second, the item of outstanding checks and drafts which rarely ever fails below $5,000,000. Third, disbursing officers' balances now amounting to about $34,000,000.

This money is in the treasury and in the government depositories to the credit of disbursing officers and seldom falls below the present amount. Fourth, agency accounts made up mainly of postal revenues and subject to the draft of the postmaster general. This, too, rarely falls below $5,000,000. These four items, he says, if held by a bank, could be safely loaned up to nine-tenths of the total sum.

The secretary will not hereafter deduct from his cash balance the amount on deposit in national banks, nor the fractional silver coin on hand. He thinks there is no good reason why this should ever have been done.

Government receipts from all sources during the past fiscal year aggregated $401,530,716, or about $1,500,000 less than during the preceding year. Customs receipts were $219,900,658, or about $10,000,000 less than during the preceding year, international revenue receipts were $145,943,281, an increase over the preceding year of $3,250,000; and receipts from miscellaneous sources were nearly $36,000,000, about $5,000,000 greater than in the preceding year.

On the other hand expenditures during the fiscal year just closed were $388,696,854, against $318,040,710 during the preceding year. Seventeen millions and a half of this increase is found in the pension charges of $124,415,110 for the past year.

Civil and miscellaneous expenditures during the year amounted to $110,139,339, an increase over the preceding year of nearly $30,000,000. Indian expenses were $8,526,188, or nearly $2,000,000 more than during the preceding year. Navy expenditures were $26,115,058, or $4,000,000 more than during the preceding year, and war department expenditures were $48,723,116, or $4,250,000 greater than in the preceding year. The sum of $37,127,301 was paid out during the year for interest on the public debt, and $10,401,220 in premiums of $114,000,000 bonds purchased and redeemed during the year.

A BATTLE IN SIGHT.

Both War Parties Moving on Coquimbo.

A Balmaceda Victory in the South Chili Election Recently Held.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A special to the Herald from Coquimbo, Chili, dated June 28, says that the provinces in South Chili, all under Balmaceda's control, voted for president of the government party on Saturday. As was a foregone conclusion, Balmaceda's candidate, Vicuna, was chosen as his successor.

The insurgents are moving upon this place both by land and sea and an early battle may be looked for. There are 7,000 men to defend the town, most of whom, however, are volunteers, and are not to be entirely depended upon. The insurgents are said to have 8,000 men who will make the attack, and they are [illegible] ammunition they co[illegible] force in the field.

A SHORT STRIKE.

The Findlay Mills Sign the Scale and the Men Return.

FINDLAY, O., July 2.—There was a strike yesterday at the Findlay rolling mills in the finishing department, and about 150 men went out, owing to the failure of the company to sign the finishers' scale.

The company based their refusal on the nine-hour clause which would compel the erection of an additional furnace to maintain the present output. No objection was made otherwise.

The finishers have heretofore been working 12 hours, but as the wages are paid on the piece plan the firm would not lose on the new scale, except in the necessity of erecting a new furnace and the additional cost of fuel.

The puddlers and others in the mill remained at work. This institution has a pay roll of about 400 men.

The company receded from its position later and signed the scale, so that the finishers resumed work this morning. The Wetherald rolling mill signed the scale in all departments and is running full blast. The same is true of the Kellogg Tube company.

Selected a Campbell Delegation.

ZANESVILLE, O., July 2.—The democratic executive committee met and selected a solid Campbell delegation to the state convention, in spite of the popular protest that has been made.

SALE OF TOLEDO & WESTERN

To a Strong Syndicate of Railway Constructors.

Work to Be Commenced at Once and Pushed to a Speedy Conclusion—Good News for Everybody.

The negotiations for the purchase of the Toledo & Western railway, of which much has recently been said in the newspapers, were closed to-day. All of the franchises which the Toledo parties control are turned over to one of the greatest railway syndicates in America.

Mr. Donald McLean, of New York, is the head and front of this enterprise, and will, with his friends assume full control. The railway will be constructed at once, and it will be absolutely independent of the Lake Shore system.

Mr. McLean will at once proceed with the work of construction. The new railway will be known as the Toledo and Chicago Bee line. It will run through the towns which promised aid last summer. It will be a great railway and one of the best lines running from Toledo.

The projectors of the railway have been busily at work on this enterprise the past year, and while some other persons seemed to lose faith, the projectors knew the enterprise would be all right in due time. That time is now, and the fondest hopes of all the people who want this new railway will soon be realized.

This afternoon Mr. McLean leased the entire third floor of the new BEE building for general offices of the railway, and will occupy them as soon as the building is completed.

Next week Mr. McLean and his associates, together with the Toledo parties will go over the whole line on a tour of inspection preparatory to commencing active operations.

BALMACEDA IS A DEMON.

Gen. Thomas O. Osborn Talks on Chilian Affairs.

What He Has Seen and Learned During His Two Years' Stay in the South.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Gen. Thomas O. Osborne, who recently returned to this city after a residence of many years in Chili, expressed his opinion that the stories of barbarous cruelty by President Balmaceda, as told in recent dispatches, are correct.

"I know the man so well," said the general, "that I can believe almost any story of cruelty that is told about him. He is a man of such determination that he would rather perish than give an inch.

He will never make peace until the revolutionists concede everything, and as they don't propose to do that the country will soon be devastated. He is far in advance of others of his race, as there is Anglo-Saxon blood in his veins. But there is enough of the Indian blood there to make him the most determined of men, and at the same time one of the most cruel.

He has to take desperate chances now. If he were to falter now his life would not last twenty-four hours after he had demonstrated any weakness. It is necessary for him to be a perfect demon or he is certainly lost. Balmaceda realizes this, and, with his 30,000 cutthroats in the army willing to obey his slightest wish, he knows his power. The rank and file of the Chilian army is made up from the most vicious class in the republic.

"All the murderers, horse thieves, burglars and criminal classes of all kinds are soldiers. Frequently in the last few years murderers who had been sentenced to death were pardoned on the condition that they serve the remainder of their lives in the army.

"When the revolution started the prison doors were thrown open and the occupants forced into the service. This is the class of fighters Balmaceda has at his command.

"Balmaceda has turned all the churches of Chili into prisons. He has no respect for religion. The majority of the men there are infidels; the women compose the religious element. It is easy to predict in one respect how the revolution will end. Disaster will be the result, no matter what happens, but the revolutionists will never gain the power they seek until Balmaceda is dead."

The Davis Will.

HELENA, Mont., July 2.—The supreme court yesterday took up the appeal of Henry A. Root and other eastern heirs from the decision of the Butte court denying the change of venue in the contest over the will of millionaire Andrew J. Davis. The proceedings consisted only of reading the history of the legal proceedings in the case, and arguments will not begin until to-day.

Found in a Swamp.

PEORIA, Ill., July 2.—The boys who wandered away from their homes in Averyville and were lost last Monday were found yesterday nearly dead in a swamp. So desperate had they become in their hunger that they had been eating mud. It is feared that the exposure and lack of food may yet result fatally.

William is Cranky.

LONDON, July 2.—The German emperor has objected to having all his movements arranged for him during his visit here, and requests that certain mornings be left free for his own disposition. This disarranges the published program.

Iron Workers Strike.

LONDON, July 2.—Several thousand iron workers on the Clyde struck to-day against a 5 per cent reduction of wages.

THE NEW COPYRIGHT LAW

President Harrison's Proclamation in Full.

Belgium, France, Great Britain and Switzerland.

Four Countries Come in Under the Provisions of the Act Passed at the Last Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Harrison's proclamation declaring the international copyright act in force with several European countries, reads as follows;

"Whereas, it is provided by section 13 of the act of March 3, 1891, entitled 'An act to amend title 60, chapter 3, of the revised statutes of the United States, relating to copyrights,' that said act shall only apply to a citizen or subject of a foreign state or nation when such foreign state or nation permits to citizens of the United States of America the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as its own citizens; or when such foreign state or nation is a party to an international agreement which provides for reciprocity in the granting of copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States of America may, at its pleasure, become a party to such agreement.

And, whereas, it is also provided by said section that "the existence of either of the conditions aforesaid shall be determined by the president of the United States, by proclamation, made from time to time, as the purpose of this act may require."

And, whereas, satisfactory official assurances have been given that in Belgium, France, Great Britain and the British possessions, and Switzerland, the law permits to citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to the citizens of those countries.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do declare and proclaim that the first of the conditions specified in section 13, of the Act of March 3, 1891, is now fulfilled in respect to the citizens or subjects of Belgium, France, Great Brittain and Switzerland.

"In testimony thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, this 1st day of July, 1891, and of the Independence of the United States 115.

[Seal.] "BENJAMIN HARRISON.

"William F. Wharton, acting secretary of state."

Accompanying the president's proclamation are communications from Secretary Blaine to United States ministers in foreign countries enclosing copies of the act of congress; a report from Third Assistant Secretary of State J. B. Moore, and an explanatory note from acting Secretary Wharton to the Swiss minister. The act is quoted in full.

In Mr. Moore's report to the president he analyzes the act of congress and the laws of the foreign countries which are parties to the Berne convention, and to whose citizens its benefits are extended upon compliance with the provisions of the act.

In a note of June 9, 1891, the Belgian minister conveys a copy of the law of his country on the subject of literary and artistic copyrights, and informs the department that "foreigners enjoy in Belgium, in the matter of artistic and literary protection, the same rights and privileges as natives."

The Belgian law clearly falls within the first alternative condition specified in section 13 of the act of March 3, 1891, and the proclamation of the president may accordingly be issued on the 1st of July, 1891, the date at which the act takes effect.

The first country to apply in behalf of its citizens for the benefits of the act of March 3, 1891, was France. Communications on the subject were made both to our legation in Paris and through the French minister at this capital to this department. France claims to have complied with both of the alternative conditions specified in section 13 of our act. It is, however, only the first that we are now considering. We have been furnished with the French legislation on literary and artistic copyrights, and the French minister in a note of May 25, 1891, declares that the legislation of his country "secures to American authors rights that are only 'substantially' equal to, but identical with, those belonging to French authors."

In respect to French citizens the proclamation of the president may issue on the same basis as in the case of Belgian subjects.

The third country to apply in behalf of its subjects for the benefits of the act of March 3, 1891, was Great Britain.

In a note to our minister in London June 16, 1891, Lord Salisbury says:

Her Majesty's government are advised that under existing English law an alien by first publication in any part of her majesty's dominions can obtain the benefit of English copyright, and that contemporaneous publication in a foreign country does not prevent the author from obtaining British copyright. That residence in some part of her majesty's dominions is not a necessary condition to an alien obtaining copyrigat under the English copyright law, and that English law permits to citizens of the United States of America the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to British subjects.

Be a telegram from our minister in London, of June 20, 1891, the department is informed that Lord Salisbury has substituted for the above assurance the following:

Her majesty's government are advised that under existing English law an alien by first publication in any part of her majesty's domintons can obtain the benefit of the English copyright and that contemporaneous publication in a foreign country does not prevent the author from obtaining English copyright. That residence in some part of her majesty's dominions is not a necessary condition to an alien obtaining copyright under the English copyright law, and that the law of copyright in force in all British possessions permits to citizens of the United States the benefits of copyright on substantially the same basis as to British subjects.

It will be seen by comparison that the only change made in the phraseology of the note of June 16, by the later statement communicated by telegraph is in the last clause. This clause in the note of June 16 was "that English law permits to citizens of the United States the benefit," etc.

In place of this statement now made by the British government is "that the law of copyright in force in all British possessions permits," etc.

This assurance is more comprehensive than the first, and, as the official statement of the British government, given in the very language of the first alternative condition of section 13 of the act of March 3, 1891, warrants the inclusion of Great Britain and the British possessions in the proclamation applicable to Belgium and France.

To Examine the Keystone.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Comptroller Lacey said this morning that he would probably appoint two experts to examine the books of the Keystone and Spring Garden banks, in Philadelphia, on Thursday. He had not yet received any names from Mayor Stuart. The law under which this could be done was old, but until this year there had been no appropriation to carry it into effect.

Tiffin Republicans Organize.

TIFFIN, July 2.—The republicans of Tiffin and Seneca county held an enthusiastic meeting last night and organized a club to be known as the Seneca County Republican club. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. W. A. Dickey, vice-president, Dr. H. L. Weaner, secretary, John F. Locke; treasurer, John Dumont.

Will Provoke a War.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 2.—The Novoe Vremya says that unless France and Russia make a formal alliance the parties to the dreibund will become so arrogant that a war will be provoked.

WHERE THE MONEY WENT.

The Billion Dollar Congress is Responsible.

Pension Sharks Robbing the Treasury Vaults.

An Investigation of the Most Searching Character is Demanded by the People on All Sides.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The condition of the treasury is sorely troubling the statesmen now in charge of the government. They pretend that they are trying to discover the leak—the cause of the shortage, the reason for the evaporation of the surplus.

It is very simple if they would only believe. Extravagant appropriations—the billion-dollar congress—squandered the surplus saved up by Cleveland.

The chief agency in melting the people's money is the pension bureau. It is time that all sensible people should understand this. If the pension system of the United States were administered with common, every-day honesty, there would be no deficit in the national treasury.

Read the lesson of these facts. They have a wholesome moral. If anything like discrimination between frauds and honest claimants were exercised in the pension payments there would be in the treasury to-day instead of nothing, a surplus of $50,000,000.

The pension payments have reached $125,000,000, one-third of which goes to frauds and swindlers and persons who have no shadow of a claim to it. The fact is admitted by everybody who has any knowledge of the workings of the pension department and is supported by the long list of frauds the public has already published.

Forty million dollars gone this year to the pension swindlers! Forty millions gone last year! Thirty millions the year before that! Twenty-five millions the year before that!

Suppose there had been all these years any attempt at honesty in pension administration two billion-dollar congresses with all their reckless extravagance could not have wrecked the treasury.

Reed and his fellow partisans should not be charged with all the responsibility for the present alarming situation. They have done their part, but greater than all their reckless money spending is the filching that goes on year after year by the horde of undeserving pensioners. In this connection two simple propositions are in order.

If a man does not deserve a pension why should he receive one? If a man is undeservedly in receipt of a pension why should it not be stopped? Honesty should be the rule in all government as much as in individual actions. These propositions being admitted, an investigation of the hundreds of thousands of cases of undeserved pensions ought to be ordered, and lest the secretary of the treasury should plead ignorance, the following cases are called to his attention:

An Officer's Experience.

Pension certificate No. 109543 is held by Isaac H. Duval, late major of the Ninth regiment, West Virginia Volunteers. This man was discharged from the service on January 15, 1866, and on March 29, 1871, was pensioned at the rate of $7.50 a month for an alleged wound in his left thigh.

Being an officer, he got more than a private would have been entitled to. Mr. Duval, through his attorney, of course began the usual manœuvers for an increase. He was examined September 5, 1873, and the medical examiners found he was not entitled to a cent more than he was receiving.

He was examined September 9, 1875, with like result, and again on September 5, 1877 with the like result. On December 7, 1887, when increases began to come fashionable, he got one to $15 a month to date from September 14, 1887.

On March 15, 1889, Mr. Duval got into the great increase and rerating flood, which landed him with a pension of $30 a month and rerating. By this he was to get $15 a month from date of discharge to March 31, 1887, and $30 a month thereafter. But three medical examinations held from time to time during that period had found that Duval was not entitled to more than $7.50.

By what possibility therefore, could it be discovered in 1889, that at such times he was entitled to more. To denounce such finding sas these is not partisan nor unprecedented. They have been denounced by a committee of republicans appointed by Secretary Noble to investigate them as utterly unjustified by law and wrong in fact and principle. Shall they go on?

You say that $7.50 is not a great sum for the government to pay out. That is true.

But when you come to multiply that by 20,000 with all the shades and ramifications of the undeserved pensions, how long can a treasury surplus of $50,000,000 stand it? The pension attorneys are responsible for all these things. This is not a nation of beggars. But it is so easy when the attorneys undertake all the work in a case to let them go ahead and see what they can do. Very few pensioners can resist it, deserving or undeserving.

His Thigh Wounded.

For an illustration of that look at the case of pension certificate No. 54740 held by Charles Bracht, lately a private in Co. I, Second Missouri Volunteers. This man was discharged January 7, 1865, and got a pension January 6, 1866, of $4 a month for a wound in the left thigh. March 5, 1875, he got this increased to $10 a month, to date from December 2, 1874. Application for further increase was rejected August 2, 1878, after medical examination.

It was rejected again on October 8, 1878; again on October 24, 1879; September 9, 1881; December 18, 1883; May 7, 1884. In each instance the board of medical examiners found no disability justifying an increase. Finally on January 31, 1885, Bracht's attorney wrested out an increase to $16 a month and immediately applied for another.

This was rejected November 9, 1885, and again July 18, 1888. Further application for increase and rerating was filed on August 6, 1888. On December 13 the pensioner was rerated at $8 a month from date of discharge to December 4, 1874, and $16 a month thereafter.

During the twenty-five years this man has been on the pension rolls he has had fourteen medical examinations at government expense. The pension office has reviewed his case thirteen times and rejected it eight times. By what right did the pension bureau twenty years afterward overturn the results of these examinations? If the pension bureau can tell what a man's condition was twenty years ago better than medical examiners at that time could show it, what is the use of having these examinations or examiners?

Broke His Leg.

The same practice is illustrated again in the case of pension certificate No. 103554 held by Henry Kip Winans, late of Co. I, Ninth Kansas cavalry. Winans appears to have broken his right leg in the service. For this he was pensioned on May 4, 1870, at $4 a month from date of discharge, March 7, 1865.

On June 13, 1873, he got an increase to $6 a month from January 15, 1872, the date of his application. On February 8, 1877, he got another increase for his broken leg to $14 a month from January 22, 1877. These were mere increases.

In 1889 Mr. Winans joined the rerating army and got a ruling giving him $8 a month from date of discharge to January 12, 1877, or twelve years. Now see how these reratings come about. This one was made without any testimony, merely on the opinion of the reviewer in the pension office.

For the period covered by this reviewer's opinion there were examinations which showed that no such pension was deserved. Is government money given away in any other department on "opinions" by clerks?

Mr. Winans is now getting $24 a month on a second rerating dating back to March 8, 1883. Two applications for further increases have since been rejected—and a third is now pending. Why should not some other clerk now step in and give an "opinion" that Mr. Winans should have $30 a month for his broken leg from date of discharge to the present time, and on that why should not Mr. Winans get it, that being the usual method of procedure in the extraordinary pension bureau!

A Wound in the Shoulder.

Pension certificate No. 28329 is held by Heman Bockhorst, late of Company H, Fifty-second New York volunteers. This man was discharged from the service on September 24, 1862, and was pensioned May 13, 1864, at the rate of $2.66 a month for a wound in his right shoulder.

After securing his pension he re-enlisted in August, 1864, and served until August 2, 1865. He was dropped from the pension rolls at this time, and must have recovered from his wound or he would not have re-entered the service.

The day after his last discharge he got his pension renewed at $2 a month, and on March 5, 1879, this was increased to $6 a month, and on August 6, 1886, to $8 a month. Up to this time there had been no rerating, but on December 13, 1888, the pensioner was rerated to $4 a month from date of discharge to March 5, 1879; $6 a month to August 18, 1886, and $8 a month thereafter. It was bad enough in this case to overrule 25 years afterwards the finding of the examining surgeons who had Bockhorst before them, but this is not all of it. The certificate of discharge issued September 24, 1864, gives no rate of disability whatever.

Two surgeons who examined Bockhorst in 1864 could find no greater rate than one-third. Most significant of all, Dr. Silas T. Burk, of Wellsville, Mo., examined Bockhorst in 1888 at the time he was applying for increase and rerating and found that he was not only undeserving of an increase, but undeserving of a pension, for the doctor says: "There is no appearance of disability, no contractions, adhesions or atrophy of parts."

A Lost Thumb Figures.

Broken legs are not the only things that, in the hands of persistent attorneys, can be used to bore into the treasury. Wounded thumbs have been equally efficient. Here is Amos Dickerson, for instance, formerly a member of Company C, Seventh Connecticut infantry, now the holder of pension certificate No. 48192. Mr. Dickerson had his thumb cut off in the war. Let us see how he fared with it.

Discharged from the service May 31, 1865, Mr. Dickerson promptly applied for a pension for that thumb and got $2.66 a month on account of it. Afterward he got that increased to $4 a month from June 1, 1865, to June 11, 1879, and $6 a month thereafter.

Still Mr. Dickerson was not satisfied about that thumb. It must have been a very valuable thumb—at least the government has had to pay a good round price for it.

In May, 1889, Mr. Dickerson got his pension for it increased again, and of course with a rerating; increases without reratings were out of fashion long ago. Mr. Dickerson's rerating was to $6 a month from discharge to April, 1884, and $10 a month from April, 1884, to November, 1887, and $12 a month thereafter.

Mr. Dickerson's certificate of discharge rated his disability for the loss of his thumb at $2.66 a month. Is it possible that his lost thumb was any more lost in 1889 than it was in 1865?

And if a lost thumb was officially declared in 1865 to be worth only $2.66 a month, how can the pension office in 1889 overturn that ruling and insist that in 1865 a lost thumb was worth $6 a month? But this sort of thing permeates the pension list from one end to the other.

Will somebody please suggest a reason why it should be allowed to remain so without investigation? If we are fond of giving our money away to undeservers we must not complain when it is all gone.

STATUE OF "SUNSET" COX.

A Great Time in New York on Independence Day.

Metropolitan and Brooklyn Letter Carriers, Aided by Others, Will Honor His Name.

NEW YORK, July 2.—One of the big features of Independence day in this city will be the unveiling of the statue of "Sunset" Cox, raised by the letter carriers of this and other cities to perpetuate the memory of the man whom in life they recognized as their friend.

The statue, quite complete, is located on Astor place, where the demonstration will occur. Over 3,000 letter carriers will participate in a parade that is to precede the ceremonies, including 1,100 of this city, 600 from Philadelphia, 450 from Brooklyn and delegations from Jersey City, Hoboken, Newark, Yonkers, Buffalo, Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Boston, New Haven, Hartford, Stamford, Baltimore, Washington, Troy, Detroit, Milwaukee, Northampton (Mass.), Memphis, Chicago and other cities.

The postmasters of all the large cities have been invited as special guests, and many of them are expected to be present. Postmaster Van Cott will be on hand while Postmaster Collins, of Brooklyn will lead the postmen of that city. Postmaster Fields, of Philadelphia, will probably attend the ceremonies.

The 3,000 carriers will assemble in Mail street, in front of the general postoffice, at 2 p. m., and with music and flying colors, march up Broadway direct to Astor place. Charles P. Kelly, a carrier of station F, who is president of the Letter Carriers' association, and a man well versed in military manœuvres, has been chosen as grand marshal.

The column will be divided into three battalions, commanded respectively by J. J. Keefer, T. J. Bonser and Wm. Dando. Every carrier will be attired in the new gray uniform recently adopted throughout the United States, and a platoon of the Broadway police squad will pilot the procession up Broadway.

On the arrival of the procession at the statue the ceremonies will begin with an opening song by the postal chorus of 100 voices. Then George H. Newsome, chairman of the memorial committee, will formally present the statue of Congressman Cox to the city on behalf of the letter carriers of the United States.

Mayor Grant has been invited to receive the statue as the representative of the municipality, and it is likely that he will be present.

The great bronze figure of the late statesman whom the letter carriers so delight to honor will be unveiled while the postal chorus sings an appropriate selection.

Gen Tom Ewing, of Ohio, will deliver the oration. The ceremonies will close with a song by the postal chorus. The carriers will then march into Broadway, going up as far as Twelfth street, where, turning westward, they will march past the residence of the widow of Congressman Cox, saluting as they go.

The column will then move into Fifth avenue, thence to Fourteenth street to Ninth avenue, where elevated trains will be boarded for Lion Park at One Hundred and Seventh street, where the evening will be given up to enjoyment.

Baynes' 69th regiment band will give a musical concert at the park, while Prof. Ward and his orchestra will provide music for the dancers.

Tables will be spread in the large pavilion in the park, where 2,500 visiting carriers will be dined at once. The New York carriers will do all the honors and entertain their visiting brethren in royal style.

The invited guests will be escorted by the demonstration and memorial committees, after the unveiling of the same, to the St. Dennis hotel, where a banquet will be given in their honor.

The statute of Congressman Cox by Louise Lawson, the sculptress, is of bronze and of heroic size. New York has contributed the largest amount of any one city toward paying the cost, and Chicago and Boston are rivals for second place, while Philadelphia is yet to be heard from.

The New York Letter Carriers' association and the National Letter Carriers' association have carried on the work of raising the money and attending to the erection of the statue, and to them the credit of the coming demonstration is due.

Fires in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The Mount Tamalapais fire is spreading. The outbuildings on A. E. Kent's estate, near Williams' Gulch, have been burned, and it is feared that many of the handsome residences in Ross valley will be destroyed. A number of volunteers from San Francisco and San Rafael are fighting the fire. Three men who were engaged in this work are missing.

IN ONE GIGANTIC GULP,

The Iowa Republicans Swallow the McKinley Bill.

Blaine Made the Hero of the Convention.

Wheeler Nominated for Governor—Campaign Badges Make a Demand for the Tin Plate Supply.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 2.—One of the most enthusiastic republican conventions ever assembled in the state of Iowa convened in this city at 11 o'clock yesterday. It is felt by both political parties that this campaign is to be a decisive one, and its effect on national politics is fully appreciated by every politician of the Hawkeye state.

The republican party is thoroughly united for the first time in many years, and to-day's convention was distinguished by its harmony and good feeling. The nomination of Hiram C. Wheeler for governor was assured in advance, and upon the platform there was substantially a reiteration of the party principles of two years ago.

By the arraingment of the democratic party for connivance with the lawless element in the violation and nullification of the prohibitory law, all attempt is made to place that party on the defensive in the coming campaign. The threatened break over the financial question never came, and it is likely the free coinage question will be almost lost from sight in the other stirring issues that are to agitate Iowa politics for the next four months.

The convention was held in the opera house, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion. Among the audience were many persons of state and national reputation. Senator Allison, Congressmen Henderson, Perkins, Flick, Dolliver and Hull, ex-Gov. Sevar, ex-Gov. Larabee and Solicitor of the Treasury Hepburn occupied seats on the platform, and Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the distinguished representative of the non-partisan Woman's Christian Temperance Union, headed a delegation of enthusiastic lady republicans, who occupied a private box.

Chairman Mack of the state central committee called the convention to order promptly at 11 o'clock. Prayer was invoked by Rev. Julius Ward, of Cedar Rapids.

Chairman Mack's speech was short and crisp. It consisted in announcing John Y. Stone, of Mills county, as temporary chairman.

In taking the chair Mr. Stone made a rousing speech of nearly an hour's duration. He was frequently interrupted by applause, but the culminating point was reached when the name of James G. Blaine was uttered. "There is but one reciprocity," said he, "and James G. Blaine is its prophet."

At the first mention of Blaine the loyalty of Hawkeye republicans to the man from Maine was more than demonstrative. Cheer after cheer arose from the vast audience and the ladies in the galleries went wild with their political brothers in their manifestations of reciprocity and admiration for the distinguished secretary of state.

At the conclusion of the temporary chairman's speech, the new state central committee and the various committees of the convention were appointed.

William Hill, vice-president of the Iowa Republican association of Washington, D. C., was introduced to the convention and brought words of cheer for the Iowa contingent at Washington. He said that time would prove the wisdom of the McKinley tariff bill, and that nothing could defeat the republican party in the coming campaign.

In conclusion, Mr. Hill presented the chairman of the county delegation with a small tin plate, the product of American mines, and made by the St. Louis Stamping company as a sample of the good results already wrought by the McKinley tariff law.

The convention took a recess until 2 p. m. and the meeting of the committee on permanent organization was at once held, at which ex-governor and ex-Congressman John H. Gear, of Burlington, was selected as the permanent chairman of the convention, the committee on resolutions also met immediately after the adjournment of the convention.

The platform as finally adopted for presentation to the convention endorses the McKinley tariff law in the warmest terms, and particularly commends the reciprocity provision and its interpretation and observation by President Harrison and Secretary of State Blaine. Liberal pensions to disabled soldiers and their widows are urged.

The financial question is briefly disposed of by the endorsement of the present silver law of which Conger of Iowa has the credit of being the author.

The Harrison administration is endorsed and the large appropriations of the last congress are defended as having been necessary for the fulfillment of the obligations, welfare and development of the country.

The prohibition plank of the platform of last year is re-affirmed, and the democratic party and democratic local officials are arraigned for conspiring with the law-breaking element for the violation and non-observance of the prohibitory law.

The course of Iowa's senators and representatives in the national congress is commended, and particular eulogy is extended to Senator Allison for his liberal and patriotic course as chairman of the senate committee on appropriations. A liberal appropriation for the state exhibit at the world's Columbian exposition is urged.

Immediately after the reconvening of the convention, Permanent Chairman Gear was introduced and made a brief speech predicting party success on the tariff and local issues.

The nomination of State officers was then declared in order, and the convention declared that no nominating speeches should be permitted.

For governor, Hon. Hiram C. Wheeler, Odebolt, Sac county, was nominated on the first ballot, amid great enthusiasm.

Mr. Wheeler was born in New Hampshire in 1835, but came west with his parents when a child. He is the owner of 40 sections of land in Sac county, which he tills. He was a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination in 1888, the nomination finally going to Hutchinson.

George Van Houten, of Lennox, Tyler county, was nominated on the second ballot for lieutenant-governor over the present incumbent, Lieut.-Gov. Poyner. Van Houten is a Farmers' alliance man.

For supreme judge, S. M. Weaver; for superintendent public instruction, Henry Sabin; for railroad commissioner, Frank T. Campbell, of Newton.

The Pope and Cahensly.

ROME, July 2.—His holiness, the pope, has written a letter to Cardinal Gibbons in which he declares that he will never concede the demands made by Herr Cahensly in connection with the matter of Roman Catholic bishopries in the United States.

The pope has also rejected the petition of Poles, resident in the United States, for the appointment of a Polish bishop.

Will Sue for Libel.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The officers of the New York life insurance company have instructed their counsel, Wm. B. Hornblower, to begin suit at once against the editors, publishers and proprietors of the New York Times, for $100,000 damages for libel, and have retained as associate counsel Messrs. Joseph H. Choate, Frederick R. Coudert and Henry R. Beekman.

Minister of Telegraph.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 2.—The president has appointed General Manuel Gonzalez Cosio to the new ministry of communications and telegraphs, which was recently created by congress.

Shot His Wife.

CHICAGO, July 2.—In a fit of jealous passion last evening Fred Stellman, who lived at the corner of Tuttle avenue and Commercial street, Ravenswood, shot and fatally wounded his wife and then blew his brains out.

Mar... a package of Dr. Story's Five ... I am suffering ... to ...

THE ELLIOTT TRIAL.

The Defense Is Getting the Worst of the Testimony.

COLUMBUS, July 2.—Calvin Johnson, Bill Elliott's side partner, who has been editing the Capital for him since his incarceration, was placed on the stand and subjected to a cross examination, the rigidity of which almost made his teeth shake.

The substance of his testimony was to show up a conversation with Osborn a week before the tragedy, in which Osborn threatened to write Elliott up, disclosing to the public his family, and to force the latter to shoot him.

The state, upon taking up the cross-examination, asked Johnson if he did not, in the presence of several reporters, tell Osborn, a few days after he had been written up in the Capital, that if it had been he (the witness) he would have waded knee deep in snow to Elliott's house to kill him.

Witness replied that he could not remember any such statement, but did not deny having said it. Further questioning tended to show that Johnson had been actively interested in Elliott's behalf and had carried news to him about the time of the controversy. His testimony in court differed very much from that given before the grand jury, as he admitted when closely questioned. These contradictions will weaken his evidence.

PREPARE FOR ACTION.

Words of Warning From Chairman Brice.

The Democracy Must Be Up and Doing—Bright Prospects But Work Is Needed.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Senator Calvin S. Brice, chairman of the national democratic committee, has written a letter of warning and advice to his fellow members of the national committee. The letter embodies advice in regard to the association of democratic clubs and the necessity of the national committee operating with them.

Senator Brice begins with the statement that the presidential contest is near at hand; that the republicans are rapidly preparing for it, and that the democrats cannot be too circumspect or too swift to meet them.

The plan of campaign of the republicans, he says, is a colossal system of clubs to be maintained and supported by unlimited means drawn from the pockets of the beneficiaries of the monopoly policy.

This system, he urges, can only be met by an equally extensive system of voluntary democratic clubs—that is, associations of the people in their several neighborhoods for the defense of their rights and interests against those who are banded to assail them.

He thinks that the approaching struggle is to be one mainly between clubs, and it is greatly to be desired that a uniform and perfected system of democratic societies, thoroughly organized and in intimate association with each other, shall be established before the beginning of next year.

Mr. Brice says he has examined the plan of organization now in progress of successful accomplishment by the national association of democratic clubs, and he feels it the duty of every member of the national executive committee to give to the club association his most hearty support, and he urges each member of the national committee to co-operate with the association to the fullest extent of the work undertaken by the executive committee of the clubs.

It is absolutely necessary that this be done, in Mr. Brice's opinion, and in his letter he states that an opportunity is now presented of having it accomplished by an efficient instrument at a minimum cost, and that distributed over so many localities as not to be a burden to any one committee.

Mr. Brice concludes his letter as follows: "An important feature of the plan is the selection of correspondents in the several states. This now requires urgent attention in your state. I would therefore ask you to confer with the chairman of your state committee as soon as may be convenient, and arrange this particular part of the plan; also that you will do all in your power to facilitate the organization in other ways that you may think best.

POISONED CHEESE.

Eighteen Persons Made Deathly Sick by Eating It at Chagrin Falls.

COLUMBUS, O., July 2.—Secretary Probst, of the state board of health, was notified to-day of a terrible affair at Chagrin Falls, O. Eighteen persons there partook of poisonous cheese and are now at the point of death. The board of health will investigate the case.

HARRISON IN INDIANA.

He is no Stronger Than His Party.

Oliver T. Morton Talks of National Politics in the Hoosier State.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—Oliver T. Morton, of Indianapolis, is in town. He is a son of Oliver P. Morton, is one of the most prominent young republicans in Indiana, and is a close friend of Judge Gresham.

A reporter asked him to-day about the anti-Harrison and pro-Gresham movement in the state.

"It is a long time before '92," he replied. "Indiana is a very close state, and I think the party organization there is probably better than anywhere else, for the reason that it has to be in order to win. The nominee gets the support of the party without division. The republicans there consider the party before individuals, and they are anxious that the nomination should go to the man who has the best chance of election."

"Is it generally accepted that Harrison is that man?"

"Harrison is no stronger than his party. It is too far from the election to judge what the character of the delegation will be. It is still a matter of doubt yet to be settled."

"Do you think that Harrison could carry Indiana if he got the nomination?"

"That is a thing that cannot be told at this time."

"Is he as strong in the state as he was before his election?"

"There is necessarily some disappointment attending the distribution of patronage."

"You say that Harrison is no stronger than his party in Indiana. Do you think Gresham is?"

Mr. Morton hesitated about replying to this, but finally said: "To be frank, I think he is. Judge Gresham has lost none of his strength in the state, and, perhaps, has gained considerable. I do not know that Judge Gresham is thinking about the presidency. He said nothing to me about it."

"As to the general situation," he added, "I think it may be set down as certain that no man yet has the state. There may or may not be opposition to Mr. Harrison later on."

Delaware Republicans.

DELAWARE, O., July 2.—The republicans have organized a republican league here. They start off with about 400 members. The utmost good feeling existed, and there has not been one refusal of farmers or town people to join the league. Robert J. Cox was elected president; Dr. O. C. Hesser, vice president; Charles W. Knight, secretary; Berne Jones, assistant secretary; Ernest Jones, treasurer; B. F. Thomas, (colored), J. R. Lytle, Julius Hoffman, Jerry Leahey, W. T. Watson, board of directors. Charles Anderson, sergeant-at-arms; Captain Bart Adams, captain. Clubs will be organized in each township in the county.

Miners on a Strike.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., July 2.—All of the men in the railroad mines in Belmont, Jefferson, Guernsey and Harrison counties, numbering over 2,000, struck yesterday for nine hours a day and the Columbus day scale.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

NEWS FROM SANDUSKY.

Cedar Point a Place of Much Popularity.

Preparations for a Great Time on the Fourth.

Social and Personal Gossip Picked Up by the Bee Correspondent for Its Erie County Readers.

SANDUSKY, July 2.—(Special)—Sunday was a big day at Cedar Point, 2,500 people arriving on excursions from Garrett, Ind., North Baltimore, Chicago Junction, Mansfield and other points along the road.

The opera house band gives concerts every Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evening, and Messrs. Alois and Carl Fenz, the renowned Vienna duetists, and Miss Emma Fenz, trombone soloist, will be heard at each concert for the next two weeks.

The grand parade in costume, representing Swiss and American history, by the Helvetia Verein on July 4, will eclipse all previous celebrations of the "glorious."

The exercises at Hingerle's garden will consist of addresses, concert singing, popular games, sack races and other amusements. In the evening a grand pyrotechnic display will be given, followed by a dance, the music to be furnished by the Great Western band.

The musical festival at Cedar Point was a grand success. The chorus of 100 voices, under the direction of Prof. Feuhringer, showed careful training, and the program was rendered in such a way as to call forth hearty congratulations.

Two lightning arresters have been purchased by the Sandusky Street Railway company and will be placed at the works to prevent accident to their armatures.

Mr. E. Flickenger, formerly engaged in the wheel business here, has given Sandusky a chance to secure a large buggy manufacturing plant. Some of our citizens are giving the matter attention and it is earnestly hoped that the plant will be established here.

One of our enterprising and energetic young business men will shortly open a wholesale grocery store on Market street in the Anthony block, the firm to be known as J. L. Anthony & Co.

Mr. J. J. Seeler, of Ottawa, an ex-postmaster and old school teacher, occupies the position of statistical clerk, he having been appointed by Prof. A. C. Miller, of Sandusky, the state school commissioner, who has taken charge of his office at Columbus.

Several city dealers in clothing, hats, caps and gents' furnishing goods have agreed to close their stores at 8 p. m. during the summer months, except Saturdays.

Quite a stir has been made in this city lately by the thirteen labor organizations threatening people to withdraw their patronage from the Merchants' exchange on Water street, the proprietor being Mr. David Walf, who sells a St. Louis beer.

Work is booming on the Short line railroad and active operations are in progress. Mules and other necessary adjuncts have arrived from New Washington for the sub-contractors, McLyman, McCarthy, Guthrie Brothers, and Biazer & Greenway.

The Baptist society opened the season at Lakeside last week. Deep interest was manifested and the crowd exceeding y large. The ladies of the Wayne street Baptist church of this city have charge of the Park dining hall, and are acquitting themselves to the perfect satisfaction of their many friends.

The Ogontz Mandolin club presented Mr. Wm. F. Peters with a handsome barjeanvine and the Ladies' Banjo, Mandolin and Guitar club with a diamond pin. Mr. Peters is the director of both clubs, and his efforts are highly appreciated by both organizations.

The handsome Biemiller property on Perry street, sold at sheriff's sale, was purchased by Reinhold Koch for $4,000, which was two-thirds of its appraised value.

The Lake Shore railway officials were taken to Gypsum by Mr. E. H. Marsh on his lovely steam launch, the Cairelea, to locate a new fruit house and station.

Mrs. George Waters, Miss Laura Gilcher, Miss Lura Kunz, and Miss Bessie Gilcher were in Cleveland Thursday on a shopping expedition.

Prof. C. C. Miller, superintendent of the public schools, who will wed Miss Nettie Cornell Wilbur, left for Honeoye, N. Y., Monday evening.

Mr. George Banks, who is occupying a position in the office of the American Wheel company, in Chicago, is spending his vacation with his parents on Central avenue.

A bicycle party, composed of Reed Wagner, Will Gilcher and Will Peters, started for Cleveland Monday morning and expected to reach Elyria at evening-tide.

The estate of Chas. V. Olds, deceased, is brought before the public again by a suit being filed in the court of common pleas, entitled Ann J. Darling against Clark Rude, as administrator. The suit is for $245.68.

Mr. A. D. McLeod, of Cincinnati, was in the city the past few days.

Mr. Clark Colton returns to this city July 6, and will occupy the position of day clerk at the "Sloane."

Prince Nori, of Japan, who has been visiting at the residence of Mrs. L. L. Hubbard, Adams street, left last week for Tokio via Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Mrs. Fred Zollinger is entertaining her friend, Miss Frew, of Denver, Col.

Miss Jessie Lea is visiting friends in Columbus, O.

Saturday Messrs. Bert Lamb, John Schuck, Frank Zollinger and J. C. Sloan boarded the steamer Frank E. Kirby, with their wheels, to try the pavement in Detroit and get into practice for the National L. A. W. meet, which occurs July 16, 17 and 18.

Miss Minnie Gould is visiting her brother, Rev. Gould and family, in East Cleveland.

Workmen Not Satisfied.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—At a meeting of the coal miners in the Collinsville, Ill., district it was decided that the men should refuse to sign the yearly contract with the Consolidated Coal company, which would result in the evasion of the weekly payment law enacted by the legislature and permit the company to continue monthly payment of wages. Nearly 400 miners are idle to-day and the mines have been shut down. The miners are firm in their demand for weekly payment and the trouble may spread to adjoining districts.

Asked for an Extension.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—J. C. Grant, a prominent furniture dealer of this city yesterday asked his creditors for an extension. The schedules of Mr Grant show total assets of $95,000; total liabilities $42,000.

Main Laborers.

BANGOR, Me., July 2.—Delegates of labor organizations met here last night and decided to issue a call to all organizations in the state to meet at Lewiston on October 1, for the purpose of forming a state organization.

Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Liver Pills. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. See advertisement. Small pill. Small dose. Small price.

Blaine Has a Set-Back.

BAR HARBOR, July 2.—Mr. Blaine had a bad turn shortly after dinner Tuesday evening, and a physician was summoned. The attack proved to be not very severe, but it alarmed the family. To-day he is much better.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DISGUSTED played out, tired and weary because of a weak stomach? Hop Plaster will give instant relief; quickly vitalize and restore the strained, sore muscles to strength and activity. All other aches, pains or weakness no matter where located, or how severe, yield to the combined soothing, pain-killing, strengthening, strengthening properties of the Hop Plaster. 25 cts.; 5 for $1.00. All medicine dealers everywhere. Look for Hop Plaster Co., Proprietors, Boston, on the genuine plaster.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

PURIFIES AS WELL AS BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

A Noted Divine Says: "I have been using Tutt's Liver Pills for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Costiveness, with which I have long been afflicted.

Tutt's Pills

ARE A SPECIAL BLESSING. I never had anything to do me so much good. I recommend them to all as the best medicine in existance." Rev. F. R. OSGOOD, New York. SOLD EVERYWHERE Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

Cured After 24 Years.

GREENVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 17, 1890

Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:

DEAR SIR—I have been afflicted with Asthma twenty-four years, and within the last year have not been able to work more than half the time and had almost given up all hope of ever getting any better. But thanks to Mr. Baker, a neighbor, who told me to write to Dr. S. B. Lewis, Evansville, Ind., and get your address, which I did—and the Asthma Cure—and have been taking it nine weeks, and have not had an attack since; have not lost a days work, have gained ten pounds and feel as though the medicine has made a permanent cure.

Yours truly,
A. J. ROTHHASS.

FOR SALE BY THOS. VANSTONE

MARSHALL'S HOOF CURE

cures sand and quarter cracks, split hoofs, sore and contracted feet, cures and all hoof troubles. Stops cracking, shelling and scaling hoofs. Softens and toughens brittle hoofs. It is better than soaking with oil, meal, etc. Should be used on all horses standing on hard floors or driven on hard roads. It also cures scratches, fetter, galls of all kinds, bruises, etc.

TOLEDO, O., April 6, 1891.

I had a horse in my stables that had hoofs so brittle that it was impossible to keep a shoe on his feet. I have used one can of Marshall's Hoof Cure on his hoofs and the horse has been shod for four weeks and the shoes stay on all right. I consider it the best hoof cure I have ever used.

JOSEPH POPP, Liveryman

Toledo trade supplied by Peter Sattler, harness dealer, 410 Monroe St.

UTICA - STANDARD FURNACES.

ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

R. G. BACON & CO,
Hardware and Stove Dealers.
504—MONROE ST—506

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

GERMAN Sweet Chocolate.

The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.

Served as a drink or eaten as Confectionery, it is a delicious Chocolate.

The genuine is stamped upon the wrapper, S. German, Dorchester, Mass.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Old Strength, mailed free to married men, also F. R. Cowin, 33 Grand St., New York.

Summer Resorts

Huron's Beach for Prospectus write Marcus Young Port Huron Mich.

CAPE MAY!
Hotel Lafayette, Cape May, N. J.
OPEN MAY 30.
John Tracy & Co. Owners and Proprietors
Directly on the beach; complete in every department; thoroughly renovated and supplied with the latest improved passenger elevator. Address John Tracy, prop'r, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or to Cape May.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.,
WILL OPEN JUNE 13, 1891
THEO. OVES, PROP'R.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL
WEISBEACH, ONT., CANADA.
Beautifully situated at the foot of Lake Huron, in full view of all ships passing in and out of the River St Clair. Thoroughly refitted and enlarged since last season.
BOATING, BATHING,
FISHING,
TENNIS AND CROQUET.
SEINE FISHING DAILY IN FRONT OF HOTEL
This beautiful resort is within two miles of Sarnia and Port Huron, and of easy access to all railway and steamer lines. Terms moderate. J. VAN WYCK, Manager.
D. WEIS, Prop., Sarnia, Ont.

HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.
An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording purest water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Star Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a.m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street.
J. S. BRUBAKER, Proprietor.

"THE WINDERMERE,"
GRATIOT BEACH.
The most popular resort on the lakes enlarged and remodeled. For rates write J. O. West, Manager.
FORT GRATIOT, MICH.

"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

Put-in-Bay House!
Put-in-Bay Island, O.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.
MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,
Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

CHANTICLEERS CROWED,

And Through the Early Morning Mists

The Christian Endeavorers Went to Meeting.

The Various Matters That Engage the Attention of the Visiting Delegates—The Minneapolis Convention.

When the first streaks of the gray misty dawn snuffed out the candles of the morning stars and the drowsy chanticleers in the various henneries in and about the city pulled themselves together for their first sleepy morning crow, the Christian Endeavor delegates all over the town aroused themselves and wended their respective ways to the sunrise prayer meeting at 6:15 o'clock this morning.

The service, which was led by Rev. F. A. Gould, of Elyria, was opened by singing, after which the Lord's prayer was repeated responsively. After singing another hymn several short prayers were made. The audience sang again, "Jesus Saves," and Rev. F. A. Gould read a scripture lesson and made some very interesting remarks. The audience sang with bowed heads, "I am trusting, Lord, in Thee." Some fifty or sixty strong testimonials were given, followed by several minutes of consecration prayer. Those assembled sang with bowed heads "Come, Holy Spirit, Heavenly Dove." A prayer followed by Rev. Mr. McCauley and the meeting dismissed.

This gives a fair idea what the early morning service is like. They have been one of the features of the convention.

A very pleasant feature of the meeting last evening was the singing of the Orlo quartet of Toledo, composed of Geo. Cole, Harry Teidtke, Otto Weis and Andrew Weis. Their singing was thoroughly enjoyed, and those assembled wanted more, but lack of time forbid. The young men of the quartet are members of the First Presbyterian church.

The first speaker of the evening was Rev. J. M. Hughes, of Richmond, Ind. He took up the subject of Christian endeavor in the local church. He said among other things that the Christian endeavor society met a great want of the church. It is God's plan to build up the church and as such it will continue to prosper, although some are inclined to think that rapid growth means rapid decay.

Rev. W. H. Sloan, of Toledo, delivered an interesting address interspersed with humorous illustrations and anecdotes. One in particular was well rendered. Speaking of the ringing of the church bells, he said: "A man listening to them one quiet Sunday morning he imagined that the Episcopal bells were saying: 'This is the church.' He thought he made out in the boom of the Methodist bells the words "Room for All." The Presbyterian bells said in sharp quick tones, "God's Elect." The Baptist bells in slower and more muffled tones, as if coming from under water, seemed to say "Close Communion." But when they all chimed together the music said in beautiful harmony, "We Are All Undenominational." It was a very clever illustration.

This Morning's Session.

At the opening of this morning's session President McCauley announced that they would have a Christian Endeavor symposium. He spoke of the term as being an old Greek word of doubtful meaning, but said that it had been employed in a good cause, so let it matter not what is the meaning.

The first to speak was S. Dwight Smith, of Mansfield, on the officers of the local society. He spoke at length on the importance and duties of the officers.

Miss Lulu Carson, of Dayton, spoke on the importance of the Sabbath school committee, and urged any societies who have not a prayer meeting committee to appoint one.

E. G. Routzahn, of Dayton, took up the subject, "The Good Literature Committee." His remarks were full of interest to C. E. people, inasmuch as many helps and books were mentioned which will assist them materially.

D. F. Graham, of Springfield, was down to speak on "Business Meetings," but was unable to be present, and in his absence his paper was read by Prof. T. H. Sonnedecker, of Tiffin.

The closing address of the symposium was made by W. H. Pheley, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Steubenville, on "Finance," and was an excellent effort. Mr. Pheley was formerly assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Toledo and is now doing good work in building up the Steubenville association.

Mr. Pheley, in the course of his remarks, spoke of the plan of raising money by ice cream socials and suppers. He said if there was anything that God did not approve, it was the plan of extracting money from the pockets of his professed followers; giving it to the Lord and then licking their palates with a dish of strawberries and cream.

"My friends," he concluded, "We cannot lay up treasures in Heaven in that way, but let each Christian at the beginning of each week lay up something according as the Lord has prospered us."

The next subject for addresses was "Local union work," the first speaker being Rev. H. P. Weston, of Detroit. He spoke of the local union of Detroit getting up a petition to discontinue Sunday ball playing there, and how it was stopped. Long and uproarious applause greeted this announcement.

The next address under this head was on the "Union Lookout Committee," by L. V. Dennis, of Cleveland.

Dr. J. B. Helwig, of Springfield, addressed the meeting on "Christian Endeavor and Sabbath Observance." He spoke against Sabbath labor and sports, the Sabbath day is a day of rest for the laboring man. On that day God comes between him and his employer.

He dwelt on the Sunday liquor question and was very bitter in his denunciation of the unholy traffic. He said that the Sabbath day is not the time for the beer gardens to be running in full blast, and the laboring man's house with his Saturday night's wages. Continuing, he spoke of the world's Columbian exposition. "We should see to it that the doors of this big exhibition are not opened on the Sabbath day. Mr. Corliss said at the opening of the Centennial exposition at Philadelphia: 'My engine must not run on the Sabbath day. I shall not turn a wheel on that day.' I hope that spirit will prevail at the world's fair."

Miss Jessie Brown, of Cleveland, read a paper on Christian Endeavor and the temperance work, which concluded the morning session.

RESOLUTIONS.

The Committee Thanks Toledoans for Their Hospitable Treatment.

The committee on business and resolutions desired to offer the following report:

That the most hearty thanks of this the sixth annual C. E. conference of the state of Ohio are due and are most appreciatingly given to the families of Toledo in which we have been so hospitably entertained, to the Christian Endeavor young people of Toledo who have so thoughtfully and cheerfully planned the minutest detail of management for the gatherings; to the daily papers of Toledo, who have heralded our beloved organization by the reports of the proceedings of this convention, and to the choir and its leader for their inspiring music.

That we realize in some small degree the untiring efforts of the state officers, and that we do heartily thank our state president, the Rev. W. F. McCauley, and our state secretary, Mr. S. S. Lewis, for their thorough and energetic management of the past year's work.

That we appreciate the kindness of the friends who have spoken to us at this convention, and we also thank them for their earnest and enthusiastic words.

That we miss from our presence the beloved face of our former state president, Rev. A. B. Christy, and that realizing that much of the growth and interest of Christian Endeavor in Ohio has resulted from his thoughtful foresight and guiding hand, we do most sincerely thank him for all he has done for us, and we give for him in his new field of work God's best blessing.

That entertainment at the future gatherings of our Ohio union be as follows: Each society which has sent in statistics within the year as shall be requested by our state officers shall be entitled to free entertainment for one delegate. All other delegates must bear their own expenses.

That our state president be instructed to take our warmest greetings to the tenth international convention of Christian Endeavor to be held at Minneapolis next week, July 9-12.

That it is the desire of this convention that the twelfth international convention be held at Cleveland in 1893, and to this end we most earnestly ask the board of trustees to place it there at that time.

That the 1,500 representatives of the 800 societies, including 38,000 C. E. in the state of Ohio, in convention assembled at Toledo, do hereby enter their most solemn protest against the opening of the gates of the Columbian exposition upon the Lord's day; and do hereby most earnestly petition the commissioners of the same to close the exposition in all its departments upon the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday; and also to exclude the sales of intoxicating beverages during the continuance of the exposition, and to carry out this resolution be it resolved that the secretary of this union is instructed to forward this petition, signed by the president and secretary to the commissioners of the exposition.

That we, the delegates to this convention, through the inspiration and renewed consecration gained at this gathering, do hereby determine to make our lives a greater power "for Christ and the church" than they have ever been before, and that with this determination we desire to take renewed allegiance to our Lord and Master, Jesus Christ.

FIFTY TOLEDOANS

Going to the Minneapolis Convention —Information to Delegates.

The tenth annual international Christian Endeavor convention will be held at Minneapolis, Minn., July 9, 10, 11 and 12. It promises to exceed in numbers and enthusiasm any previous convention. The railroads have made a rate of one fare for the round trip, the return tickets being good until August 26.

The Toledo delegation to Minneapolis will leave over the Lake Shore railroad next Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. It is expected that fifty will go from here. All the Ohio delegates will meet at Chicago, from where they will be provided with a special train to their destination. Many who have become acquainted at the Toledo convention will meet again at Minneapolis, and it will be a right merry party.

C. L. France, of 1121 Heston street, Toledo, has charge of the arrangements for northern Ohio, and all information can be had from him, or Henry Appleton, of Cincinnati, 355 Park avenue. It is important that those who contemplate attending the international convention should communicate with either of these gentlemen as soon as possible.

THEY'RE STRONGER

Than Their Local Secretaries Reported—Result of a Called Meeting.

The delegates representing C. E. societies of the Disciples of Christ held a special meeting at 8:30 this morning to rectify a mistake of the local secretaries in reporting their societies as societies of the Christian church, and thus having their numbers divided into two classes, one being connected with a separate organization wearing the name "Christian."

After a careful tabulation of their societies, it was found that there were more than 70 organized C. E. societies in the churches of Disciples in Ohio, instead of 39, as reported to the state secretary.

OFFICERS AND PRESS.

Where the Former Are Being Entertained and Who the Latter Are.

Following are the visiting members of the press; Julia M. Traver, of the Lake County Advertiser, Painesville; C. B. Benedict, of the Delaware Star; Rev. George Anderson, of the Christian Standard of Cincinnati; Miss Jessie Brown, of the Young People's Standard, Cleveland; Miss Lou M. Peebles, of the Berea Advertiser; T. H. Sonnedecker, of the Tiffin Advertiser and the Christian world of Dayton; F. M. Clutter, of the Valley Enterprise, Milford, and Miss Rena Dill, of the Miami Valley News of Cincinnati.

President W. F. McCauley, of Dayton, is the guest of Mrs. C. H. Whitaker. The vice presidents present are entertained by the following Toledoans: Rev. C. W. Choats, of Franklyn, by Mrs. G. W. Bartlett; Rev. F. A. Gould, of Elyria, by Chas. Pratt; Prof. T. H. Sonnedecker, of Tiffin, by Mrs. Skeldon. Rev. A. L. Reynolds, of Michaniesburg, is at the Oliver house, and J. Walter Malone, of Cleveland, is at the Boody.

Here and There in the Convention.

Fans were at a premium last evening.

Rev. Lorenz will lead the overflow meeting this evening.

The church was well filled this morning at sunrise service.

To-morrow morning's prayer meeting will wind up the convention.

Copies of the song book "For Christ and the Church," are for sale at church parlors.

President McCauley says he was delighted with the excellent singing of the large choir.

The next state convention will be held at Akron. Mansfield and Cincinnati were after it also.

The remarks on the Sabbath observance question, by Rev. J. B. Helwig, were approved by the convention.

All those who will volunteer to sing in overflow meeting this evening will please report at St. Paul's at 7:30 p. m. sharp.

The next international convention of the Y. P. S. C. E. will be held in 1893. Petitions are numerous to hold it at Cleveland.

The local unions of the Y. P. S. C. E. will meet in the parlors of the First Congregational church Friday evening at 8:45 o'clock.

The address of Miss Jessie Brown, of Cleveland, was sharp and to the point, and contained good advice to the young man and woman.

This evening Rev. A. A. Fulton, of Indianapolis, will deliver an address on the Christian Endeavor movement as related to foreign missions.

Miss Lou M. Peebles, representing the Berea Advertiser, occupied a seat at the reporters' table last evening for the first time during the convention.

To-morrow morning there will be a sunrise prayer meeting at 6:15. Topic, "Forgetting the Things Behind, I Press Forward." Led by Mrs. F. P. Hood, Youngstown.

The church is handsomely decorated with ferns and flowers, and fresh flowers are placed on the reporters' table every day. A beautiful bouquet of clematis adorned the table this morning.

The chorus of 200 Toledoans has been a feature of the convention. Much credit is due to the efficient director, Prof. Amos Whitney, as well as to the organist of the occasion, Mrs. A. D. Scammell, for the excellence of the music.

A party of about fifty delegates went to the water works this morning after the sunrise service and had a very pleasant time. The same party and all others who may desire are going to the insane asylum after sunrise to-morrow morning. They will meet in the church parlors.

An overflow meeting was held last evening at St. Paul's M. E. church. The edifice was crowded to the doors, and the meeting was very interesting. Addresses were made by Rev. W. H. Sloan, of Toledo, and Rev. T. M. Hughes, of Richmond, Ind. The speakers addressed both meetings.

Four very handsome silk Christian Endeavor banners grace the sides of the chancel, one belonging to the Cincinnati delegation, one to Tiffin, one to Springfield, and one to the Ohio union, with the inscription, "For Christ and the Church." Appropriate mottoes are hung on the walls of the church.

The following subjects are being handled at this afternoon's session: "Bible Study," Prof. W. W. White, Xenia; "Training in Benevolence," Rev. J. C. Arbuckle, Columbus; "The Element of Personal Service," Miss Anna Latimer, Cleveland; "Humility and Dependence," Rev. W. O. Fries, Fostoria; "How to Win Souls for Christ," J. W. Malone, Cleveland.

The excursion given on the steamer Pastime yesterday afternoon for the visiting delegates to the Y. P. S. C. E. convention was enjoyed by fully 1,000 of the young people. The boat left the Madison street dock at 1:45 o'clock and went as far as Turtle Light. After spending two hours in the bay the party returned, reaching home at 5:30 o'clock. The time was most pleasantly spent by all. Christian Endeavor hymns were sung by the choirs and each one seemed to do their best to make the trip an enjoyable one. As a feature of the convention it will be remembered by all who were fortunate enough to enjoy it.

Nasby Council, N. U.

The grand moonlight excursion of Nasby council will occur on Wednesday evening, July 8, on the new steamer City of Toledo. Tickets dated June 17 will be accepted.

The Glorious Fourth

Everybody will celebrate. Buy your fireworks at the Boston Variety and you will get the best at lowest prices.

The Lion Store will be closed all day Saturday, July 4.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

The Live Stock Commission.

Three members of the Ohio Live Stock Commission were in the city yesterday and examined into complaints made of Texas cattle being imported into the State. They, however, found no violations of the law, after an investigation and left the city last night.

The June Weather.

The meteorological summary of Toledo weather during the month of June, issued from the signal service office, shows the following: Mean barometer, 29.99; mean temperature, 69.4; prevailing direction of wind, east; total precipitation, 3.39 inches; cloudless days, 9; partly cloudy days, 9; cloudy days, 12

Lafayette Street Bridge.

The Lafayette street bridge is now open for travel. It will be supported by a temporary structure and wooden approaches during the present season, and in the fall stone abutments will be built. These abutments cannot be erected during the summer as the work would interfere with navigation on the creek.

Volunteer Post, G. A. R.

At the meeting of the Volunteer Post, G. A. R., last evening, two new members were mustered in and one admitted by transfer. The plans for attending the national encampment at Detroit were discussed, but the final arrangements were laid over until the next meeting. It is expected that about 100 members will go. The next meeting of the post, two weeks from last night, will be held in the new quarters in the Pythian temple.

Toledo's Finances at the Close of the Month.

The following is a summary of City Auditor Walker's report on the condition of Toledo's finances, prepared for the depository commission:

Amount on deposit last report, May 31	$ 158,905 97
Deposited during June	154,250.15
Total	$313,156 12
Drawn out during June	$ 180,78[illegible].73
Certified during month	3,152.12
Balance unappropriated	129,215.27
Total on Deposit	$132,307 39

Committed for Sending an Obscene Letter.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Mary E. Dewitt, of Dunkirk, Hardin county, was brought before United States Commissioner Hall on the charge of sending an obscene letter through the mails. She waived examination and was bound over in the sum of $300 to await action of the United States grand jury. The letter was of an unusually obnoxious and obscene nature, and if proved to have been sent by her may cause considerable trouble when she comes before the United States court.

Blockade at Perry Street Bridge.

A bad blockade occurred yesterday afternoon at the Perry street bridge over Swan Creek and for a short time traffic was seriously interfered with. A wagon belonging to Charles Gable, loaded with heavy timber, broke down in the middle of the bridge and effectually stopped the passage of street cars and teams. A gang of street car men finally carried the timber off of the bridge and cleared the track. The traffic over the bridge is so great that a blockade for even a short time is a serious matter and street cars were backed up for quite a distance on both sides of the bridge.

The Union Teachers' Meeting.

Sunday school teachers will note the change in time of holding the teachers' meeting this week. Saturday being the Fourth, the meeting will be held Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. Marion Lawrance is the leader. The lesson to be taught this week is the opening lesson of the new series in John's Gospel, and attendance is therefore doubly important this week. The class would suggest to teachers not now attending the sessions that this is a very favorable time to join the class. Attendance is open to all, the expenses being met by voluntary contributions.

Toledo Will Be Represented in Italy.

Mr. Homer T. Yaryan, being unable to have constructed the machine which he proposed exhibiting at the Italian exhibition, is making arrangements to secure one already in operation by Mr. Wehrie at Put-in-Bay. The company which will handle the exhibit and pay the expenses has not yet been organized, but it is understood that the incorporators will be Mars Nearing, Lawrence Newman, O. A. Brown, F. B. Dodge and H. T. Yaryan.

Mr. Yaryan is now arranging to have the machine replated and tinned, and if he can make this work successfully Toledo will be represented at the exhibition.

Council Judiciary Committee.

The council committee on judiciary met last evening and discussed numerous claims made against the city. A few were acted upon, but the most of them referred to sub-committee for investigation.

Mr. McDonough was allowed $100 abatement of assessment on lots 820 and 809 Port Lawrence Division.

The claim of Mrs. Stahl for damages, because of personal injuries sustained by falling on a Ewing street sidewalk, was laid on the table.

These were the only claims acted upon by the committee, though a number of claims for abatement of assessments were referred after considerable discussion.

The David B. Hill Club.

This young body met last evening to further perfect its organization. The committee on permanent quarters are on the scent for a location, and will be ready to report by the next meeting. A number of new members were added to the roll. Talking with a member this morning he said to a BEE that the statement made in the Commercial relative to securing a Neal delegation to the state convention is not thought of. It is not the intention of the club to mix in local matters in any form, but to work like beavers when nominations are made. The interest of the members is in Governor Hill, but this will not prevent them from supporting any democrat who may be named.

Toledo Post, G. A. R., Will Go To Detroit.

Toledo post, G. A. R., held an enthusiastic meeting last evening, and decided to attend the national encampment in Detroit. The members will uniform themselves, and will be accompanied by a band. Messrs. Austin, Claypool, Corlett, Kountz and Dowling were appointed a committee on arrangements. The record of this post is second to none in the country. Of 120 members 90 entered the army as privates, and one of them at least, Gen. John S. Kountz, arose to the highest distinction which could be conferred by the Grand Army, having served as commander-in-chief. The average service of the total membership is 27 months. This includes 10 who were 90-day men. Where's the post that can beat this record.

THE MAUMEE ROAD.

Consolidated Managers Will Have Nothing to do With It.

Messrs. Hale and Ream, of Chicago, the consolidated moguls, were in the city yesterday, but failed to connect on the proposed electric line from Toledo to Maumee, as anticipated. Both gentlemen left for home last evening without even considering the subject. Manager Lang talking on the matter with a BEE man this morning, said: "The owners of the consolidated believe they have invested all the money they intend to for the present, thinking it not advisable nor wise to invest very largely in a city where property can be stolen with impunity, as has practically been in this case. No, sir.

"The Consolidated will have no hand or part in building the electric road to Maumee or any other place until assurances can be given that the property will be secure."

It is generally believed the road will be built just the same.

IDLE GOSSIP

Causes Much Annoyance—Warn and the Merchants' National Bank.

A director of the Merchants' national bank said to a BEE this morning: "If people once get an idea into their heads it is pretty hard to dislodge it. Although it has been told time and again that Warn did not owe the bank one dollar, and that his accounts and cash were right to a cent when he left the bank, still I am daily asked by some one if some wild report is not true. The last one I heard was that the bank examiner had told some one that Warn was short $6,000. The fact is that the bank examiner hasn't been in the bank since Warn left, nor does Warn owe the bank one dollar. When the bank was examined early this spring the bank examiner said to us that we had the cleanest lot of accounts of any bank in his district. The last sale of stock that I have known about was at $135, and bought by some of the directors, who ought to know what it is worth. Whatever Mr. Warn's sins may be as to other people, it is only justice to him to say that there was no shortage in his accounts or his cash with the bank.

BARDSLEY SENTENCED.

He Escaped Easily at the Hands of the Court.

Fifteen Years in Prison and to Pay a Fine Equal to His Embezzlement.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—Ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley was brought up from the county prison into the new court house this morning.

The proceedings were conducted so quietly that only the court officers were aware that the distinguished prisoner would again be placed in the dock. Consequently there were only a few people in the court room at 10 o'clock.

A court officer sat at the head of the stairs and denied admittance to everbody except those having business with the court.

Mr. Bardsley was then conducted to a private room where he held a long consultation with Mr. Alexander, his counsel. Shortly after Judge Wilson entered and took his seat upon the bench.

The ex-treasurer was brought into the room, being seated near the head of the lawyers' table, at his counsel's side. At no time did the celebrated prisoner raise his head from his hands during the argument of his counsel.

District Attorney Graham then rose, and addressing the court said that as today is the last of the court term he desired that the Bardsley case should be disposed of, and was unwilling that it should go over until fall.

Bardsley was then sentenced to fifteen years and fined an amount equal to that of his embezzlement.

FLANK MOVEMENT

Made by the Consolidated on the Robisons.

A flank movement was made to-day by the Consolidated in the street railway war.

Two cases were filed in common pleas court by the Consolidated praying for an injunction restraining the Robisons from appropriating the property in Monroe street.

In the one case the Metropolitan Street Railway company is the plaintiff, and the property involved is at the intersection of St. Clair and Monroe streets. The other is brought by the Central Street Railway company, including the property on Monroe street between Erie and Superior. There was no preliminary injunction granted.

PAULDING COUNTY DEMS.

An Enthusiastic Convention To-Day.

Hon. John T. Geyer Tells the Delegates What is Expected of Them.

PAULDING, O., July 2.—(Special)—Long before the hour announced for the calling of the democratic county convention to order, the delegates from the various townships congregated in the streets, and a more enthusiastic set of men has not been seen at this place in many a day.

The visiting delegates are being royally entertained by the residents, who are deserving of much credit for the patriotic way in which the guests are received.

Shortly after ten o'clock the delegation, lead by a full brass band from Antwerp, and the Lowe orchestra, marched into the Opera House, presenting a scene ever to be remembered by the Democracy of this county.

David Parr, chairman of the democratic executive committee, called the convention to order and introduced as temporary chairman Hon. John T. Geyer.

Mr. Geyer in assuming his duties paid a glowing tribute to the able representation of the farmers, which he claimed indicated that it was evident that more than ordinary enthusiasm was being shown this year.

He reviewed the past action of the republican party and called attention to the fact that it was time for the farmers and citizens in general to rise up and denounce the unjust McKinley bill.

The coming election was going to be a subject of national importance and the cry of tariff reform would be resounded throughout the land.

For temporary Secretary M. F. Ergerman, Paulding and C. O. Grimm, of Scott, were chosen.

The committees were selected as follows:

Credentials: S. M. Dagh, A. C. Sherriard, Nick Gernhard, F. W. Hauser, C. Stener, F. Froney, R. S. Wilson, C. M. Starkey, Samuel Johnson, William Wisseiman, U. T. Barney, J. J. Clark, L. Hallsbury, J. R. Grubb, A. F. Atwil, L. Hauess, J. J. Hipp.

Resolutions—Chas. Wade, V. S. Richie, I. M. Jackson, J. V. Sharp, J. K. Price, Peter Murry, J. P. Hoff, B. B. Jackson, Henry George, James Powers, G. E. Brolan, W. S. Kickley, J. M. Price, G. W. Lynch, K. E. Schuler, R. F. Magee, John Burbage.

Permanent Organization—T. H. Baker, John Lower, X. O. Prentice, T. Sower, J. E. Fox, D. Barect, D. S. Ward, J. H. Kain, A. M. Butcher, Peter Bakle, A. Warren, J. Clemens, Levi Potter, S. W. Davis, A. W. Bower, Jerry Hamilton, J. McClure.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Mabel Morgan is home from a visit in Bucyrus.

Mr. John Brady returned from New York to-day, much improved in health.

Mrs. Julia Foster, of Cleveland, is spending a few days with relatives in the city.

Miss Marie Larvey left last evening for Bay City, Mich., where she will visit her parents.

Mr. G. LeBlond and daughter, Miss Carrie of Celina, are the guests of Mr. Henry R. Felker.

Mr. Phillip Dombaugh, of Marion, O., is visiting his son, Mr. P. E. Dombaugh, of the Wabash city ticket office.

Mrs. E. G. Battelle, Miss Nellie Battelle and Miss Bessie Schilling, of Bellaire, O., are visiting in the city, the guests of Mrs. J. S. Funk, 311 Oliver street.

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Elegant Place.

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The Lion Store will be closed all day Saturday, July 4.

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

The Cost of Unloading Ore at at Buffalo

Raises a Kick Among the Vessel Men.

Caledonia Has Trouble in Getting Out of the Bay—Keeping the City Docks Clean—General and Local Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the war department weather map. Observations taken 8:18 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State of We'r.
Oswego	30.00	64	S	6	cloudy
Buffalo	30.00	66	SW	lt	cloudy
Cleveland	30.04	68	N	lt	clear
Toledo	30.06	64	W	lt	clear
Port Huron	30.04	66	W	lt	clear
Alpena	29.98	60	Calm		cloudy
Green Bay	30.00	62	NW	lt	clear
Milwaukee	29.98	64	SW	lt	clear
Grand Haven	29.98	64	S	6	cloudy
Chicago	30.00	66	SE	6	cloudy
Sault Ste. Marie	29.98	54	SE	lt	cloudy
Marquette	29.94	58	N	lt	cloudy
Duluth	29.94	62	E	lt	cloudy

Lake Region forecasts: For Western New York—Clearing; slowly rising temperature; south winds; fair on 4th.

For Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin—Clearing; stationary temperature; variable winds; fair and warmer Saturday.

For Ohio and Indiana—Generally fair; slowly rising temperature; south winds and fair Saturday.

Cleaning the City Docks.

Harbor Master Skeldon has his hands full these days, keeping clear the city docks, especially at the foot of Monroe and Jefferson streets. Barrels, freight and rubbish are continually being placed there, and sometimes left there until the captain compels the owners to haul them away. A heavy passenger and freight business is done on these docks, and anything left in the street forms a serious obstruction, besides giving the street a very bad appearance.

Grounded in the Bay.

Owing to low water in the harbor and bay the steamer Caledonia, loaded with coal, had a hard time getting to the lake last night. She was being piloted by the tug Birckhead and grounded twice. The Birckhead pulled her off each time but it took a good portion of the night. The Caledonia was drawing 14 feet 6 inches amidships and 15 feet aft.

Kicking on Buffalo.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—Vessel men are complaining a great deal about the cost of unloading ore at Buffalo. The rate there has always been the same as Cleveland, Lake Erie ports. Last season the cost of unloading ore was 18 cents a ton.

This spring the dock companies reduced the price to 16 cents. The ore handlers' wages were reduced and a strike at Cleveland and Ashtabula followed. During the strike a large number of vessels were sent to Buffalo to unload.

The dock companies there charged 18 cents, but agreed to do the work at the same rate that would be charged at Cleveland and refund the difference if the price was less than 18 cents as soon as a settlement was reached.

The strike has been settled for two weeks now but the Buffalo dock companies have failed to reduce the price of unloading and vessel men say they will not send their vessels there until the price is made the same as charged at other Lake Erie ports.

Lumber Shipments.

During the month of June there were shipped to Toledo from Bay City and Saginaw 5,565,000 feet of lumber and 500,600 lath.

There were shipped to Cleveland from Bay City 6,950,000 feet of lumber and 1,050,000 shingles; from Saginaw 4,100,000 feet of lumber, 5,500,000 shingles and 100,000 lath. About 1,500 barrels of plaster were also shipped to Cleveland from Bay City during the month.

From Bay City and Saginaw Ashtabula received, during June, 1,150,000 feet of lumber, 750,000 shingles, and 573,000 lath; Fairport, 300,000 feet of lumber, and 230,000 lath; Lorain, 950,000 feet of lumber; Sandusky, 2,350,000 feet of lumber; Erie, 1,210,000 feet of lumber and 100,000 lath; Buffalo, 8,945,000 feet of lumber and 1,250,000 shingles; Tonawanda, 20,478,000 feet of lumber and 8,800,000 shingles.

Dredge in Hard Luck.

SANDUSKY, July 2.—The dredge belonging to Stang, of Lorain, and which was sunk in the bay here last Saturday, was yesterday boxed up and partly siphoned out. She was raised about two feet when the steamer Kirby came along and kicked up a sea that swamped the dredge. Three tugs are now working at her and expect to have her up to-day.

More Men Out at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The strike of the stevedores was complicated yesterday at the Western Transit company's docks, the men on monthly pay going out in sympathy with the men who are asking an advance by the hour. At the other docks the situation is unchanged.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Schr Wm Shupe, Cheboygan, lumber and lath.
Prop D C Britain, Bay City, 240,000 ft lumber.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Tug Roy, Huron, light.
Stmr W B Hull, Parry Sound, lumber and lath.

CLEARED.

Schr Geo W Davis, Cleveland, lig ht.
Stmr R C Brittain, Bay City, 100 tons coal.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.

Snags.

The tug Andrews is cleaning boiler to-day.

The tug Spinney is having her rudder repaired.

It is expected that the barge 111 will get away this afternoon.

The Iron Duke and Iron State, loaded with coal, left to-day.

The excursion steamers all had large loads of passengers to-day.

The steamer Brittain and barge Reindeer, lumber laden, arrived this morning.

At Chicago the steamer Huron City was fined $50 for running on an expired license.

The schooner G. G. Houghton is loading coal at the Cleveland dock for Lake Michigan.

The schooners Grace Holland and Wyandotte were towed to Bar Point by the tug Schenck last night.

The steamer Ira Chaffee and barges Monitor and N. Fillmore, loaded with coal, left this morning.

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IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

Van Wert has a guinea hen industry.

Railroad men at Marion are on a strike.

Put-in-Bay hotels are crowded with guests.

Philip Schutter, a Zanesville tailor, is missing.

Big glass trust has been perfected at Bellaire.

William Winters was fatally stabbed at Arcadia.

Cincinnati is to have a new $100,000 theater.

James Dugan dropped dead near Washington.

Mineral Ridge wants an electric street railroad.

Marion electric light plant is receiving additions.

Van Wert has a society called the Sharps and Flats.

Galion will bond itself for an electric light plant.

Will Thomas was found dead in bed at Mansfield.

Burglars are blowing open safes at Portsmouth.

Bids have been opened for the new Niles water works.

Gas will likely be piped from Oak Harbor to Port Clinton.

The Hancock county wheat crop will be heavy this year.

Dr. Ensign, well known physician of Cnardon, is dead.

Zanesville's finances are not in a promising condition.

Miles of pike roads are being built in Crawford county.

Flashy pictures are not allowed to be posted at Dayton.

The Elliott murder trial at Columbus is on its eighth week.

Huron county democrats will hold their convention July 11.

Massillon's new postmaster will be appointed in a few days.

Ohio Masons will be assessed 25 cents each for the new home.

A newly-born child was found floating in a Butler county well.

A big store was burned by a fire works explosion at Wilkinsburg.

A farm house near Jackson was struck by lightning and a child killed.

Dayton will have a national building association with a heavy capital.

The Farmers' alliance Herald has moved from Cardington to Mt. Gilead.

The state teachers' examination is being conducted this week at Columbus.

Massillon rolling mill owners have signed the amalgamated scale.

Martin's Ferry has enjoined rail roads from using any more of its streets.

The Soldiers' and Sailors' monument will be unveiled at Columbus next Sunday, July 5.

Another attempt will be made to sell the Whitely East street shops at Springfield July 21.

An enameling company has been organized at Galion, with a capital stock of $25,000.

The annual re-union of the One Hundred and Twenty-third Ohio will be held at Cedar Point soon.

Ohio ranks seventh among the limestone producing states. The product for 1890 was valued at $1,514,934.

Barnesville saloonists will bring proceedings to oust the present council which passed a prohibition law.

Ohio county auditors are beginning to send in their half-yearly liquor tax collections to the state auditor.

The Central Ohio Buggy company, of Galion, denies that it was recently swindled out of a large sum of money.

Canton's very much excited over a rumor that an industry with $1,500,00 is talking about moving to that town.

The commission to secure a permanent camping ground for the Ohio National guards will meet at Columbus July 20.

Salem's mad because the census return was lower than expected, and council ordered the police to count the population.

A gentleman desiring to go to the islands recently from Port Clinton, was obliged to charter the steamer Secor, and it cost him $15.

Mrs. Hayes, Washington woman who was ordered to leave town by white caps, has sued prominent citizens for defamation of character.

J. Frazier Richards, Ohio census clerk, arrested at Washington on a charge of stealing some valuable papers from the government bureau.

Miners in Guernsey, Belmont and Jeffer son counties to the number of 2,000, are on a strike for a nine-hour day and for what they call the Columbus scale of wages.

Commissions have been issued to W. E. Gillett, captain, A. D. Collier, first lieutenant, and J. A. Douglass, second lieutenant of Company I, Sixteenth regiment, O. N. G., at Clyde.

Company E, of the First regiment at Hamilton, is having a time. Captain Hunter resigned with the understanding that Gov. Campbell would reinstate him at once. Now the company doesn't want it done and sent in a protest.

Robert Fosgraves, a farmer living near Newark, O., caused an attachment to be issued against John Robinson's circus. He spent $1.25 to get in, and the show not playing to a finish, he sought and recovered that amount. The rain stampeded the show.

INDIANA.

Rensselaer has a new paper.

Bruceville has a new postmaster.

Ft. W

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

ONLY 14years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST

THE BEE is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 2, 1891.

Examine It.

THERE is no better paper in America than the Toledo BEE. This is saying a good deal. Get a sample copy and examine it for yourself.—Mt. Gilead Register.

FREE coinage in the Iowa republican platform: "Though lost to sight, to memory dear."

DID the cheers at Cedar Rapids for the knight of reciprocity echo over the seashore at Cape May?

THE tin plate boodlers will have a difficult task in Ohio this year. The new election law will be their stumbling block.

IN the coming race in Ohio, the great high tax hurdle will unhorse some of the republican leaders. It will prove an insurmountable barrier to their success.

THE evidence still accumulates that this "billion-dollar country" is on the ragged edge. Secretary Foster's remark was very apt, but it does not excuse the wanton profligacy of the billion-dollar congress.

MURAT HALSTEAD will shortly open the Ohio campaign in the Commercial Gazette, but ballot-box Wood has not yet been heard from. It is stated that the Field Marshal shys violently every time he sees a ballot box.

THE campaign tin plates were given away to the politicians at the Iowa convention yesterday. The tariff tax that must be added to the cost of the tin dinner pails the workingman must pay out of his hard-earned wages.

WITH the nomination of a land monopolist who owns ten sections of real estate for governor of Iowa, the republicans of that state demonstrate that they still remain loyal to the principles and traditions of their party.

THE wonderful phenomenon of a lake forming in the Colorado basin is attracting widespread attention, and is causing not a little apprehension as to the safety of the Union Pacific road. Nature appears to have gone into the irrigation business.

SLY Charlie Kurtz is busily engaged in engineering ex-Gov. Foraker's senatorial canvass. His scheme is to nominate a Foraker republican for the legislature in every county in the state, if possible. Kurtz is cunning, and the Sherman sentinels dare not sleep on the watch-towers.

IT is authoritatively stated, and the report is believed by Cardinal Gibbons to be true, that Pope Leo has determined not to appoint national bishops in America, as Herr Cahensly and others have petitioned him to do. This would be a speedy ending of what might have become a serious ecclesiastical embroilment.

THE funerals of the men killed in the riots at the Franklin mines occurred yesterday. It is one way to settle "the race question in the south," transporting the negroes to the north to take the bread from the mouths of white men. But there will be no shrieking or shaking of the bloody shirt on republican platforms because of this northern outrage.

SECRETARY FOSTER is ambitious. Not content with the proud title of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Tail he has taken measures to be crowned the Great American Juggler. Whether this title be bestowed upon him or not depends upon whether or not the people can see through the manner, method and purpose of the new form of public debt statement. If the secretary of the treasury can convince the people, by the combinations of reports he has instituted, that there is still a surplus of fifty-odd million dollars at his command, then he has earned and should receive this new title.

THE Iowa republicans enter upon this state campaign with a platform which see-saws between a warm endorsement of the McKinley tariff law and an equally warm commendation of the reciprocity policy of the statesman who saw and said that this same tariff law would "not open the market for a single bushel of wheat." There must be some acrobatic feats performed by those who will be called on to defend both these issues in the campaign speeches. The platform enforses Harrison's administration, after the delegates had cheered themselves hoarse for Blaine, and as the culmination of defiance of the present temper of the people it defends the appropriations of the billion-dollar congress. We are told the republican party is thoroughly united in Iowa and will enter upon the coming campaign with enthusiasm. The harmony that prevailed in yesterday's convention indicates that this is the case, which only shows how absolutely true it is that the party has ceased to be in touch with the people, to understand their needs, or to desire to serve their interests. Going before the agriculturists of the state with the platform they have made, the republicans ought to roll up for Gov. Boies and the rest of the democratic ticket a majority as great as was ever given in that state to any man or ticket.

"THE Problems of Our Second Century" is the taking title of the address with which ex-Senator Ingalls made his debut yesterday as a lecturer. On the proper solution of these problems all will admit depends the well-doing and the very life of our republic, but Mr. Ingalls is not the man to solve them, or to aid in their solution. He has been one of the greatest charlatans that ever posed before the country, and he did not break that record yesterday. Among the platitudes to which he gave utterance was the following:

If all the wealth in the United States were to be equally divided now, in six months there would be some people riding in palace cars, some in buggies, some would be walking and some would be sitting on the fence corners watching the procession go by.

There are many nostrums offered as cure-alls for all existing evils; there are fads without number, and a proportionate number of cranks to advocate them; but there cannot be found any theory of reform so wild that it is based on the proposition that wealth should be equally divided up among people. That people utterly ignorant of the suggested reforms of the day should believe this ridiculous proposition is entertained by any body of men may be excusable. That a man who claims to be studying these problems and remedies, and who stands up to instruct other people should insinuate such doctrines are advocated, is an insult to the common sense of his audience. Mr. Ingalls is at his old trade of jawsmithing.

DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.

The advice Senator Brice gives the democratic national committee is timely. It is none too soon to organize democratic clubs which shall enter upon a campaign of education, such a campaign as will determine next year's political struggle.

The system of clubs is already in working order on the republican side, and whatsoever may be its weaknesses it has at its head a man who will make the most of all its strong points. President Clarkson is just the man for the work before him.

The invitation President Harrison has given for a general meeting of young republicans at Cape May this month is indicative of an effort to arouse and enthuse an element which is conspicuously lacking in the republican party. It has been said that the republican party has come to be a party of old men. That is natural, for it is the party of old ideas. And it is true that if the younger generation of political thinkers be counted, they are almost all democrats. The republican clubs and the flattering attention of republican leaders is meant to change this. This is business, and the wise men of that party are to be commended for seeing it.

But it is a method democrats have no reason to fear to follow. The live issues they offer, and the broad truths they advocate, give them every advantage, if they decide to promptly enter upon a similar aggressive campaign. By all means let us have a systematic organization of democratic clubs the country over. The more the better; and the sooner the work is begun the greater will be the results.

THE Emperor of Germany is having a right royal time on his trip to see his grandmama, but that doesn't excuse our morning neighbor for dropping a stickful of its account of the journey into the proceedings of the Christian Endeavor society's convention, nor, most unkindest cut of all, for allowing Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Iowa, to make a speech of satisfaction welcoming Her Majesty to Holland. If the emperor had taken all those after-dinner drinks he is credited with last evening, the "pied" condition he came out in this morning is perhaps accounted for.

OLIVER T. MORTON is now and then heard from, because he is the son of a man once great, even though that greatness was of the Lucifer order. Oliver T. has been interviewed on Harrison in Indiana, and thinks the president is no stronger than his party. In that case Mr. Harrison must be feeling very weak, and would better sit down than stand up on the pedestal of the candidate.

BEFORE the Iowa republican convention adjourned yesterday afternoon Mrs. J. Ellen Foster mounted the platform and made a speech congratulating the delegates on their ticket and on the good work done. Mrs. Foster's claim to notice rests upon her connection with the "non-partisan" W. C. T. U.

THE Marquis Imperiali, Italian charge d'affaires at Washington, is a guest at the Hotel Porcupine, New York. How appropriate!

CEDAR POINT is going to have a big time on the Fourth, if it did not secure the democratic state convention.

Red Hot for Democracy.

We welcome the Daily Toledo BEE to our sanctum. It is a large, eight paper, full of general news from all parts of the world, and red-hot for tariff reform and union and harmony in democratic ranks so that success may be certain in the next contest.—Tuscarawas County Democrat.

July.

July—Month of American independence, Manassas, Gettysburg and bellicosity in general, give us this year peace, plenty of fruit, less brevity of bathing suit, and no more mid-summer madness than may enable the rusticating wife to believe in the desolation of her city-remaining husband!—N. Y. World.

The Indications.

As a rule Ohio has been a firm republican state. The indications are now, however, that in November the democrats will elect the state ticket and legislature, and this victory will be the precursor of a great presidential triumph next year.—Columbus Post.

Best Judge in Ohio.

If Judge Day is nominated he would be elected, and he would make one of the purest and ablest supreme judges Ohio has ever had. Gale Saltzgaber said in a speech the other day that he was the best common pleas judge in Ohio, and we fully endorse what he said.—Mercer County Standard.

Very Evident.

Some statist cian has figured out that every minute, night and day, the United States collects $6 9 and spends $46. It is evident that the statistician did not make his computations during the life of the billion-dollar congress, else he would have reversed his figures.—Chicago Times.

Lively Campaign Issue.

Congress will ask Supt. Porter some uncomfortable questions next winter. If the census office has been secretly used as an adjunct to the republican nat onal campaign committee there will be a very lively campaign issue raised for '92.—Boston Globe.

Will Join in the Hope.

Secretary Foster has left the treasury and gone fishing, and the country will join in the hope that as the result of his efforts in this direction he will be able to show something better "at a Pinch" than a deficit.—St. Louis Republic.

Work His Jaw.

Farmer (I) Harris, the republican candidate for lieutenant governor, will work his jaw in the shade all through the coming summer and fall, while his less fortunate brothers will work themselves in the boiling sun.—Jackson Herald.

In Fighting Condition.

Since it is a foregone conclusion that Mr. Campbell will be the democratic candidate for governor, that party ought to put itself in fighting position by standing stiff on its feet.—Cincinnati Post.

Waterson Does Not Like Water.

The foreign pauper who is trying to sell his rain machine to Mr. McKinley's constituents should be driven out by the troops.—Courier Journal.

Making a Mistake.

It is too bad that Mr. Neal is hurting his future chances. He is a good democrat and an able tariff reform advocate, but he is making a mistake.—Youngstown Vindicator.

Tersely Put.

The McKinley bill is a mockery and a sad delusion. It is an invention of monopolists to catch suckers.—Holmes County Farmer.

Purity in Politics.

Governor Campbell represents purity in politics.—Wayne County Democratic.

BRIEF CHAPTER ON TIN.

A Bee Gains Some Information of Interest

At the Breckenridge Tin Can Factory.

Heavy Stocks Laid In—Prices Have Increased—Profits Cut Down—The McKinley Bill Not the Blessing Intended.

The new tariff on tin plate under the McKinley act went into effect yesterday, and an investigation among local dealers will illustrate to the satisfaction of any inquiring mind the value of the alleged blessing which Mr. McKinley has bestowed upon his country. Not only has the fact been revealed that tinware has been advanced in price, but the fact has also been shown that the circumstances attendant upon the imposing of this increased tariff, precludes the idea of any advance in wages of the workers. The protective tariff, of course, is levied in the interests of the working class. So it is claimed.

Yesterday afternoon a BEE visited the large tin factory of E. P. Breckenridge & Co., on Superior street, and Mr. Breckenridge, the genial proprietor, submitted to a brief interview on the subject.

"What effect will the new tariff have on the price of tinware, Mr. Breckenridge?" was asked.

"The price has advanced somewhat," was the reply, "but of course the increased tariff was expected and the price began advancing fully a year ago, so that now there will be no serious disturbance in our business owing to the fact that the prices have reached that stage which is the limit of the increased tariff."

"What is the advance on tin over a year ago?"

"Well, I should say it would average 75 cents a box. We use here about 50,000 boxes a year, so you will see that the increased price is considerable on the whole."

"Of course you are obliged, Mr. Breckenridge, to charge increased rates for your ware?"

"Well, no, not very much, for this reason: The manufacturer like myself and the retailer divide the loss entailed by the advance. For instance, here is a baking powder can which we sold a year ago at $18 a thousand, to-day it is $20 a thousand. The increase does not come entirely from the advance in the price of tin, but we sell at a closer margin and the baking powder manufacturers sell at a lower profit, and in this way we are able to place the goods on the market at very near old prices."

"How does it effect wages?"

"Well, under our system, we do not know that the bill will effect it very much. We hire foremen under contract and they employ their own help. For instance, our second floor has a foreman whom we employ for so much a month, and he employs his own help, so we really cannot tell you if wages will change either for the better or worse in consequence."

It will be evident, however, to a casual observer that a decrease in wages must be the result of the advanced price of the raw material. It is only a matter of time when manufacturers like Mr. Breckenridge will feel the loss entailed by the advance.

Mr. Breckenridge was asked as to the supply of tin in this country. He replied:

"Prior to the passage of the McKinley bill large contracts for tin were made in England. Since that time importers have been laying in unusually large stocks of tin plate, and have been preparing for the advance in price by gradually increasing it prior to the law going into effect."

"How many boxes of tin plate do you use a day, Mr. Breckenridge?"

"Well, we average 250, and two months ago we had on hand fully 50,000 boxes of tin. At the rate I mention, however, this disappears quickly."

"Do you expect to pay more for your tin hereafter?

"Already it has advanced and is advancing some, but we have no fear of any sudden jump in price for the reason I have stated to you. The importers and manufacturers have been preparing and have prevented what might have been a panic in this particular business."

Local dealers and manufacturers give similar evidence, and it does not need a diagram to illustrate to the average workingman that the bill of the gentleman who has been nominated by the republican party for governor of Ohio has not a tendency to increase wages, or reduce the cost of the toilers' dinner pail.

SUCCESSFUL BENEFIT

Given at the People's Theater for St. Vincent's Orphanage.

The benefit entertainment for St. Vincent's orphange, which was repeated at the People's theater last evening, scored another great success. The theater was nearly filled with an appreciative audience. The splendid program which was carried out without a hitch, consisted of local solos by Miss Nellie Goodwin, Miss Bessie Doolittle and Mr. J. B. Poulin; piano solos by Miss Fannie Farrar; trio by Miss Annie Meilink, Miss Nellie Brady and Mr. J. B. Poulin; exercises by children of the orphanage, recitations by Mrs. Grace Duffie Roe, and three selections by Mathias' orchestra. Miss Josie McLyman acted as accompanist.

Miss Grace Duffie Roe, is a visitor in the city, and she proved herself to be an elocutionist of rare ability. All of the numbers were of an exceptionally high character, and won much applause.

No Malcontents.

After the democratic state ticket is named there will not be many malcontents in the party in Ohio. No party ever nominated a candidate for office without having a few people dissatisfied.—Coshocton Democrat.

Sherman's Preferences.

As between Joseph Benson Foraker and a democrat for United States senator from Ohio it is intimated that Mr. Sherman favors the present republican incumbent from that state.—Kansas City Star.

A Good Witness.

Farmer Harris claimed that he raided on the edge of Eaton. We think that the running of a tape line would show his lawn residence to be very centrally located in the city.—Eaton Democrat.

United Democracy.

We have never known the democratic voters of Ohio so united for one man as they are to-day for Campbell, unless it was for Cleveland in 1888.—Steubenville Gazette.

The Kind Meant.

Republican editors say tin will carry McKinley through. They doubtless mean the kind usually put in quotation marks.—Wheeling Register.

A Hen On.

The cry of the Pennsylvania republicans is "Purify or Perish." Ohio whispers back, "Hush, there's a hen on."—Canton News Democrat.

The Size of It.

The surplus has moved out and a party by the name of deficit has moved in.—Cleveland Press.

Their Condition Wretched.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—W. E. Sims, a consul at Colon, writes to the state department that the condition of American laborers in Central and South America is very wretched. The pay for labor is very poor and Americans cannot live on it. He expresses the hope that the emigration of laborers from the United States will be stopped, as there is no room for them and death alone awaits them there.

Contraband Tobacco.

LONDON, July 1.—Five second cabin passengers on the steamer City of Paris have been fined at Liverpool for having contraband tobacco in their possession.

A woman had a quantity of tobacco concealed in her bustle.

Destroyed by Fire.

PARIS, July 2.—Fifteen houses were destroyed by fire yesterday at Chatillon, northwest of Paris. Several persons were

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

Meeting Called for To-morrow Afternoon to Decide When It Shall be Held.

Secretary Van Fleet last evening sent out notice to the members of the Lucas county Democratic Central Committee calling a meeting for to-morrow afternoon at his office, 63 Produce Exchange, for the purpose of fixing the time for holding the election for delegates to the State convention. A full attendance is earnestly requested. A list of the committeemen is printed for the benefit of those interested:

First ward—M. M. Eppstein.
Second ward—Charles W. Murphy.
Third ward—Robert J. Wallace.
Fourth ward—Joseph Staub.
Fifth ward—J. M. Stanton.
Sixth ward—Willam Wilbur.
Seventh ward—Louis A. Young.
Eighth ward—Arlon E. Wilson.
Ninth ward—Peter Lynch.
Maumee—First ward, J. Church; Second, Peter Dennis; Third, W. C. Hull.
Adams township—C. R. Bowen.
Monclova—F. T. Van Fleet.
Oregon—P. G. Garragher.
Providence—Chas Roach.
Richfield—J. D. Latrop.
Spencer—George Sharpless.
Springfield—Jacob Norris.
Swanton—Julius Allman.
Sylvania—Foster R. Warren.
Washington—C. R. Swain.
Waynesfield—J. W. Walcott.
Waterville—J. T. Van Fleet.
Whitehouse—Charles King.

GOSSIP FROM NORWALK.

Farmers' Convention to Be Held July 25.

They Will Nominate County Officers and Setect Delegates to the State Convention.

NORWALK, July 2.—(Special)—The fourth party, or Farmers' alliance and people's party, has issued a call for a county convention to meet at Monroeville July 25, to nominate county officers, and to elect delegates to the state convention at Springfield.

Mr. James G. Gibbs will soon issue a new city directory of Norwalk, the material for which is now being gathered.

The number of males in Huron county over 21 years of age is 8,516.

Mrs. Cowan, wife of Ira Cowan, engineer on the Wheeling & Lake Erie road, died yesterday. The remains were taken to-day to her former home at Leesville, O. Mr. and Mrs. Cowan were only married nine months. She died of consumption, superinduced by the grip.

The remains of Theo. G. Bishop, who was drowned at Kansas City Sunday while bathing, were brought to Norwalk yesterday for burial.

Mr. J. A. Baldwin, of Benton Harbor, Mich., is visiting with his uncle, Mr. Moses Hall, in this city. The two had not seen each other for 25 years.

Ed Millin was fined $10 and costs yesterday for furnishing liquor to a person who is in the habit of getting intoxicated.

D. E. Snedd, proprietor of an East Norwalk stone quarry, was fined yesterday for violating the tire ordinance.

Rev. Dr. Hildreth, of this city, has been unanimously invited by the pastor and officers of the Lorain street M. E. church, Cleveland, to occupy the pulpit this summer in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Huddleston, who goes to Alaska and the Pacific coast for his summer vacation. This is the church of which Dr. Hildreth was pastor when he was acquitted of the charges brought against him by Rev. R. S. Pope and others. This action shows that Dr. Hildreth's friends have confidence in him.

Frank Curner, convicted of robbing Mrs. Kneefler of jewelry, etc., was taken to the pen this morning for one year.

Leo Feyer was taken this morning to the Reform farm.

THE POLICE BOARD.

Regular Session Last Night—Matters Attended To.

The police board met last evening, all members being present but Mr. Potter, who is in the east.

The usual schedule of monthly bills and the pay roll were submitted and approved.

A resolution adopted by the council instructing the chief of police to arrest the proprietor of the fire works store on Summit street, for conducting the business without obtaining the necessary license, was read. After some discussion it developed that Mr. Curtis, the general manager, is a resident of Toledo, therefore exempt from the tax.

The matter will be submitted to Prosecutor Wheeler.

Complaint against Officer Krout, was filed by Charles Schaefer, charging the officer with insulting him, several weeks ago when he was arrested.

The health officer filed his first report.

It included a new departure in the way of a surgeon's certificate to be filled out on the examination of applicants for position on the force. If the system is adopted it involves a most rigid examination of the applicant's anatomy.

The report also called attention to the lack of hospital facilities for contagious afflictions. It also advised the construction of pest houses by way of precaution. The report was referred to the city council for prompt action.

The chief of police reported 285 arrests in city cases and 64 in state cases, a total of 349, for the month of May.

THE AIR WAS BLUE

For a Time on St. Clair Street This Morning.

Between Contractor Streicher's Men and the Consolidated Street Car Force—All is Peace at Present.

What came near being a riot occurred on St. Clair street, near Adams, at 7 o'clock this morning. There has existed for several days a bitter quarrel between the street car men and the pavers at work on the St. Clair street paving.

Contractor Streicher's men claim that the running of cars on both tracks is obstructing the work, and yesterday and to-day the pavers piled up paving stones on one of the tracks so as to obstruct the track.

This morning matters reached a crisis when the pavers began piling up large blocks of stone on one of the tracks.

The street car company sent a body of men, and as fast as the pavers placed the blocks on the track the street car men threw them off. Picks, shovels and other implements were being used when a squad of police arrived.

No one was injured and no arrests were made although it required the presence of the police for sometime to pacify the men.

This morning Engineer Wickenden, Manager Lang and Mr. Streicher got together and discussed matters, and an agreement was reached whereby the trouble for the present is ended.

OFF FOR COLUMBUS.

Sheriff Stuart and Posse Take the Prisoners to the Pen—Munger's Long Trip.

Sheriff Stuart, accompanied by Deputy C. E. Tual, and Mat Corrigan, guard at the penitentiary, took the prisoners convicted during the recent term of criminal court, to Columbus this morning. They were: Charles Munger, for life; Arthur Reiter, burglary and larceny, one year; John Williams, burglary and larceny, three years; David Black, attempted burglary, two years; J. B. McCartney, forgery, nine years.

The guards were Charles Herrsig, Frank C. Tanner and Edward Umbehaun.

Munger is the second man sent from this county for life.

Ocean Marine.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Arrived: Steamer Rotterdam from Amsterdam.

POLITICS UP IN HENRY.

Deshler Has a New System of Water Works.

Napoleon's Coming Election to Be Exciting.

The Trip of Two Defiance Boys Who Wanted to See the World in All Its Brilliancy.

NAPOLEON, O., July 2.—(Special)—Deshler, of this county, is exceedingly proud of its miniature system of water works. A half dozen of her enterprising citizens have sunk a 100-foot well and obtained an excellent flow of water.

A large tank, stand pipe shape, has been erected, which is kept filled by means of a powerful windmill. Thus these citizens enjoy water works and the town escapes a jangle that characterizes the broaching of water works in neighboring towns—Napoleon, for instance.

The water works question here is floating on a sea of trouble that, if nothing else is the outcome, will create more dissension and enemies than years of contrition will overcome.

Before the ordinance was passed by the council to submit the question to the electors, there could hardly be found a half dozen men in the town who opposed the project.

Now, public opinion seems to have entirely swerved and a search is necessary to unearth an unequivocal supporter of waterworks. Many want the improvement but their "ifs" and provisos are so numerous that they should be tagged in order not to leave any by the wayside when a recitation is once entered upon.

The town is so situated that it will be very difficult to put a main on every street especially if there is any prospect that the works will not be utilized along such route.

Then, if a main is not placed in every street in the corporation, those antagonistic to the move, claim that under a recent decision of the supreme court the project cannot be classed with public improvements, and to issue bonds under such conditions would be illegal. One thing is certain: the town could never live up with the supreme court's definition of "public improvements" in this respect and construct the works under twice the sum as that stipulated in the ordinance, viz. $40,000.

The election that will either put in the plant or forever bury the subject will be held the 30th of this month and if ever the corporation has had an exciting if not bitter, though still non-partisan, fight, this will be one.

The Morrison R. Waite Lodge, K. of P., has just finished and moved into their elegant new quarters which have been fitted up in an elaborate style that rivals any in the state. Among other new articles of furniture an $800 piano and $300 brussels carpet for the hall. The new quarters will be dedicated the 16th inst., when fully 500 are expected to participate.

A bicycle club has been organized here consisting of eight members with four more to join as soon as machines arrive.

George and Bert Hollingshead, two youths of Defiance, aged 12 and 10 years, boarded a freight train yesterday with the intention of beating their way to Napoleon. The train failed to stop here, being a through freight, and carried them to Toledo. Arriving in the city they were so overwhelmed with the roar of a truly busy city that they unceremoniously dug out for Napoleon, actually traveling the whole distance, 36 miles, in the heat of the day, in their bare feet and without any food. They were completely played out and required a day's rest before they could be sent home.

Gideon Brey, of Napoleon township, an old pioneer and good democrat, who came to this country just 50 years ago, was buried yesterday afternoon. He was one of the substantial and well-to-do farmers of Henry county and probably did as much hard work towards making the county what it is as any man in the county.

The quadrennial enumeration of the assessors gives Henry county 6,187 votes.

Mrs. Jim Hurd, nee Alma Richards, a former Napoleon girl, now of Holgate, visited City Clerk Jackson and family the past week, returning Saturday.

Mr. A. H. Peery, of McClure, spent the latter part of last and fore part of this week in Napoleon looking up his business interests here.

Mrs. Chas. Yetter, sister of County Treasurer Groll, has received a pension of $12 per month, and each of her three children $3. She received some $500 back pay.

All for Campbell.

"They are all for Campbell in Henry county," remarked Hon. J. V. Cuff to the BEE correspondent this morning, "and the very best of harmony prevails among the democrats here and in the other townships.

"I have watched with great interest this fight, and feel more confident that James Campbell will be nominated than ever before.

"He has made an excellent record, and while his enemies are openly opposing his nomination they are doing it in such a way that gives them some credit. I mean by this that they do not hang back, but come out and proclaim their opposition.

"This shows that they are men of good sound sense, and it also means that they have brains enough to fall in line for Campbell after he is nominated, which is certain.

"Two years ago, when Gov. Campbell was nominated, I went down to Dayton a pronounced Neal man and did all that could be done for him. We met defeat, however, and Gov. Campbell was nominated and elected.

"Now after the nomination I did not oppose Mr. Campbell, but to the contrary pulled off my coat and worked for his election. Taking all in all, you will find many men who now oppose Mr. Campbell will after his nomination come gallantly to the front and give him their support.

"Gov. Campbell went into the fight two years ago and won. The campaign and canvass he made alone entitles him to the renomination, and if this is done his election is an assured thing.

"The men who wore the McKinley tin plate badge at Columbus two weeks ago will not all vote for that individual. The farmers won't vote for him; and why? Simply because they cannot see wherein there is one feature in his bill that reduces their tax. There is one thing quite evident, and which all will have to admit, that when the farmer's pocketbook is touched they lose all their regard for politics and throw aside the party harness forever.

"Therefore the reason I think Gov. Campbell will defeat McKinley is the fact that the republican farmers are largely in the majority in Ohio, and as the bill has done them great harm, they will as a natural consequence vote for Campbell.

Have Stood by the Farmers.

"Gov. Campbell and the democratic legislature have granted every request the farmers' have asked, so there need be no fear of opposition from them. During the past few weeks, or in fact since the nomination of McKinley, I have talked with many republicans on the coming contest. While they favor McKinley, still they express themselves in such a way which leads one to believe that there is something back of their remarks and that they will vote entirely the other way.

"McKinley has improved all of his opportunities, but he is ten years behind the times. In fact, he is a back number with the date bitten off. He has stolen democratic ideas in a certain measure, the reduction of the tariff on sugar, for instance.

Neal Should Retire.

"Relative to Larry Neal, I am of the opinion that he would do well to retire and instead of prolonging this war step to the front and favor Campbell. There is not the slightest evidence which leads me to believe that he can be nominated and I see of no reason for him to continue in the race. Let him decline and come before the convention and nominate Gov. Campbell.

"That is what I call true democracy and if done will secure for him many followers who will do him honor in the future.

"Neal is a tariff reformer and for this reason many claim he is entitled to the nomination. If this is the case Hon. Frank Hurd, who suffered defeat for his convictions, is also deserving of recognition. I say and shall continue to say, that Gov. Campbell should have the renomination, and if this is done he will be elected beyond a doubt.

"Oh, yes; there is no question about McKinley being much weaker in Henry county than Foraker was two years ago.

"Yes, I am more than confident of a democratic victory this fall and have my reasons, too.

"The one which is probably the most plausable is the adoption of the Australian ballot. It means a gigantic falling off in the republican party and a clear, clean, unadulterated victory for the democracy. There will be no herding of votes by republican manufacturers and among their men, but everybody will have a chance to cast a free, independent ballot. The manufacturers who have dictated to their men in the past will find a difference this fall, and the men who have been held down by the their employers will break away from the chains and demand a change with their ballots. This, together with McKinley's damnable bill means a democratic victory."

Few for Neal.

"There are a very few in this county who favor Neal for governor," remarked County Clerk D. C. Brown yesterday. "I am in favor of Gov. Campbell, regardless of anyone whom the democrats may mention. He has made a first-class record; is sincere in all his actions, and made errors, of course, through the influence of distinguished men in the party.

"The better element, as a rule, favor him, and you will find that he has a stronger following. This talk about Neal having a majority of the delegates is all bosh, and it is the heighth of folly to even listen to such nonsense.

"The course pursued by the Neal men in bringing their candidate out should defeat them, if nothing more. They have resorted to everything imaginable and still keep it up, never, I suppose, thinking of the consequences. They went so far as to send out circulars announcing that the farmers of Northwestern Ohio were in favor of Neal, which is not true. Another affair they have made capital out of was the squabble in the Democratic convention at Defiance.

"They have given it out that Hon. W. D. Hill mixed in the fight and bitterly opposed Gov. Campell, when the real truth is that County Auditor W. T. Hill was the man, and not Hon. W. D. Hill. McKinley will have fewer votes in Henry county than Foraker had two years ago and to say that he will be badly beaten would only be pressing the button gently."

"I have never known a time in the history of Henry county when the prospects for large crops were brighter," said County Commissioner Sagers last evening. "Reports from the various townships in this county are to the effect that the farm produce of every description is in excellent shape and good results will of course follow.

"There is an abundance of small fruit, something that has been short in this county for several years past, but the apple crop will be light. The farmers are actively at work harvesting, and some of the merchants will feel the effects of their labors.

"Politics, eh? We all have our fighting breeches on down here and are prepared for the coming contest. No, McKinley will not capture the farmers' vote, and it is impossible to tell who they will vote for."

GOSSIP FROM BRYAN.

Personal Mention—Bryan to Sink a Well.

BRYAN, O., July 2.—(Special)—Mrs George Parcher and two children are visiting relatives and friends in Richland county, this state.

Mrs W W Darby and daughter Helen visited Mrs D's parents at Butler, Ind., the first of this week.

Mrs George M Thayer was in Butler, Indiana, Tuesday.

M M Slattox was in Edgerton yesterday.

Miss Delia Brace, of Elkhart, Ind, is visiting her brother and other friends here.

Will White, of Savannah, O, is visiting relatives and friends in Williams county. Mr White is introducing a chart on physiology. He is principal of the school in Savannah.

Bryan will not celebrate the 4th this year, but her people will visit Stryker, Edgerton, Toledo, and other places near by.

The county officers have nearly all moved into the new court house.

F O Fallis is up from Toledo this week.

Alex Fisher is about to bore for gas or oil on Eaton property, just west of the Lake Shore depot. Alex is not willing to give up that a good supply of gas or oil is not to be found in the vicinity surrounding Bryan.

A new roof of slate is being put on the Lake Shore depot.

NORTH BALTIMORE NEWS.

Doings in Oil and Other Matters.

A Newsy Special Gathered by a Bee Who Always Finds the Sweets.

NORTH BATIMORE, O., July 2.—(Special)—Rufus Swinehart, son of A. F. Swinehart, contractor and builder, of this city, fell from a building yesterday and received severe injuries about the head.

The new M. E. church will be dedicated on the 12th instant. Arrangements are being made for the event. It is one of the finest church edifices in northern Ohio and is an ornament to the city. Rev. Pershong, of Pennsylvania, will officiate at the dedication.

Rev. M. DeWitt Long, of Bloomville, has accepted the call from the Presbyterian church of this place, and will enter upon his new charge in a short time.

Word has just been received that Jacob Apple, residing near Bloom Center, this county, was killed by the cars two miles from Oil Center. He attempted to cross the C. T. & C. road with a team and wagon in front of an approaching train, and was caught on the crossing. The team escaped injury, but the wagon was demolished, and Mr. Apple was badly injured. He was taken to Cygnet where he died shortly afterwards. He leaves a family at Bloom Center.

The foundation for the new furniture factory is being put down. The building will be a brick structure, costing $12,000. It is to be finished and ready for the furniture plant to commence operations by the first of December.

The Free Methodists of this city are building a church. It is now up and under roof. It will be quite a fine edifice when finished.

A new gas well has been drilled in at Dunkirk, Hancock county, and is known as the Higgins well. The flow is 1,500,000 feet per day.

An oiler has been drilled in at Dunkirk, Hancock county, and is a 20-barrel producer.

L. D. Langsmade, of this city, is largely engaged in the oil business at Bowling Green, and is drilling in wells, having land in that vicinity. Mr. Langsmade is also sinking wells about four miles south of here in a good oil district.

The Standard drilled a well on Hugh McMurray's farm, four miles south of town. Tuesday the well came in, and is the greatest oil well in the world. The flow is most extraordinary, and is estimated at 9,000 barrels per day. This is the largest flow on record. Great excitement prevails in oil circles, and other wells will be drilled in in that locality. The flow is being confined as much as possible in order to take care of the oil.

Many Good Templars of this city attended the district convention at Arcada last week.

J. T. Bair, a rig builder, was injured a day or two ago in putting up a rig for L. D. Langsmade, south of town. He was struck on the head by a piece of timber falling from the frame work.

The new Free Methodist church was slightly damaged by the wind storm that prevailed Monday during the thunder shower.

E. W. Starns, formerly of this city, has returned from the south where he has been resting for some time.

Rev. Tharp, of Adrian, Mich., is in the city visiting relatives.

The salary of Postmaster Thomas of this place has been increased $200.

Rev. A. A. Thomas, pastor of the M. E. church of this city, who has been sick for a few weeks, is again able to enjoy the open air, and will soon be able resume his ministerial duties.

Mrs. John Dreffer, Jr., of Covington, Ky., is visiting her parents, Col. and Mrs. Richardson.

The tax-inquisitors are after the bankers of this county, demanding a certified report of the amount of money depositors have in each bank. The cashiers refused to comply with the demand, and prosecution is threatened. Tuesday a meeting of the bank officials of this place and those of the county was held at Bowling Green, and a compact entered into to test the validity of the law.

D. W. Fisher and wife, of Bloomville, were in town this week visiting.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HEAVY DAMAGE SUIT

Resulting from a Fall Down the Madison Elevator.

Defective Machinery Charged—Eight Thousand Dollars the Amount Claimed.

In the common pleas court to-day Sara M. Budlong, of Calhoun county, Michigan, filed suit against Frank J. Scott, proprietor of the Hotel Madison, to recover $8,000 damages for personal injury.

In her petition the plaintiff states that on March 3, 1891, she stepped into the doorway leading to the elevator, supposing the cab was in the proper position to receive her. Instead, by reason of alleged defective machinery the cab had been raised above the entrance, and before she realized her danger she was precipitated to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 15 feet. By reason of the fall, her left arm was broken and she sustained other bruises and injuries, which caused her long and severe sickness and incapacitated her from pursuing her former lucrative business.

WOULD-BE RAPIST

Summarily Dealt With by Judge Sala.

Frank Shaffer, arrested at the Indian show Wednesday by Officers Duffy and Gilroy as being the party who attempted the assault on the person of little Mamie Hayes, aged 6 years, had his hearing in he police court this morning. The little girl told her story in a straight-forward way and identified the man and told how he had coaxed her to sit on his lap until she was frightened and ran out of the room crying for her mother.

The mother identified the man, as did also two girls who saw her chase him for a block or so on Lenk street.

Shaffer claims to have been a painter working around at different places in the city, and denies the charge but had no witnesses, and when called to the stand he could not tell a very straight story. All the evidence taken was very much against Shaffer, and Judge Sala imposed a sentence in accordance with the testimony.

Shaffer is a married man and has been in Toledo for some time. He was fined $50 and costs and given 90 days in the work house.

Ohio Republican Committee.

COLUMBUS, July 2.—The republican state central committee will meet in this city next Wednesday, July 8. An executive committee of seven or nine members will be selected from the following gentlemen: General Asa S. Bushnell, Springfield; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; John L. Locke, Cambridge; Julius Whiting, Jr., Canton; Colonel J. H. Brigham, Fulton county; Ed Wilson, Ironton; C. D. Firestone and R. M. Rowed, Columbus; Dr. J. E. Lowes, Dayton; Dr. J. W. Graydon, Theodore Hortsman and Fred J. Speigel, Cincinnati; J. Kent Hamilton, Toledo. Hon. W. S. Mathews will probably be elected secretary.

CANTON AVENUE PAVE

Protest Against the Accept the Same.

Considerable criticism is be concerning the manner in wh ing on Canton avenue is bein alleged that not only has the been fulfilled, but the work is botch of the worst kind. redited and petition is being circulat property owners on th being largely signed.

To the Honorable Body of

We, the undersigned AND CROQUET. FRONT OF HOTEL test against the accept within two miles of avenue pavements fo of easy access to sons: nes Terms moderate.

1. The work has no WYCK, Manager. cording to contract, s fully demonstrated by at any point we can block of the wood.

2. That instead of si called for by the contra three inches under the b blocks rest. The truth of ment may be readily inspection of the pavement section of John street and Ca

Sarnia, Ont.

GEN. ALGER'S OPINIONS.

General Alger says if Blaine wants the presidential nomination he can have it. He thinks Cleveland has the democratic pull.—Ft. Wayne Sentinel.

The conclusion which Gen. Alger reaches is that, if

BABY A SOLID SCAB

Torturing Disease of Blood and Skin. Many Doctors Fail. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

I have a sister troubled with blood or skin disease. It commenced when about one year old We would try one doctor and then another, and seemed like they were glad to get rid of it. en they would commence they would say it ay dried up and cured, but at last they say it could not be cured. It ran on two years. We had tried all the doctors and they had failed. I saw your adver- in the paper and wrote you for direc- you sent me a copy of your book at then got CUTICURA REMEDIES and dried up the sores and healed them way Her face, head and part of her a solid scab. The way it would com- would raise a small lump under the became a small pimple and itched so no rest night or day, and she would and yellow matter would come and they would keep spreading am sure from what I know of the CUTICURA REMEDIES they are the best medicines the blood or skin diseases that any GEORGE G GARTON, Duluth Point, Decatur Co., Iowa.

Cura Remedies

testimonials tell the story of ering, of mental anguish, by ting disfigurations, and of CUTICURA, the greatest Skin and Humor Remedies the

When the fir happily and speedily ended ing stars and the the new Blood and Skin the various hemi cleanse the blood of all city pulled themse impurities and elements), and CUTI- first sleepy morning CURA SOAP, and Beautifier, exter- Endeavor delegate nally, and scalp, and restore aroused themselves disease and humor of the ective ways to the loss of hair, from ing at 8:15 o'clock t pimples to scrofula, when hospitals, and all other

The service, whic Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; Gould, of Elyria, after which the Lord Prepared by the Potter responsively. Afte Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston. several short pra "How to Cure Skin Diseases," audience sang a and 100 testimonials. Rev. F. A. Gould RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME! and made some The audience s am trusting, I or sixty s minute the Cuticura foll Pain Plaster relieves Rheu- matic, Sciatic, hip, kidney, muscular, and chest pains. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthing plaster.

HOUSE—For rent, brick residence No 322 Broadway, near Union depot; four or five rooms and cellar, all in good order; natural gas and city water; $12 per month. R G Fulton, Oliver house. 197-tf

FORD SILK HATTER

A. FORD

Manufacturer of and dealer in

STIFF AND SILK

HATS!

Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.

Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.

208 Summit Street.

TAIT'S BREAD

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

STORAGE AND GENERAL TRUCKING.

Covered Vans for Furniture!

FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE

Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.

The Moreton Truck and Storage Co.

COTOTURLEY'S

413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

G. A. KIRCHMAIER, Ph. C.

CHEMIST!

Cor. Adams and Huron Sts.

PHONE 608.

RAITZ & LAWRENCE

PLUMBERS!

Gas and Steam Fitters!

Have removed from 325 Adams St., to

631 & 633 St. Clair St.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.

Brewers of Genuine

Pilsener, Export and

LAGER BEER!

TOLEDO, OHIO.

JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

THE KIBLER

Automatic Cistern Cleaner!

This method of cleansing not only saves the waste of water and expense of pumping out, but by the same process it purifies the water by filling it with air.

Leave orders with

JAC. HARBAUER & CO.

539 BEACON ST.

Don't Get It Into Your Head

when you go by

MERRELL BROS.,

At the corner of Monroe and Huron,

that they handle nothing but old traps.

If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.

These are the finest in the land but they have been at all prices.

And the band will play
On the balcony,
And the people will say
As well as they may,
Verily, merrily,
More and more
It pays to trade
At WHEELER'S Shoe Store.
837 Summit Street.

C. H. MOORE

Manufacturer of

EDGE TOOLS!

AXES, KNIVES, MOULDING BITS, &c.

Tools Made to Order! Tools Repaired! Tools Ground!

No. 6 ST. CLAIR ST.

JACOB GOGEL,

HORSE SHOEING

Wagon and Carriage Building and Repairing at Reasonable Prices.

340 SOUTH ERIE ST., COR. KRAUS.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL

Broadway and Prince St., New York.

Under new management, on the

EUROPEAN PLAN

Thoroughly renovated; in complete order. Restaurant equal to the best in the city. Rooms $1.00 per day and upward.

HILDRETH & ALLEN

DR. OTTO SASSE

Formerly assistant physician in Prof. Krause Klinik at Berlin.

433 Huron Street.

OFFICE HOURS—9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 3 p. m. Sunday, 12 to 1. Formerly Dr. Evans dental office. Residence, 1829 Collingwood avenue. Telephone 139.

PICTURE FRAMES

AND ENLARGING.

Especially of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

F. A. MOHR,

816 OAK ST., NEAR 8TH ST.

KENNACK SANDS.

On Kennack Sands the sun
Shines, and the warm wind blows,
Moulding the banks anew
Where the sea-holly grows.
Waters softly hiss,
And exquisitely clear,
Meet the o'er arching sky:
O'er them the sweet sirs run.
There may'st thou idly lie
And still find new delights,
Watching the gulls' white flights
Above that lonely place;
Listen by hours, nor hear
A single human sound
To spoil the free, profound,
Aerial quietness.
But when thou'rt gone, the night
On Kennack comes, and soon
Lovely beyond dreams
Arises the round moon:
In whose trembling light
The rough splendor gleams
Of the crested sea.
Ah! couldst thou there then be!
But mortal ears can hear not
What those pale sands hear then;
Sounds not of mortal birth,
Laughter and dance, and mirth
Of the golden-haired sea fairies,
Mermaidens and mermen.
On days when I have lost
My peace, and when my heart
Beats faster than it should,
Some chance sight will start
Pilgrim memory's feet.
Back she flies; and sweet
Kennack's lonely coast
Spreads before my mind.
The sea sound calms my blood;
Fresh blows the cool sea wind,
And murmurs in my ear:
Peace hath left thee awhile,
But to delight her here.

—The Academy.

BEESWAX.

Sea water is heavier than fresh water because of the salt dissolved in it.

A banyan tree covering between six and seven acres has been discovered on Lord Howe's island, Australia.

Henry Clews has a bathroom that cost $4,000. The walls, floor, bath, in fact every part of the room, is of onyx.

The first coffee plant, which was the parent of all those now in the West Indies, was planted by Desclieux in 1720.

At least one hundred thousands persons have taken passage from New York for Europe since the beginning of May.

Silk furnishes the largest continuous fibre known. One cocoon has been known to yield nearly three-fourths of a mile.

In a London electric-lighting plant the dynamo ran without rest for twenty-seven days and seventeen and three-quarter hours.

Chinese workmen who labor at the looms making matting consider themselves lucky if they earn 5 cents a day by hard work.

Uncle Sam supplies pillows and mattresses for the Indians to recline on. They are furnished to the Indian office by a Chicago house.

Experiments at the McGill university, Montreal, show that a signal may be flashed through the round circuit of 8,000 miles of ocean cable in the average time of only 1.05 seconds.

A philological statistician calculates that in the year 2000 there will be 1,700,000,000 people who speak English, and that the other European languages will be spoken by only 500,000,000 people.

The word "state" was first officially used May 15, 1776, when Mr. Archibald Cary reported to the Virginia convention, then in session at Williamsburg, the famous resolution "to declare the United Colonies free and independent states."

Senator George, of Mississippi, is 65 years of age, and he has been a member of the senate for ten years. He was a brigadier-general in the confederate army, and after the war was chief justice of the supreme court of Mississippi.

An aged couple have just returned to Connecticut after an absence of 53 years. It took them, in 1838, to go from Glastonburg to their new western home in Illinois, three weeks and two days. They have come back in one day and two nights.

A lad in the employ of a London butcher while crossing London bridge Thursday morning, found a small leather bag containing $150,000 in bank notes. The lad placed the property in his employer's hands to be restored to the rightful owner.

It is reported from Colorado that two miners have found the famous "lost vein," for which prospectors have been searching for years. It consists of a 6 inch streak of almost solid silver, estimated to run from $15,000 to $25,000 in value per ton.

When the mosque of St. Sophia, in Constantinople, was built, more than one thousand years ago, the stone and brick were laid in mortar and mixed with a solution of musk, and the building, it is said, has been infected with the odor ever since.

The only proper way to keep a gun barrel in good order is to wash it out with boiling hot water, dry with linen swabs and oil with vaseline or cylinder oil every time it is used. It should never be laid aside unattended to for a day or two after firing.

In England, 56 years ago, a couple who were engaged to be married had a quarrel, and the engagement was broken off. They got other partners, but death rendered them single again, and now they have made up and married. She is 77 and he is one year younger.

Garfield was the first Knight Templar ever elected president. Fillmore, on the other hand, was wafted into the state legislature from Erie county, N. Y., as an anti-mason, during the excitement that resulted from the abduction and murder of William Morgan.

In the town of Kallies, Pomerania, a great potato country, the entire population between 3,000 and 4,000 shut up their houses, leave the keys with the mayor and scatter all over Pomerania to the potato harvest, leaving the mayor and bellringer alone in the charge of the town.

A 10-year-old boy in an Arkansas town has been detected in stealing letters from a postoffice box by means of a string and a grasshopper. The grasshopper was tied to the string and let down into the box through the aperture. When the insect got a letter in its pinches he hauled it up and took the letter.

The game of billiards was invented in 1560 by a pawnbroker by the name of Wm. Kew, in London, who was in the habit of taking down every night the three balls which hung before his shop, and to push them about with his wooden yard measure on his counter. Hence the name billyards, which is a corruption of Bill's yard.

It seems that the most powerful microscope at present in use will render visible an object the diameter of which is the one sixteenth-thousandth of a millimetre—a millimetre equals 0.03937 inch. With the improved lenses, it is calculated, microscopists will be able to discern an object whose diameter is not greater than the one-eighth-millionth of a millimetre.

Reuben Field, of Fayetteville, Ky., is said to be a great mathematician. He is 40 years old, has had no schooling, can not read nor write and can not tell one figure from another, yet with lightning-like rapidity can solve the most difficult problems, either in simple or compound fractions. He has not yet had a problem he could not solve; can add up a column of figures as fast as they can be called.

A man in Walla, Walla, Wash., says that he sees no prospect of solving the problem of practical aerial navagation without the use of birds. He proposes that a light bamboo car be built and to this be attached one hundred geese or ducks which have been previously trained to fly in one direction. He estimates that these will be able to carry the car and a man weighinging 156 pounds.

A naval officer, speaking of the hardship of being separated from his wife and family during long cruises, says: "So harassing is this that I have known several officers and their wives who refused to be separated by these harassing official exigencies. I have one faithful wife in particular in mind, who, when her husband sailed on exactly the same cruise I was going on, took passage on the next steamer for Europe, intercepted him at the second port the United States vessel touched at, spent a couple of days with him, again took the passenger line when his vessel was ordered away, coming up with him at Mediterranean port, and in this tireless way bore him company from point to point around the globe."

The vice-president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, who, with a party, has been making a tour of exploration of West Virginia, says they were astonished at the primitive country they traveled through, and tells some remarkable stories of the great forests and huge trees they saw, which will require more than 100 years to be cleared up and the timber placed in the market. Almost all of Webster, Nicholas, Greenbrier and Pocahontas counties is a dense virgin forest, and the huge, valuable building and furniture timber trees are so close together that a man may stand between two and give a blow of an ax to one on his right and then another on his left without moving. They saw whole houses built of the finest cherry logs, and they saw stables and rail fences made of white oak, quarter oak and cherry.

THE WORLD OF TOILERS.

What They Are Doing at Home and Abroad.

New Officers in Joan of Arc Assembly.

Carpenters Install Officers — Brewers' Trouble Settled—Concerning the Barbers—Other Mention.

THE BEE is the only daily in Toledo which hasn't told exactly what was done at the secret meeting of the Knights of Labor in Columbus last Sunday. The BEE did not tell because it did not know, and does not make a practice of foisting guesswork upon its readers and calling it news. What was done in that meeting is known only to those who attended it. One who was there assures the BEE that not one word that has been printed in any paper in Toledo as to the purpose, conduct or decisions of that meeting is true. The BEE does not get left on the news, nor fooled on it, either.

The New York Journal of Commerce says: There will come a day when that minority of people which inaugurates and encourages strikes will be compelled to relinquish this pastime for the good of all concerned. Even now the rank and file of the trade organizations are heartily sick of the business.

This insinuation that strikes are undertaken for the fun of the thing, and that labor organizations are meekly led into them by a few individuals, is not borne out by the facts. The trade organizations would be better understood if they were able to work more openly than they do, but he is a very superficial observer of events who does not know they aim to settle differences and to avoid the last resort of a cessation of work whenever it is possible to do so. A strike with an organization back of it is more formidable than one undertaken without discipline or premeditation. But for every strike a labor organization conducts there are a dozen occasions where organizations settle difficulties without strikes.

Boston is about to arrange for a free place of public meeting for workingmen. The city council has the matter under advisement now. This is objectionable class legislation. Workingmen do not and should not ask for special legislation. Let the meeting hall be provided, but let it be open to all citizens, without regard to class, color, sex or previous condition of servitude.—National Advance.

Thus does Brother Robert Schilling put himself on record as opposed to the most pernicious and dangerous evil of our day, special legislation. Yet he drew up the platform adopted at Cincinnati, and is secretary of the national committee of the People's party, thus, by word and deed, endorsing and supporting the sub-treasury scheme. Oh, Robert, where is your consistency?

MEMBERS of labor organizations find The Unionist "mighty interesting reading" these days. No. 63 seems to have had an editorial and reportorial staff in its midst all unbeknownst to itself. Thus does an emergency develop unsuspected genius.

BERRY picking is taking great numbers of young women from city employment just now. Later comes the peach and grape season, in which they will find work at the islands on the lake.

Joan of Arc Elections.

The regular weekly meeting of Joan of Arc assembly last evening was the occasion for receiving quarterly reports, and the election of officers. The reports showed that two sick sisters had been cared for during the quarter, liberal contributions had been made to the evicted families of the Connellsville coke workers and to other worthy purposes, notwithstanding which there was a good balance in the assembly's treasury with which to continue the good work of the sisters. This local is strong financially, numerically and in the spirit of good fellowship which has always characterized it. The officers elected and appointed were:

M. W.—Mrs. Frank Lewis.
W. F.—Miss Clara Speckhardt.
V. S.—Miss Alida Combs.
W. I. and A.—Miss Josie Skehan.
R. S.—Miss Maggie M. Burt.
F. S.—Miss Mary Myers.
Treas.—Mrs. A. P. Stevens.
U. K.—Mrs. Marie Welch.
O. S.—Miss Bee Daily.
I. S.—Miss Mary Young.
J.—Miss Kate McLaughlin.
J. A.—Miss Josie Ryan.
Clerk—Mrs. Eliz. Potter.
Trustees—Mrs. Helen Kelly, Misses Combs and Daily.

The basket picnic will come off in the near future.

The Brewers Settle.

The trouble between the brewers and their employers was amicably settled yesterday afternoon. The joint committee from the Central Labor union and from the Brewers' union met with Mr. Lenk yesterday, and the trouble was settled without any difficulty, Mr. Lenk agreeing to live up to the contract as published in the BEE some time ago.

Carpenters Install Officers.

Carpenters' Union No. 25 met last night and installed officers for the ensuing term. Both the English and German Carpenters' union have agreed on pushing the matter of organization so that by the end of the year there will be few if any non-union carpenters in the city. Both unions are thriving, and new members are being initiated at each meeting.

Pavers' Trouble About Settled.

The pavers have about won the battle on the St. Clair street paving. Contractor Streicher this morning sent for Mr. Peters, vice president of the Pavers' union, and requested him to take charge of the work. The result of this will be that the union men will be employed on the work, if an amicable settlement can be arranged today. Work has been suspended temporarily and probably will be continued till Monday, when a full force of union men will go to work on the job.

The Fourth and the Barbers.

No settlement has been reached in the barbers' difficulty, and several of the barbers have decided to run their shops open on the Fourth of July till 1 o'clock, and perhaps all day. The rumors that the men who go out before 1 o'clock on July 4 will be discharged is unfounded, and except a little friction that has been caused by the rumors, friendly relations still exist between employer and employe.

Heroic Working Girls.

I know of no lives so essentially heroic as those of the working girls of our great cities, who have almost nothing on the social side of life, whose very existence is bleak as winter in the Arctic; whose future is made radiant by no star; who, day by day, hour by hour, patiently endure the slow grinding of hopeless poverty; before whose life, dread of want, fear of sickness, and the awful blackness of the Potter's field, hang a perpetual cloud—and yet who, despite all these tragic influences than which nothing is better calculated to crush and destroy, endure their lot uncomplainingly, never swerving from the highway of pure, honest life, though temptations invite at every step.

He who feels the fire of enthusiasm swell in his breast when a life is in peril in a great fire and risks all to save a stranger, or he who, under the intoxicating spell of battle, rushes to death at the cannon's mouth, though brave, knows nothing of that sublime heroism which suffers without hope, which labors patiently on starvation wages, endures the steady strain on body, brain, and soul, and spurns all temptations, illustrating how strong is woman's honor, how deep-rooted in chastity is the every fibre of her being.

Much is written about reducing the time of man's daily work from ten to eight and nine hours, and this is well, but how little is written or spoken about the hours of woman's work. Though she labors for less than one-half as much as man receives, she is compelled to work ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen, and in very busy times frequently even longer. Legislatures which are yearly enacting numerous unjust and uncalled for laws, to please classes from whom in turn favors are expected, and who trim laws to catch votes, take little interest in the wages or conditions of the working women and girls, because they do not vote, and votes weigh far more than the great fundamental principles of justice in the estimation of the ordinary politician. Thus are our working-girls left to the rapacity and greed of men.—The Arena.

Kilkenny Cat Business.

I was in Brooklyn the other day and attended a meeting that had been called to consider the quarrel between the Knights of Labor and the American Federation of Labor over a strike of boiler makers in a ship yard in South Brooklyn. The members of the Knights and the Federation are fighting each other bitterly and one will not concede a point to the other. As I listened to the account of the trouble I could not help but think that the cause of labor was being injured by this constant warfare between the leaders of those two organizations.

Nothing can be gained when one body of men is pulling one way and the other another. In time the laboring people of the country will have their eyes opened and will see that they can only gain what they are striving for by combined action. All of the laboring people of the country should be united in one great organization and then something can be accomplished. The great fight of the future is to be made for fair goods, fair wages, fair hours and fair legislation—and these we can largely help to secure through political action.

If the leaders of the Federation are going to hold back because the Knights of Labor are in a certain movement, and the leaders of the Knights of Labor are going to do the same thing because the Federation people are working for a special project, then nothing will ever be a success.—Mutual Aid.

A Lesson Here.

A writer in an eastern industrial journal recently related an incident which contains a lesson for mechanics. He stated that in a shop where 450 men are employed, occasion arose for the services of two men capable of acting as assistant foremen or superintendents, and of six men to work on special work, of the skilled grade, for which very high salary is paid.

Outside of the foreman there was not one man among the 450 who had the qualifications of a foreman or superintendent. Outside of 12 men employed in special work, there was not another man among the 450 who could be promoted.

The owners were compelled to advertise for the required man. They had examined their men and could not find among them what they wanted. The men were old enough, bright enough and skilled enough in certain ways, but they lacked just what a little study would have given them, the knowledge of theory to fill out their skill and practice.

From this the writer argues that there is room for the young men who are graduating from industrial schools. He holds that apprenticeship is failing into disuse and the training school is taking its place. If such is the case it makes no favorable outlook for labor.—Pittsburg Trades Journal.

Laborisms.

In Sweden servant girls get $14 a year—some of them.

There are women hod carriers in Austria; also women coke workers in Pennsylvania.

Steubenville labor day, July 6, will probably be attended by the mayor of Cleveland. The parade will contain 20,000 knights.

When a Louisville barber cut his shaving price to 5 cents the union opened two free shops in the neighborhood.

Denver, Col., unions were informed by the city officials that they favored the employment of union men on city work.

The tariff concerns, not only those who have something to trade, but every man and woman who has to buy, which means everybody.

From the vital statistics of the large cities in this country it appears that at least ten thousand children starve to death every year.

Typographical Union No. 3, of Cincinnati, O., has published a card containing list of union printing offices. It is reported to be a gem of beauty.

Golden Rule notes that sometimes the protests of labor organizations are heeded by the officials. There is to be no contract labor at the Cincinnati City hall.

New York milliners average $2.50 a week, shirtmakers $5, underwearmakers $3, cloakmakers $3.50, boxmakers $4, feather workers $4, men's clothing makers $4.

The Alliances in Emporia, Kansas, have decided to help the trades by not patronizing the goods sold or made by non-union establishments. Convict made goods are put equally under the ban.

In nearly all the large retail shops in London the saleswomen sleep and eat, as well as work, in the building. Even the black silk dresses they wear during their working hours belong to their employers.

New York drug clerks contemplate organizing a labor union. They claim that they have to work about sixteen hours a day, Sundays included, not to mention the possibility that they may have to be called up in the middle of the night.

American naval authorities are calling for seamen. It has been estimated that not less than 2,500 more men will be needed for the ships now fit for service. A very large part of the present working force of the American navy is composed of foreigners.

The strike and lockout in the Connellsville coke region cost $3,000,000 including the loss to the workmen in wages. Ten men and three women were killed and over thirty were seriously wounded. More than a thousand persons were evicted from their homes.

Bakers' Union 31, New York City, has decided to change the color of its labels from white to red in order to counteract the tactics of those bosses who took in a large supply of the white labels, then turned their places into scab shops and are now using the old label.

An experiment has been made on a railroad between Rome and Frascati with a new combustible prepared from lignite, rich deposits of which have been found in Italy. Of the new fuel 367 kilograms did the work of 300 kilograms of coal. It is thought the discovery will obviate the necessity of importing coal.

A new method of ventilating railway carriages and preventing dust from entering with the air has appeared in France. The more quickly the train moves the more rapidly the apparatus works. The air is made to traverse a receptacle containing water, which cools it and relieves it of dust, after which it goes through another filtering before entering the carriage.

Death-damp, after exploding, leaves a residuum, known as choke gas, that vitiates 10 times its own volume of atmospheric air, and thus entails an additional danger, which can often be counteracted only by hours of hard work with air pumps and force ventilators. Hence the difficulty of immediate succor and the supplementary sacrifices of human life when the zeal of rescuing parties is stimulated by the wails of frenzied women.

I am heartily sick of the divisions and antagonizing cliques, the clannish organizations among the different classes of workingmen. All the useful industries should be banded together in one closely cemented union, each vocation feeling in interest with its neighbors, and being ready to assist them in all just claims. I am satisfied that labor will not succeed until clannishness, with its over-reaching selfishness, disappears; till farmers are interested in mechanics and laborers, and they in turn are friendly to the farmer.—The Brotherhood.

Those pseudo labor leaders who seem to look upon enrollment in a trade union as a call to arms and regard anything like harmony between employer and employe as a deplorable calamity, are mere "mischief breeders" continually trying to have employer and employe at "swords point." In the line of keeping up continual irritation from little petty causes they are simply "immense." Comparatively ignorant of general conditions and the real work of organization, they can only retain notoriety by ranting demagogy and bombastic appeals. Strife is their element. The possibility of peaceful methods and stable conditions yielding better fruit is to them incomprehensible—United Mine Workers' Journal.

Double Tragedy.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., July 2.—John Baker, a negro, shot and killed his wife Tuesday, and then killed himself. It is said that jealousy prompted him.

OHIO KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Invitations Are Out for the Annual Conclave.

Very Neat Affairs—The Program Arranged For the Occasion—One Round of Pleasure.

Cincinnati Knights Templar have been diligently at work for some weeks preparing for the annual conclave of the grand commandery, which is to be held in the Queen City at the close of September. The visitors are promised elegant entertainment, and those who have attended masonic meetings in Cincinnati know what to expect.

Invitations are now being sent out. They are works of art, lithographed on fine hand-worked parchment, and contain the committees and program.

The frontispiece is a scene taken from ancient masonry and represents a crusader in front of his tent in the Holy Land welcoming a pilgrim. The former is in full uniform, and upon his breast is the bright red cross of his order—the Knights Templar.

The invitation reads: The Commanderies stationed at Cincinnati courteously invite you to participate in the reception tendered the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, of Ohio, at its forty-ninth annual conclave, September 23 and 24, 1891.

Next follow the different committees who have the details in hand, and then the program for the three days, which is as follows:

Tuesday—Escort on arrival of visiting commanderies to their respective headquarters by detachments of Cincinnati, Hanselman and Trinity commanders. Tuesday evening, reception of visiting Sir Knights and ladies by Cincinnati, Hanselmann and Trinity commanderies at their respective headquarters.

Wednesday—9:30 a. m., escort of grand commandery from its headquarters to the Scottish Rite cathedral by details from Cincinnati, Hanselmann and Trinity commanderies; 10 a. m., opening of the conclave of the grand commandery; address of welcome, Sir John B. Mosby, mayor of Cincinnati; response, Rt. Em. Sir Wm. B. Melish, grand commander K. T. of Ohio; 3 p. m., grand parade and review, under command of Em. Sir H. P. McIntosh, grand captain-general of Ohio; 8 p. m., grand reception to Sir Knights in uniform and accompanying ladies by the general committee of arrangements at the armory of the First regiment, O. N. G.

Thursday—Visit to art museum and zoological gardens and river excursions.

The headquarters of the general committee of arrangements will be at the Gibson house.

The headquarters of the grand commandery will be at the Gibson house, west side of Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

The sessions of the conclave will be held in the audience room of the cathedral of the A. A. Scottish Rite, west side of Broadway, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

Toledo commandery has not yet taken action relative to attending the conclave, but it is probable the boys will be on hand in regular order.

SPORTING.

Yesterday's Games

LEAGUE.

Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Chicago.....Hutchinson—	9	14	0	1	6
Cleveland.....Gruber—	3	7	0	0	5
Cincinnati.....Mullane—	4	4	3	3	2
Pittsburg.....Baldwin—	6	8	8	3	5
Philadelphia.....Gleason—	4	2	2	2	2
New York.....Welsh—	2	5	4	1	4
Brooklyn.....Caruthers—	0	2	2	1	2
Boston.....Nichols—	6	10	2	0	1

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Columbus.....Knell—	4	10	4	4	2
Cincinnati.....Dwyer—	2	10	3	3	2
St. Louis.....Silvetts—	5	8	4	0	1
Louisville.....Fitzgerald—	4	8	4	5	3
Boston.....O'Brien—	9	9	3	5	6
Washington.....Freeman—	4	7	3	0	1
Athletics.....Chamberlain—	2	9	5	4	2
Baltimore.....Bakely—	4	8	5	2	2

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

Omaha 5, Sioux City 4.
Lincoln 2, Milwaukee 3.
Kansas City 10, Duluth 4.
Denver 7, Minneapolis 6.

Among the Amateurs.

The Unions will meet to-night at Brockman's barber shop.

Keep your eye on the Rodgers from now on, and you won't regret it.

The Rodgers and Maroons play Sunday, July 5, for $5 a side, on Rodgers' grounds.

The Hobbies claim the championship under 13 years of age, having played eight games and lost none.

The Hobbies defeated the Quicksteps Tuesday afternoon at the Metropolitan park, by the score of 26 to 8.

The Pathfinders cannot play the Athletics on July 4, but any other time they want to. F. Schrein, manager.

The Hobbies defeated the Quicksteps by the score of 20 to 9 on Tuesday morning on the Union street grounds.

The Hobbies defeated the Jordans by the score of 23 to 20. The feature of the game was the batting of M. Shea.

The Speranzas call an important meeting Friday, July 3, at 8 p. m., at the corner of Canton and Woodruff avenues.

The Speranzas challenge any club in the city under 17 years of age, for 15 a side, Sunday, July 5, on their own grounds.

The Eighth Ward Browns accept the challenge of the Athletics for Sunday, July 5, at 2:30 p. m. Wm Waley, manager.

The Cresents challenge the Foxes to a game of ball Sunday, July 12, on the Pawnee grounds. Amount to be agreed upon. Manager Urie.

The Crescents challenge the Foxes for a game of ball Sunday, July 12, on the Pawnee grounds. Amount to be agreed upon. Answer in the BEE if accepted. Urie, manager.

The Clover Leaf base ball club challenge the Comets for Sunday, July 5, on St Clair grounds, for $1 a side, at 2:30 p. m. John Kinney, manager.

The Eighth ward Browns accept the challenge of the Commercials for Saturday, July 4, on Pawnee grounds, at 9:30 a. m. E. Ogden, captain. Willie Waley, manager.

PERRYSBURG, July 2.—We have made arrangements for our game of base ball for July 4, with "West Toledos," hence can not accept any further challenges. W. P. Scott.

The Speranzas claim the championship of the city for boys under 17 years of age. They would like to hear from any club that thinks they can beat them, for any convenient date.

The Rodgers and Atlantics play at Presque Isle July 4, at 2 p. m., for $25 a side and the champion hip of the city. It promises to be an interesting game as both clubs are unusually strong.

The Unknown base ball club would like to play the Toledo Junior base ball club Saturday, July 4, on Nineteenth street grounds. If accept chalange answer through the BEE. Manager Unknown.

All members of the West Toledo's are requested to meet at the club house, corner Cherry street and Collingwood avenue, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Important business to transact.

All members of the Speranzas are requested to meet at the corner of Canton avenue and Woodruff avenue at 7:30 a. m., 4th of July, to battle with the Pathfinders at Presque Isle grounds. Everybody take the 9 o'clock boat and witness one of the most exciting games of the season. H. LIPPERT, manager.

The Comets have organized and are as follows: C Kummerow, Sb; G Wieland, ss; C Wieland, lf; J Nolan, p and 2b; A Meyers, c; J Mulvrhill, p and 1b; J Marst, p and 1b; O Sherietz, rf; B Miller, cf; and challenge any club under 17 years of age in Toledo for Sunday, July 5, 1891, for $2 a side, at 2 p m, on the St Clair grounds. If accepted answer through the BEE. N. LEARY, captain.

Peffer on the Stump.

TOPEKA, Ks., July 2.—Senator Peffer left yesterday for Indiana to make a few speeches. He will then proceed to Georgia, where prominent alliance members from this and other states will join him. The object of the visit south is to force the southern farmers to take action on the third party question before the convention of alliance presidents is called in 1892.

Killed in a Runaway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 2.—John Smith and Miss Mary Damson, who were to marry in a few days, went out driving yesterday near Crasilis. Their horse became frightened and ran away. Both were thrown out of the buggy, and Smith's neck was broken, while the young lady was fatally injured.

Georgia Episcopals.

MACON, Ga., July 2.—The convention of the Episcopal diocese of Georgia to elect a successor to the late Bishop Beckwith, met in this city yesterday. Right Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, now missionary bishop of Wyoming and western Idaho, received the practically unanimous vote of the body.

Jugigo a Lunatic.

SING SING, N. Y., July 2.—Shibuya Jurigo, the convicted and condemned murderer of Mura Comi a fellow Japanese sailor, is a confirmed lunatic. Since he was brought to the state prison the last time his insanity has steadily developed until now he is entirely out of his mind.

Bought for a Million.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 2.—The Pine Mountain Coal & Iron company has been bought for $1,000,000 by a northwestern syndicate, with headquarters at Minneapolis. The property is 10 miles from the English town of Middlesborough at Cumberland Gap.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

AMMUNITION

Guns Fishing Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE
311 MONROE STREET.
NEAR SUMMIT.

Can You Believe It?

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail to

Carter's LITTLE LIVER Pills!

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrappers, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecting purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A Positive Cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

Sura Cura

ROBINSON'S SURE CURE

—FOR—

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

R. W. ROBINSON & SON,
134 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

STEINWAY :-: PIANOS!

Recognized and acknowledged the Standard Pianos of the world. All styles

Grands and Uprights,

—AT THE—

WHITNEY & CURRIER CO'S

219 SUMMIT STREET

"DRESSY MEN"

Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the

Newest Designs in Woolens!

Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

LOUIS STONE,
422 Adams Street.

Our immense stock of piece goods for suitings and trouserings has dwindled down to remnants. We must rid ourselves of these odds and ends before July 1, '91. Experience has taught us only one sure and rapid way, and that is a sweeping reduction on our already low prices on Suiting and Trousering.

It will pay you to call on us.

ATLANTIC PANT CO.,
344 SUM[illegible]

OFFICE OF
N. & G. TAYLOR CO.
801, 803, 805 Branch St.,
PHILADELPHIA.

AMERICAN ROOFING TIN.

We are making the Genuine Taylor "OLD STYLE" Brand of Extra Heavily Coated Ternes in Philadelphia.

Samples and prices upon application.

All orders will be filled in rotation as received.

N. & G. TAYLOR CO.

DR. KALKHOFF'S SPECIALIST FOR ALL CHRONIC, PRIVATE & SURGICAL DISEASES

25 Years' Private Practice and Hospital Experience in both Europe and America.

507 Summit St., Toledo, O.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Inhalation with Compressed Gases, both home and office treatment—world-renowned; the only rational and scientific treatment for consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Heart Disease and all Diseases of the Throat, Nasal Passages and Lungs. The worst cases of Catarrh are positively cured in from 3 to 6 weeks.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Dieting. Each patient is furnished with a Diet Chart. It is very important for every sick person to know what to eat and what not to eat.

Specific Remedies, pleasant to take, but potent in their action, of Roots, Barks, Flowers, Berries and Plants, prepared under his own supervision by an experienced chemist.

SPECIALTIES—All Chronic and Desperate Diseases, which do not yield to the treatment of the general practitioner, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain Congestion, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Deformities, Skin Diseases, including Eczema, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys,

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET

Rather Dull During the Week Just Closed,

But There is Considerable Outside Inquiry,

And the Outlook is of Excellent Character—Talks With Gentlemen Interested—The Building and Loan Companies—Notes.

Real estate has quieted down, and it seemes is taking a vacation through the heated term. The movement has been very light, lots for building purposes being about the only property finding any sale. Inquiry keeps up, and considerable foreign interest is manifest, which argues well for the city as well as dealers. Business for June took a tumble, being unusually dull, compared with the same month last year. Dealers are generally of the opinion that the quietude is caused by a closeness in money matters due indirectly to the outpouring of gold to Europe. This is evidently a correct diognosis of the situation, as business men generally report a tightness in money circles, and the banks are keeping close to shore. Prospects for big crops this fall are flattering. Wheat never looked better, and farmers say that there is going to be an immense yield of corn, which is the staple production of Ohio. Take it all in all, there is no room for complaint.

Inquiry Keeps Up.

"There has been a great deal of inquiry for both residence and business property this week," said F. A. Kumler. "In fact there has been more inquiry this week than I have had in two months. I have some splendid deals in the grind in consequence, and I am going to make some of them, too. Of course in this business there is no certainty about anything, and you can't count on a sale until it is closed up and the transfer made. June, July and August are always the dull months of the year. This could only be expected, however, as they are the hottest months of the year, and all business is practically abandoned. I look for a lively movement this fall.

A Good Demand.

"Real estate business is quite good," said W. E. Hoffman, book keeper for Robert McCaskey. "There has been a splendid demand this week. The movement has been principally of lots for building purposes. The Fairground addition has been having an especially large sale, and inquiry has been extraordinarily brisk. We have had this week a number of strangers who were looking the city over with a view of purchasing some property for speculation, though there is nothing definite as yet."

Building in the Seventh Ward

"There has been a great deal of building in the Seventh ward this summer," said Fred Eversman. "It is suprising how the houses spring up. You would scarcely recognize the locality. The buildings are substantial, as a rule, and of latest design. Workingmen are beginning to realize the advantage of owning a home, and those who are inclined to save anything and can complete arrangements are investing in property. This a good thing all round, for it causes men to save, what would probably be spent in some foolish way, and then it makes better citizens. It would better for the city if all workingmen would come to this conclusion."

A Plausible Theory.

"Real estate is very quiet and was all through June," said A. W. Gleason. "That month as well as the present and next are always dull in this business, but so far they have been unusually so. Yes, auction or special sales might help matters but I doubt it very much. I never found that either amounted to much, in dull times but are all right when there is some movement.

"I think the apathy is caused by capitalists putting their money into bonds instead o' real estate. Then laboring men generally don't get any more wages than enough to pay their daily expenses and of course it is useless for them to think of buying real estate on the most lenient terms. I also think that the shipment of gold to England has its bearing indirectly on all business as well as real estate. It has been an incentive to a general tightening up of money in the banks. This is my theory, though I am not capitalist enough to speak authoritatively on the subject."

With the Abstracters.

"Abstracting is rather quiet at present," said W. H. Tucker to a BEE, "though it has been lively up to the present time. Real estate business has been very good all season, much better than of late, but it has fallen off considerably within the last two weeks. I suppose the hot weather has something to do with the lull, but I think it is due to a stringency in the money market. Prospects, however, are very bright for good business in every pursuit this fall. The crops bid fair to yield a production unequaled in years. Work is plenty, and men who want to work have very little trouble in finding steady employment."

In Building and Loan Circles.

Building and loan association circles have all the business they can attend to. Money is close just at present and the receipts are not as heavy as they have been, but the applications for loans are as invested as ever. It is about dividend time and very little money has been sold, thus building has been correspondingly quiet. They have all thus far been able to declare 4 per cent semi-annually, or 8 per cent. annually, which is a yielding investment. Toledo associations are solid from the ground up.

The weekly reports are as follows:

MUTUAL AID.	
Receipts	$4,578
Stock issued	8,000
New members	10
INDUSTRY B. & L. CO.	
Receipts	$9,442
Stock issued	3,500
Loans made	1,500
New members	5
HOME B. & L. CO.	
Receipts	$2,621
Stock issued	2,500
Loans made	500
New members	5
PEOPLE'S B. & L. CO.	
Receipts	$7,219
Stock issued	20,900
Loans made	3,900
New members	30

Transfers of the Week.

Thos H Wainbridge to Peter Nyelaorklewis, lot 23 Parkland addition $300
Jos C Woodruff to Carrie A Elwell, part of lot 5 Woodruff's addition $8.80
The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co to Edmund Wallis, 3 acres of sec 26, town 9 s, range 7 e $1,900
Andrew Henfling to Sydney Adams lots 43 and 43 Monclova $375
Barton Smith to Peter Bauman, lot 131 Thayer's addition ..... $ 50
Chester P Chatfield to Frank F Egger, lot 68 Cherry Grove addition $600
Wm E Haviland to John H Schutz, part of lots 54 and 57 Robison's Nebraska Avenue addition $800
Wilson W Griffith to Samuel F Fish, part of lot 50 Sherwood addition $8,500
Chas E Cunningham to John Seitler, lot 10 Car Factory addition $1,200
Robert W Smith to Chester P Chatfield, lot 68 Cherry Grove addition $575
Joseph C Woodruff to Carrie A Elwell, property in Woodruff & Anderson's addition $50
The Commercial Mutual Life Insurance company to Edmund and William Walton, property between Cherry and Fulton streets $14,000
Andrew Henfling to Snyder Adams, property in Monclova $325
Barton Smith to Peter Beier Bauman, property in Thayer's addition $600
Infirmary directors to George Baumbarger, property in Providence $75
Henrie E Buck and F G Thompson to John S Griffin, property in Laskey Place addition $1,600
Henry Heiden Kamp to Michael Boyle, property in Port Lawrence division $1,150
Andrew J Hoffman to Martha J Hoffman, property in Potter's addition $1
Thomas and Kate Blakeley to John Meyer, property in German's addition $400
Clarence Brown to Barney Tanner, property in Lincoln Smith's addition $325

A New Addition.

Another new addition will be placed on the market in the near future. It will be known as Bartley's Broadway addition, and is located on Broadway, near Lorain. The surveyor is at work on the lines, and the plat will go to the council very soon. Streets are being graded and the property otherwise greatly improved. It is in a desirable locality, and no doubt the lots will meet with ready sale.

The Toledo Loan Company's Record.

On Tuesday evening the directors of the Toledo Loan company declared their eleventh semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. for the six months ending July 1, aggregating $7,592 25, quite a comfortable mid-summer addition to the income of its numerous members.

The history of the Toledo Loan company has been the history of building loans in Toledo, it being the pioneer organization.

January 1, 1886, it started with less than a dozen members and not a dollar in the treasury. To-day it has 702 active members with assets aggregating $237,984 05. Its earnings since organization $38,594 27, and distributed as dividends $32,576 33, and has shown a uniform growth from the commencement. The total receipts in 1886 amounted to only $12,394, in 1887 $30,809, in 1888 $67,558, in 1889 $128,886, in 1890 $143,728, and for the six months just closed $85,359, with earnings of $8,900.88.

The company have now outstanding 268 loans, aggregating $230 979, on real estate, and $5,275, with pass books as collateral, besides paying 8 per cent from the date of organization, and have a comfortable surplus of $2,809 57, an increase of $1,150 during last year.

Building Points.

L. Smith will build a frame dwelling on Washington street to cost $500.

J. E. Wilkinson is building a frame residence on Colfax street, that will cost $700.

The Klagy property on the corner of Walnut and Seneca streets, sold to C. E. Werden for $7,000.

Edwart F. Wechtel is preparing to build a handsome dwelling on Nebraska avenue which will cost $2,000.

Mrs. C. Clarke has let the contract for a frame dwelling on Cherry Grove addition that will cost $2,000.

William Kunty, is preparing to build two frame dwellings on Church street, which will cost $500 each.

Edward Langal is building a handsome dwelling on Hicks street, which, when completed, will cost $1,300.

George M. Van Evera has contracted for a beautiful suburban residence on Islington street, which, when completed, will cost $3,500.

It is expected the new station on Dorr street will be commenced by the Lake Shore railroad next week, and will be called Norwood.

Dr. Kalkhoff this week bought a house and lot on Fourteenth street, between Adams and Madison streets, the consideration being $3,650.

Detwiler & Co. have just completed the erection of two comfortable branch offices, one on fair ground addition, corner Dorr street and Detroit avenue, and the other on Junction avenue addition, corner Nebrassa and Junction avenues.

Book Agent and Bulldog.

The story teller was a book agent, nevertheless I enjoyed listening to him as he reeled off the yarn something after this style:—

"Down in Jones county lives a farmer who used to keep a bulldog for the special purpose of scaring away book agents and tramps, 'who, otherwise,' he declared, 'would pester the life out of his wife and hired girl.'

"Tiger was the dog's name and the man's nature.

"Now if there was any one thing that Tiger enjoyed it was a live, long legged, sound lunged book agent, one who could run and yell. His rather melancholy countenance would light up the instant he cought sight of one of these gentle beings ambling up toward the front door. Then he would quickly slide in under the front stoop and calmly await the approach of his unsuspecting victim. When the book agent was within ten feet of the first step out would spring old Tiger with a savage growl. The frightened agent, with a yell of terror, would bound backward, and start on a bee line for the garden wall. But before he could take three bounds old Tiger, with a low, chuckling growl of pleasure, would fasten his sharp teeth in the seat of his trousers and hang on until the farmer and his two hired men came with crowbars and grinning faces, pried his jaws apart and set the captive free.

"All this I learned from one who had recently been there.

"The gory tale set my heart in a tumult of indignation and I determined to teach that bull dog a lesson. I procured three pounds of the strongest cayenne pepper obtainable, fastened it firmly in the seat of my trousers—my second best—and thus loaded walked boldly up to the home of the cranky farmer and carnivorous bull dog.

"As I swung open the gate I saw old Tiger dodge in under the front piazza. I walked boldly on, and when within about ten feet of the first step with a blood curdling growl old Tiger sprang for me. He was an awful sight, with his wide open mouth full of gleaming ivories, and I turned and ran for all I was worth. I had not made three jumps before I felt a jerk and heard a ripping, tearing sound, and then my ears were greeted with a howl of pain. I then knew that the bulldog had gotten his eyes, nose and mouth chuck full of my second best trousers and cayenne pepper. A great joy welled up into my heart and I stopped and watched the animal.

"He howled as though a hundred fiends had lent him their tongues, clawed at his mouth, rolled over beds of rare flowers, demolished costly rose bushes, turned double summersaults backward and forward and practiced all kinds of astounding gymnastical feats. At last one of his gyrations landed him on the back stoop. In a moment the swill barrel was tipped over and the farmer's wife and hired girl were upset in its contents. Great, then, was the confusion for a few moments. During this melee I thought it best to decamp, and turned and walked happy and triumphant away. The last glimpse I caught of the dog as I passed over the brow of the hill, found him rolling over a lot of clothes that had just been laid out upon the grass to dry.

"The next day I called again to note results and to reap my reward.

"The moment I stepped within the yard I saw the bulldog, with head down and tail between his legs, start like a streak of spotted lightning for the barn, whence, ever and anon, long drawn agonizing howls reached my ears.

"When once in the house I was treated like a king. The farmer's wife and hired girl had not had a chance to talk with a book agent for six months, and consequently were almost wild with delight to see me. The old lady bought $20 worth of books cash down, the hired girl had me write in her autograph album, where none but her dearest friends were allowed to scribble; and when at last I was compelled to go the dear old lady gave me her blessing in a trembling voce and a Bible; while the hired girl, as she hid her streaming eyes in the folds of her not over clean apron, begged me to send her my photograph and a lock of my auburn hair."—N. Y. Herald.

"Weak and weary," describes the condition of many people debilitated with the warm weather, by disease or overwork. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed to build up and strengthen the body, purify and quicken the sluggish blood, and restore the lost appetite.

The level of the Caspian sea is remarkable not only as being the lowest of any body of water in the world, but on account of the changes to which it seems to be subject. Local tradition points to the fact that these variations occur in periods of thirty years; but the investigations of Lieut. Sokolof, a Russian naval officer, seem to indicate a shorter period—perhaps 13 years. The general tendency, from the beginning of the Christian era down to 1865, was to a lowering of the level, but since that time a gradual rise has taken place.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, hysteria, headache, neuralgia and nervous prostration cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE BIRD'S NEST.

Now the sun rises bright and soars high in the air,
The trees smile around us in green:
The sweet little birds to the meadows repair,
And pick up the moss and lamb's wool and hair,
To make their nests soft, warm and clean.

High up in some tree far away from the town,
Where they think thoughtless boys cannot creep,
They build it with twigs and they line it with down,
And lay their neat eggs speckled over with brown,
And sit till the little ones peep.

"Then come," says a boy, "let us go to the wood,
And climb up the very tall tree;
And while the old birds are gone out to get food,
We'll take down the nest and the chirruping brood,
And divide them between you and me."

But, ah! don't you think 'twould be cruel and bad,
To take the poor nestlings away;
And, after the toil and trouble they've had,
When they think themselves safe, and are singing so glad,
To spoil all their work for our play?

Suppose that some monster, a dozen yards high,
Should stalk up at night to your bed,
And put out of the window along with you fly,
And stop not to bid your dear parents good-by,
Nor care for a word that you said,

And take you away, not a creature knows where,
And fasten you down with a chain,
And feed you with victuals you never could bear,
And hardly allow you to breathe the fresh air,
Or ever to come back again.

Oh! how you would cry for your dearest mamma,
And long to her bosom to run!
And beat your poor head at your hard prison bar,
And hate the vile monster that took you so far,
For nothing at all but his fun.

Then say, little boy, shall we climb the tall tree?
Ah! no—but this lesson we'll learn,
That 't would just as cruel and terrible be
As if a great monster should take away thee,
Not ever again to return.

Then sleep, little innocents, sleep in your nest,
We mean not to take you away;
And when the next summer shall wear her green vest,
And the woods in a robe of rich foliage be drest,
Your songs shall our kindness repay.
—Our Dumb Animals.

THE RAPE OF TIM HOLLISTER'S COW-BELL.

It got to be a regular annual occurrence, just as punctually as Halloween came, did Tim Hollister have a new cow-bell to buy the next day or soon thereafter as he could scrape the wherewithal together.

With others they introduced a pleasing variety into their jokes; if it was a front gate this year it was sure to be a prostrate outhouse or a missing pump-handle the next time.

Tim wouldn't have minded it so much, but he pastured Molly on the commons for economy, as did most of the less favored people who lived on Hamilton Heights, and she was sure to stray off and give them lots of trouble to find her without a bell. There were so many alleys and corners and hollows near by that she might be within the sound of their voices and still they hunting all over creation for her because there was no sound to guide them. "I'll have to put a stop to this thing," said Tim, wearily, to his wife as he stood on the back porch that night after returning from his day's work; "there'll be no milk for the coffee this blessed week and the creature's dog will be so swollen you'll have to wash it in salt and water. I must find some way to keep the rascals from stealing the bell this time."

"You'd better wait until there is a bridge to cross," said his wife; "I wouldn't be after calling it stealing, Tim, it's no harm the boys mean and maybe your own is one of them."

"Do you hear it, Maurice? I'll know who it is that takes the next bell off Molly."

To judge from Maurice's obtuseness he was the most innocent boy in the world on the subject of stolen cow-bells, and it was not until the remark had been repeated the second time for his special benefit that he seemed to catch it, and then you would have thought from his warm expressions that nobody ever had such loyalty to his father's cause and interests as he.

That was all there was of it except that in five minutes from that Maurice has made some excuse to leave the house and was not seen again until supper was ready.

"Do you mean it, Tim?" questioned Mrs. Hollister after awhile, "and how will you do it?"

"I mean it sure enough, and I've been tinkering some in the shop to-day, just look here;" and Tim brought out from under his coat a strange looking bundle which he called his wife to come near and examine.

He explained it to her very carefully, and both laughed quite heartily over it from time to time, then Tim put it under his coat and went out to his milking.

The shop in which he worked was a large manufactory of electrical apparatus, and Tim was one of the most experienced and skillful workmen.

Maurice was evidently quite tired that night, for he was one of the first to retire, and if that were any sign, that was the condition of most of the boys in the neighborhood—if some of them had not just a little overdone the thing, you would have thought a great wave of reformation had struck the neighborhood and nevermore would gates go astray or sidewalks take wings and fly.

Three hours later there was not a boy of them in his bed, unless the back chamber window happened to be nailed fast between sunrise and sunset that day, or the baby had colic and kept some of the older ones pacing the floor with light burning until the midnight hour.

There was a great gathering of the clans in the vacant lot in the rear of Slocum's store, and the plots that had been laid out in the last week or two were put into execution. After all the uncovered wagons had been rolled down the banks or robbed of their wheels, the cabbages flouted before the faces of their producers on the fences and gates, and the sidewalks and gates duly attended to, and it was nearing the midnight hour, there came a hush on the proceedings as the boys looked each other in the face with the mute inquiry, "What next?"

The interrogation point was directed at Maurice, and he understood it and replied, "Oh, I guess it's all right now, pap will be tired of watching by this time, but he's awful mad and he's made some kind of a scheme to catch us, and you'd better look out."

"Of course we'll look out," was the answer. "Find us napping! I guess not. Tim Hollister will have to sit up all night when he catches us!"

Maurice thought there was not much danger of that, and so, after awile the boys set out to perform the seventh or eighth annual retirement of Molly's bell, which they had not the least doubt of their ability to do.

And so they might so far as the external appearance was concerned. The lights had been out in the Hollister mansion since the clock had struck nine; as Tim had complained of feeling very tired, and Maurice had had no trouble at all in slipping out at the hour agreed upon.

Softly the boys stole to the stable where Molly was chewing her cud, whispering and laughing to themselves as they went.

"Yes, there it is all right!" exclaimed one of the boys in an undertone.

"All ready for the slaughter, tied up and waiting, what could be easier, said another, "wanted to cheat us of our fun ... like the bell off and ... until to-morrow!" giggled one of the boys; there's nothing easier; I could have given him the recipe if he had inquired at headquarters."

"Ho, I could have told him that, but pap he never would think of so easy a thing! He wanted to study up some real sharp way and now he has gone to sleep and forgotten it," said Maurice, who had taken pains to remain outside the stable so that he could truthfully say he had not set his foot in it. He had taken a further precaution of putting on a pair of his sister's shoes so that he could with equally good conscience affirm that he had not had his shoes on since going to bed. I mean the kind of conscience a boy calls good; which suggests that he paste a figure 12 under his hat crown so that he can tell the conductor that he is under 12, or names one of his pockets the world and then affirms that he hasn't an apple left in the world.

"So, Molly," commanded the leader of the boys; and Molly dutifully sosd—she hadn't been doing anything else but soing, she was one of those gentle creatures built with a perpetual so attachment. Anybody could do anything with Molly. Then the Grand Remover of Cow-bells practiced the mystic right of his office by sliding his hand along Molly's neck to where the strap passed around. Having located this, his next move was to give the grip to the clapper of the bell so as to prevent it from ringing in alarm, for a little more silence was essential to the success of the plan.

"Ouch, murder! Take it off, pull me away, ouch! I can't let go! screamed the boy who had attempted to remove the bell.

The others, at first supposed that he was just trying to fool them, and only laughed and told him to be more quiet. But they soon became assured that his distress was not feigned, and, supposing that he had pinched his fingers in some way, the one nearest essayed to relieve him. Approaching he took hold of the belt to steady himself, and then, catching the hand of the other boy that was clinging to the belt, gave it a wrench to get it free.

He succeeded, but in another second his yells were added to those of the first boy:

"Let go, why don't you! Stop pinching, you fool! Ugh! I can't let go this belt; something's cramping my hand! Some of you take hold and pull us loose!"

A second injunction was not needed. The next rescuer essayed to relieve the situation by grasping the bell with one hand and the imprisoned hand of the first boy in the other. He succeeded in getting the other's hand loose, but at that instant his own stuck to the bell as though it had been frozen fast, while his hold on his fellow's hand was somewhat closer than the clasp of a brother, and his yells now joined the chorus of surprised exclamations and petitions to be let loose.

Maurice was now the only spectator to the scene, and he by the hearing of the ear. But Maurice soon forgot his precaution about entering the stable and rushed inside to see what all this strange fuss was about. He imagined that Molly must have stepped around and pinned them all fast against the wall, judging from their cries. He would soon give them an example of his control of Molly and show them what he could do in his father's stable in the night. Rushing boldly in he soon had the two nearest boys by the bands and was pulling them apart with all his might and some uncomplimentary remarks about their foolishness in kicking up such a row for nothing.

But just as he finished the "for nothing" he came to the conclusion that it must be for something, since he, too, had got fast in the circle of bellowing idiots and was yelling as loudly as any of them to let him go and stop pinching his hands.

And there they stood and danced and howled and accused one another of playing off on them and threatening what they would do when they got away, when all at once a strong light was thrown on them and a quiet voice was heard to say:

"Aha, I thought I had it all right for rogues and here they are. Pinches, does it? Well, if I had had room in the bell I'd have made a battery that would have blistered some of you. Maurice came out and tried to pull you off, did he? If you had only spoken a word to your father he might have saved you the trouble of sitting up all night to catch the boys. Never mind, boys, if you won't say anything about this we'll call it quits and I'll take the wire from under the bell strap that completes the circuit."

Of course the boys never said a word, and of course the story of how Tim Hollister caught them all by putting a powerful battery in Molly's bell became the jest of the whole neighborhood before night next day, and the rape of Tim Hollister's cow-bell was never repeated.—Our Young People.

PUZZLER.

DIAMOND.

A letter. A snare. A mixture of wine and water. Pure metal. A gay flower. To eat supper. A letter.
COMPLACENT.

DIAMOND.

A letter. Queen of the fairies. One who covers with wax. To wander. A flower. Time of retiring. To mock again. Female deer. A letter.
COMPLACENT.

CHARADE.

The first, a half a thousand strong,
Is yet one-third of day;
Next joins to every walk and talk,
And helps them go and say,

The whole, with ruin in its wake,
Goes hand in hand with time;
All things must feel its crumbling touch,
Both trifling and sublime.
—COMPLACENT.

ENIGMA.

In parcel, not in trunk,
In floating, not in sunk;
In forage, not in steal,
In unite, not in heal;
In passage, not in road,
In torment, not in goad;
In fasten, not in bind,
For my whole an omen find.
JACK.

RHOMBOID.

Across: A mythical character: a swelling; a water-fowl: to astile.
Down: A prefix implying negation; a particle of refusal; poems; to corrode; an exclamation; a letter.
JACK.

WORD SQUARE.

A foreign coin: treatment; a heap of stones; to yield; a dogma.
ROB.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES.

In daily of June 11 and weekly of June 18.
Charade—Sunday.
Diamond—

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Buildings—1. Herald, cat (cathedral). 2. Cable, tarne (tabernacle). 3. Lag, station (allegation).
Double cross word—Edgar Poe. The Bells.
Charade—Spring time.

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PLANTA BEATRICE removes Moth and Liver Spots, prevents Sunburn and Tan, restores the color and youthful softness to the skin, and keeps it perfect in any climate. Price $1.25, post-paid.

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Strongly endorsed by Dr. K. G. Eccles.

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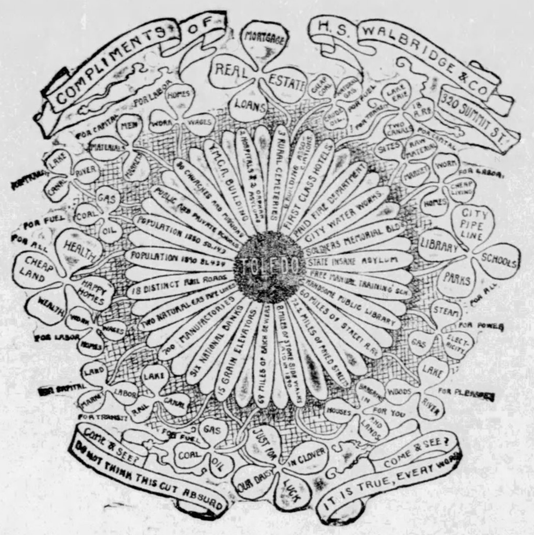
A WORD TO THE WISE!



When a young man has a little money let him buy some property, preferably a piece however small, according to his means, of improved Real Estate that is paying rent. He had better buy it by paying in cash what he can, giving his notes for the balance in small sums coming due at frequently recurring intervals, secured by mortgage on the property, and then use all his extra income in paying off these notes. It is always safe to discount your own note, and if the notes come in a little to fast as soon as he gets anything paid his friends will aid him when he is putting his money where it cannot be lost, and where property is taken care of the interest, and in a very short time he will find that he has a very considerable investmet. Nothing is so safe for an investment as improved Real Estate. Nothing is likely to grow in value faster. In the last 50 years 90 per cent of all the Merchants in Boston have failed. In the last 50 years 90 per cent of all business corporations have failed or gone out of business, so that their stock has been wiped out. In the last 50 years all the improved Real Estate, on the average has paid the interest and taxes and quadrupled in value.—GEN. BENJ. F. BUTLER.

A word to the wise should be sufficient. If your chance of becoming rich is 90 per cent better by investing in Real Estate than business, what better chance could you want than buying now in

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The Home Center of Toledo? The improvements are all made—paving, drainage, broad avenues, pleasant homes,—and the property must increase in value.
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Nine hundred and fifty manufactories.
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Seventy-five churches.
Thirty magnificent public school buildings.
Twelve hundred telephone connections.
The largest and best equipped Manual Training school of the world.
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Seventy-five miles of main sewers.
One hundred and fifty miles of sidewalk—mostly stone.
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Ten daily passenger steamers; the best harbor of the lakes.
Two independent natural gas companies, with 200 miles of distributing pipe.
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The best city for investment in Ohio.

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low figure at which we are holding them at present, and with the improvements about to be made, they are the best investments in the Toledo market. To those desiring a home in a growing locality, where building restrictions insure a fine neighborhood, no such inducements are offered anywhere as in this sub-division The

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FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No. 1507 Monroe st, Hicks Block, ten rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.
FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near B. & O. R. R., eight rooms, good barn; $9 per month.
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Building lot on Hicks st, 50x142, $900.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
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Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS,
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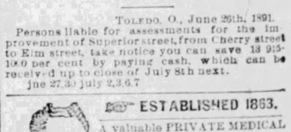

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CITY AUDITOR'S OFFICE.

TOLEDO, O.,

MARKETS.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., July 2.

London wheat steadier. Corn steady. French country markets quiet. Liverpool wheat firm, with more inquiry. Corn 1d higher.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 207,588 bu, compared with 118,214 bu on the same day last year.

Wheat higher, active and at times quite excited. Late English cables reported a slight advance and the continental ones showed an advance in Paris of 20 to 40 centimes on wheat and 50 centimes on flour, and an advance in Berlin of 2½@4½ marks. Exports were liberal and those of flour were 10,000 bbls. These, with a covering of short wheat over the holidays, started al general bull movement and August sold up to 93c. The new wheat in St. Louis is not as good as first reported.

Cash wheat sales at $1 01¾ at close, $1 02 bid; did not advance with new crop futures. July opened at 93c, selling down to 92¾, back to 93⅝, then to 92¾, and then steady up to 95 at close, after close ½@¾c lower. First half duly sales on call at 93c at close, worth about 2@2½c over July regular.

August opened at 94¼c, selling down to 90¾c and then up to 92½c to 93c asked at close. After close ½@¾c lower. December sales at 93½@94c at close.

No 3 soft sales at 93c for cash and 90c for July; July and August 3@3½c under No 2 for same months; No 4 soft sale at 87c, Lake Shore.

Corn strong and higher. Sales of No. 3 at 57c, No. 3 yellow at 55@59½c and No. 4 at 55c. July at 58¾c.

Oats No. 2 white, sale 39c.

Rye for August 64c bid.

Seed neglected. We note cash about $4 25 and October $4 40 nominal.

Bran $14 50 and middlings $19 25.

Chicago closes 2½c higher on July at 93¾c and ¾c higher on July corn, at ¾c. New York is 3c higher on August at 100 1-8 and 7-8c higher on July corn at 65 3-8c.

Freights.

Lake freight to Buffalo.... Wheat, 1c. Corn, 1c.
Erie canal, inclusive of tolls..... " 4½c. " 3½c.
Toledo to New York..... " 5½c. " 4½c.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS			SHIPMENTS		
	Wht	Corn	Oats	Wht	Corn	Oats
N Y....	16770	4200	92300	21201	47454	284
Balto....	34545	12924	4800	60000		
Phila....	6975	3000	14840	30441	13008	15166
Boston....		9755	1000		3199	
Toledo..	33783	8000	8823	2325	1600	5100
Chicago	243	286240	96242	75044	172597	128226
Milw'kee	14459	1160	3000		500	1600
St L....	34000	23000	7000	3000	35000	9000
Detroit..	6995	3894	235	1151	498	6947
Duluth..	16754			37000		
Minn....	67660			18489		

Receipts and Shipments of Grain.

For the weeks named at Toledo, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Detroit, Minneapolis, Duluth and Peoria:

Receipts—	Wheat.	Corn	Oats.
Week ending July 2..	864400	175000	85000
Week ending June 27.	1256000	2305000	1596000
Week ending June 29	1343000	1616000	1595000
Week ending June 13.	1469000	1691000	1581000
Total four weeks....	4932000	7787000	5857000
Frev 4 w end June 6..	5888000	1156000	8438000
Four w end July 5..	5920000	1341900	6078000
Four w end July 6..	5893740	7095000	5650000
Four w end July ..	8854800	6855000	5396000
Shipments—			
Week ending July 2..	716000	880000	802000
Week ending June 27.	1419000	1461000	1470000
Week ending June 29.	1267000	1761940	1470000
Week ending June 13.	2715000	2009000	1596000
Total four weeks....	5411000	6106940	5338000
Frev 4 weks end June 6.	8194000	8606000	6534000
Four w end July 5..	5920000	1294400	8781400
Four w end July 6..	5893740	9112400	6492000
Four w end July 7..	8854800	7051000	5423000

Weekly Movement of Grain.

The following table gives the receipts and shipments of grain in bushels at the ports named for the past week:

RECEIPTS.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	648500	242300	296000
Baltimore	113500	81000	34000
Philadelphia	9000	68750	47500
Boston	1100	12 200	40100
Total	847000	510000	553000
Toledo	1225	2700	12600
Chicago	137000	1395100	451000
Milwaukee	38000	7500	8 000
St. Louis	146000	240000	79000
Detroit	48300	92300	8400
Peoria	1800	1100 00	90000
Duluth	10 600		
Minneapolis	90400		
Total	8140.0	1795000	800000
SHIPMENTS.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York	64000	40 500	1100
Baltimore	96 000	18300	
Philadelphia	97000	72000	597.80
Boston		82429	
Total	163000	374000	67800
Toledo	780	3000	2200
Chicago	46774 0	68 1000	488800
Milwaukee	18000	1119	12000
St Louis	11400	148000	98 00
Detroit	14300	8900	68 0
Peoria	7000	43000	1540 0
Duluth	9929		
Minneapolis	17800		
Total	719000	880000	882000

Weekly Movement of Flour and Grain.

	Receipts— This wk.	Last wk.	1890.	1889
Flour, bbls	458	545	558	1774
Wheat, bus	13785	41085	28459	97288
Corn, bus	21155	19699	278569	8789
Oats, bus	19.17	6061	1104	4 03
Rye, bus	88		711	1700
Barley, bus				570
	Shipments—			
Flour, bbls	440	412	4439	8361
Wheat, bus	7825	42395	84926	643 0
Corn, bus	2040	6285	134150	87303
Oats, bus	2200	1800	4494	9286
Rye, bus	700	5445	1 665	15 0
Clover seed, bags				42

Wheat withdrawn from elevators for consumption this week, 6146 bu.

Markets by Telegraph.

LONDON, July 2.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening steadier; maize quiet and steady. Wheat cargoes on passage and for shipment steadier. Maize steady. French country markets quiet. Weather fine.

LIVERPOOL, July 2.—1:00 p. m.—Wheat market firm; demand improving. American mixed corn firm, demand fair, 5s 6½d. Red western spring wheat, 6s 2½d. Red winter, 6s 1½d. California wheat, No 2 to No 1, 7s 1½@7s 2½d. Kansas winter hard, 7s 10½d. Wheat off coast, demand improving; corn demand fair.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Opening: Wheat—July, 93; Corn—July, 56½c; September, 57¾c. Oats—July, 34¾c; September, 29¾c. Pork—September, $10 55. Lard—July, $6 40; September, $6 45. Ribs—September, $6 27½.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Cotton quiet; middlings uplands, 8¾c. Futures steady: July, $7 86; August, $8 07; September, $8 19; October, $8 28.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Money 2@3½ per cent Exchange easier; posted rates 486@488; actual rates 485¾ for 60 days and 487¼ for demand.

Government quiet; currency 6s 109½ bid; 4s coupons 124½ bid; 4½s do 106 bid.

There was almost complete stagnation on the stock exchange this morning. In the two hours to noon only 59,150 shares changed hands. The little activity done was confined to St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, Atchison, Chicago gas, C., C. C. & St. L. and W. & L. E. Although the announcement reached the street before the opening of the market here that the bank of England had further reduced its rate of discount to 2½ per cent, it did not seem to figure as a factor in the stock. Prices opened weak and ½@¾c lower, and continued weak throughout the morning with prices but little changed from the opening. At this writing the market is almost motionless. The statement of the bank of England shows the proportion of reserve to liability is 46.34 against 52.75 last week and 35.09 last year. The bullion in the bank this week increased 56,000 pounds and the reserve decreased 215,000 pounds.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Flour moderately active and weak; city mill, extra, $5 00@5 15 for West ern; fine, $4 10@4 50; superfine, $4 00@4 30. Minnesota Extra $2 80@3 50. Wheat opened strong and advanced 1½c but subsequently eased off and declined ¾c. No 2 red, winter, cash, 81 06; July 101¾; Aug. 97¾; Sept. 97c; Oct. 94¾. Corn opened ¼ higher but weakened later on and declined ¾. No 2 mixed cash 69; July 64½; Aug 61¾; Sept. 59½. Oats dull but steady; No. 2 mixed cash 44; July 43¾; Aug. 34. Rye and Barley dull. Pork dull; mess 11 50@12 25 for new. Lard quiet; July 6 42; Aug. 6 54. Molasses quiet; 50 test 11¾@12. Turpentine slow; 37¾@38. Rosin dull; strained to good 1 40@1 45. Petroleum quiet. Freights dull; grain to Liverpool 2 d. Butter slow with prices weak; western extras 18. Cheese steady for fancy with moderate demand; other grades slow; ohio flat 5¾@7¾. Eggs weak; western 17@19c. Rice nominally unchanged. Sugar refined fairly active; cutloaf and crushed 5¾; powdered 4¾; granulated 4¼@4¾. Tallow dull; prime city 4 23-32. Coffee steady; fair rio cargoes 19¾.

U S YARDS, July 2.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000; active and stronger. Hogs—Receipts 28,000; active; heavy, $4 50@4 75; mixed and medium, $4 55@4 75; light, $4 25@4 65. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 2 — Close — Wheat — July, 89c; September, 89½c. Corn—July, 56¾c; September, 51¾c. Oats—July, 35c; September, 29¾c. Pork—September, $10 55. Lard—July, $6 35; September, $6 50. Ribs—July, $6 02½; September, $6 02½.

DETROIT, July 2.—Close—Wheat—No 2 red cash, 91 04; July, 90¾c; August, 93¾; No 1 white cash, $1 00 bid. Corn—No 2 cash, 57c bid. Oats—No 2 cash, 39c asked.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, June 26.—The Evening Journal report Cattle—Receipts 14,000; shipments, 4,000. The market was slow but steady to lower. Sales of native steers at $5 65@6 10 per cwt; others at $4 20@5 50; Texans at $2 25@3 85; stockers at $2 00@3 50; cows at $1 50@3 75. Hogs—Receipts, 28,000; shipments, 12,000. The market was slow, weak and lower. Sales of rough and common at $4 30@4 40 per cwt; packers and mixed at $4 50@4 65; prime heavy and butchers' weights at $4 70@4 75; light at $4 40@4 60.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000; shipments, 4,500. The market was active 10@25c lower. Sales of native sheep at $4 55@5 25 per cwt; Texas muttons at $3 75@4 10; westerns at $4 50@4 85; lambs at $5 75@7 00.

KANSAS CITY, July 2.—The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts, 8,100 head, shipments, 2,240 head. The market for natives was steady; Texans steady to strong. Sales of native steers at $3 55@5 75 per cwt; cows at $1 75@3 00; stockers and feeding steers at $2 00@4 00.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000 head, shipments 3,300 head. Sales of all grades at $4 50@4 60 per cwt, the bulk at $4 50@4 55.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,137 head; shipments 2,870 head. The market was steady.

EAST LIBERTY, July 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,425 head; shipments, 1,300 head. The market was dull. Prime steers at $5 75@6 00 per cwt; fair to good at $4 00@5 50; common at $3 25@4 00; bulls, cows and stags at $1 50@3 50. Fifteen cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,800 head; shipments, 1,550 head. The market was firm; sales of Philadelphias at $5 00@5 10 per cwt; best Yorkers and mixed at $4 80@4 90; common to fair Yorkers at $4 50@4 60; pigs at $4 00@4 25. Five cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 600 head; the market was dull. Prime sheep at $4 80@5 00 per cwt; fair to good at $4 00@4 75; common at $2 00@3 50; spring lambs at $5 00@6 25; veal calves at $4 00@5 25.

PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 10½c; 15 lbs, average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8½c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8¾c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern creamery, 25@26c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 7c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 22@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@29c; combing and delaine, 34@37; fine merine, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@30c. Market firm with fair demand for new clip.

Hinckley—$4 00@5 00 per bu.

Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Gooseberries—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Cherries—$2 50 per bu.

Raspberries—$1 00@4 00 per bu.

Vegetables—Potatoes, from store, $1 30@1 40 per bu; new, $2 75@3 00 per bbl; new rose $3 25; peerless, $3 50. Cabbage, Florida, per crate, $1 50; Mobile, $1 50@2 00. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00@2 50 per crate; southern, $1 75@2 25 per sack. Cucumbers, 40c per dozen. New beets, 35c per dozen. Asparagus, home grown, 4@6c per pound. Peas, 75@$1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per crate. String beans, $1 00@1 25; wax, $2 00.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 15@16c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $12 00@13 00; mixed, $10@11 00. Straw, $10.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 20 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; mid dlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 75; spring family $5 50; winter patent, $5 50@5 60; fancy, $5 50@5 75 winter family, $5 00@5 75; extra, $3 50@4 85; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 00@5 55 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 20@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb; Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy skims, 6@7c; twins, 11¼@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 large, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25; Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 herring, 25c per box; 2 boxes, 45c.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8¾c; lard oil, 52@53c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 30@34c per gal.

Groceries—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@31c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3½c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3¾@4¼c.

Groceries—Coffee, common, 19¼c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20¼c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21¼c; choice, 21¾@22c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Java, 31½@32c; Mochas, 25@28c. Sugars strong, higher; cutloaf, 5¾c; powdered 5¾c; granulated, 4¾@4 5-16c; confectioner's A, 4¼c; mould A, 4¾c; off A, 4¾c; extra C, 4@4¼c; yellows, 3¾@3¾c. Great demand for high grades with shipments heavy. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@26c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@35c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 3¾@5¾c per pound; Japan, 6¼@6¾c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are traditionally higher.

THERE WAS MONEY IN IT

Why Italy Favored the Triple Alliance.

Berlin Bankers Promised to Help Her Out of Her Deplorable Financial Condition.

LONDON, July 2.—A Berlin dispatch to the Daily News says that, as one condition of Italy's adhering to the triple alliance, the German government has promised to urge Berlin bankers to assist in relieving the Italian government from its financial embarrassments.

The same dispatch declares that it is not the formal adhesion of England to the triple alliance that is looked for in Berlin, so much as a tacit understanding that, in certain contingencies, her support can be relied upon.

In case of war the central European powers must rely upon America and the British colonies for food and raiment; this will demand an open sea. In addition to this the combined fleets of Germany, Austria and Italy are confessedly incapable of successfully fighting the united navies of France and Russia.

TURNBULL WAGON COMPANY.

Successful State of Affairs—Annual Election on Saturday.

The stockholders of the Turnbull Wagon company will hold their annual meeting in this city on the morning of July 4. The showing to be made by the officers for the year's business is a most flattering one, the net profits of the year being over 21 per cent. on the capital. A dividend of 3 per cent. quarterly has been paid the past year and a large sum placed to the surplus. The same dividend will be continued. A few years ago the late C. L. Luce and others bought the stock at 70 cents on the dollar, the last sale made was at 160. Although the works are in Defiance, the stock is mostly owned in Toledo, and A. H. Wood, the secretary and manager, is a Toledo boy. The success of the business under his control speaks for itself.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Having determined to retire from business I will close out every article of Furniture at cost. No shoddy goods, but a first-class stock of well-made Furniture, to be closed out at cost without reserve.

PH. HAGER,
424 and 426 Summit St.

You will enjoy your boat ride by purchasing a bottle of that elegant California Wine sold by F. BEHR, Corner Adams and Huron.

The finest Bottled Liquors in the city. Call at F. BEHR'S, Cor. Adams and Huron.

DEMURRER OVERRULED.

Another Step in the Quigley Case To-Day.

The Probate Court Has Jurisdiction.

The Points Raised of Much Importance—The Opinion of Judge Millard Given in Full.

Judge Millard this morning overruled a demurrer attacking the jurisdiction of the probate court in the case of the state against Patrick Quigley. The court disposes of the question in an intelligent and distinct manner. The points raised are new ones and of much importance. A full text of the opinion is given below.

Probate Court, Lucas County, Ohio:
State of Ohio (No. 92)
vs.
Patrick F. Quigley.

The motion now up for decision is directed to the jurisdiction of this court, and places in question the power of probate judges in Ohio to try misdemeanors, except when a preliminary hearing has been had before a magistrate and the accused has been recognized and his case certified to the probate court. An examination of the constitution and laws of Ohio will be necessary to determine the extent of the power of the probate court. Under our form of government the absolute and equal freedom of all persons at birth is a recognized fact. The people in their sovereign capacity create and adopt constitutions for the different states which are to guide the legislatures in creating and courts in administering laws made under the constitution of each state.

The people of Ohio, in 1851, in constitutional convention assembled, formulated the present constitution of Ohio, and by popular vote adopted the same as the rule of action and guide for the legislature of the state and this country; it created, until the same shall be changed or replaced by a new constitution, and also declared that all powers not therein delegated remained with the people.

Section 10 article II of the bill of rights, of said constitution, declares that except in cases of impeachment, and cases arising in the army and navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger, and in case of petit larceny and other inferior offenses, no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury.

In the case of Dillingham v State, reported in Fifth Ohio state, page 280, Judge Ranney comments on this section as follows:

"By this section of the constitution, a presentment or indictment of a grand jury is dispensed with in cases of petit larceny and other inferior offenses. How such offenses should, therefore, be prosecuted, depends entirely upon legislative discretion.

"It is very evident that petit larceny is simply named as one of a class of offenses; and equally so, that the class was intended to embrace all offenses for which a punishment less than imprisonment in the penitentiary is provided. This was a classification so long used in our laws, and so well understood, as to leave no doubt that it was the ons intended to be adopted by the convention."

In the case of Markle vs Town Council of Akron, 14 Ohio R. 586, the court says: "There are many offenses, made so by statute, though decidedly immoral and mischievous in their tendencies, that are not crimes, but at most only quasi criminal, and when the legislature may direct the mode of redress, untrammeled by this constitutional provision. Such are Sabbath breaking, selling spirituous liquors on Sunday and the disturbance of religious meetings, with many others. Of such, jurisdiction may be given to justices of the peace, or the mayor of an incorporated town."

In the case of Morgan vs Nolte, 37 Ohio State report page 23, the court says "The only limitations to the creation of offenses by the general assembly are the guarantees contained in the Bill of rights."

Section 1, article II, of the constitution provides that the legislative power of this state shall be visited in the general assembly, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

Section 1, article IV records. The judicial power of the state is vested in a supreme court, circuit court, court of common pleas, court of probate, justices of the peace, and such other courts inferior to the supreme court, as the general assembly may from time to time establish.

Section 7 of article 4 reads: There shall be established in each county, a probate court, which shall be a court of record, open at all times, and holden by one judge, elected by the voters of the county, who shall hold his office for the term of three years.

Section 8 of said article 4, reads: The probate court shall have jurisdiction in probate and testamentary matters, the appointment of administrators and guardians, the settlement of the accounts of executors, administrators and guardians, and such jurisdiction in habeas corpus, the issuing of marriage licenses, and for the sale of land by executors, administrators and guardians, and such other jurisdiction, in any county or counties as may be provided by law.

Now, from these constitutional provisions and the interpretations thereof, before cited, I gather that all minor offenses are removed from the dignity conferred upon the graver, and are left, by the constitution, to a wider discretion of the law-making powers as to what safeguards shall be thrown around their perpetrators.

The penalty for capital or other infamous crimes is so severe that the people, when assembled in convention, deliberating on their rights, and determining how much individual liberty of action should be surrendered for the public good, thought it proper and wise to secure to any person charged with one of these major crimes the absolute and unqualified right to first have his case passed upon by the grand jury, and if by them found to be sufficiently probable to warrant further trial, that such jury should formulate a bill setting out specifically the crime with which he was charged, and giving him an indictment to which he could understandingly plead and outside of which his prosecutor could not go. The same people, at the same time determined that the perpetrators of minor offenses did not need so great precautions and exemptions for them, in their bill of rights, from the classification which required the greater deliberation and entailed upon the state more labor and larger expenses.

As decided by Judge Ranney in the Fifth Ohio state case cited, the framers of the constitution left to the legislature the duty of defining the method in which these trivial offenses should be prosecuted, and that the class thus left to legislative discretion embraced all offenses for which a punishment less than imprisonment in the penitentiary is provided.

As said by Judge Woot in the 14th Ohio case cited, There are many of these offenses, made so by statute, mischievious in their tendencies, that are not crimes, but, at most, only quasi criminal, and these, as in that decision declared, are left to the legislature to determine the mode of redress.

The 37th Ohio state case cited, declares the only limitations to the creation of offenses by the general assembly are the guarantees contained in the bill of rights.

As I can find nothing in the bill of rights which appears to be encroached upon by classing by the legislature as an offense, the refusal to make the report required by the truant law, out of which this action arises, I see no way to avoid holding that such refusal constitutes one of those offenses, made so by statute, spoken of by Judge Wood, that are not crimes, but, at most, quasi criminal, mischievious in tendency, and subject to the laws of the state relating to misdemeanors.

If then, this act be a misdemeanor, or one of the lesser offenses, has this court the requisite jurisdiction to try it? We have seen by section 1, article II, of the constitution, that all legislative power in this state is vested in the general assembly, by section 1 of article IV, that the judicial power of the State is invested in certain specified courts, among which is the Probate Court, by section 7 of article IV, that each county of the State shall have a Probate Court.

By section said article IV, that each probate court shall have jurisdiction in probate and testamentary matters, etc., and such other jurisdiction, in any county or counties, as may be provided by law. We have seen by the 14th O. case that jurisdiction in these minor offenses may be given to justices of the peace and mayors of incorporated towns; and, certainly, with the provision in the constitution specifying certain jurisdiction in the probate court, and adding "such other jurisdiction as may be provided by law," it cannot be questioned but that the legislature could give this court complete jurisdiction and power to try this class of cases.

April 15, 1889, the general assembly of Ohio passed an act to compel children under 14 years of age to attend school a certain length of time each year. By this act all children over 8 years of age and under 14 were required to attend some public or private school for a period of not less than 20 weeks each year, in city districts. An officer known as a truant officer was provided for by said act, who was required by its terms to make daily reports to the superintendents of public schools during school terms, in cities, and giving him still other duties. Section 11 of that act made it the duty of all principals and teachers of all schools, public and private, to report to the clerk of the board of education of the city, etc., the names, ages and residence of all pupils in attendance at their schools.

Section 13 provided a fine of not less $25, and not more than $50 for each offense of any one neglecting to perform the duties prescribed by said act and on April 25, 1890, the general assembly of Ohio amended this section 13 by adding to the penalty for the offense a provision that mayors, justices of the peace and probate judges shall have jurisdiction to try the offences described in this act, and their judgment shall be final.

Much as I had hoped to find that the probate judge of this county had no jurisdiction in this class of cases, I am forced to the conclusion that, by the constitution of Ohio, as interpreted by the supreme court, and the acts of the legislature which have the sanction of the same court, I cannot escape the responsibility of the office and must hold that I have jurisdiction of this offense. So far as section 6457 is concerned, I am of the opinion that no preliminary hearing can be had before the probate court. That the abject of the legislature in passing that section was to cheapen to the accused and simplify the trial of the charge made against him; and that when brought before the probate court he can elect to plead guilty, to at once demand a trial, or to be recognized to the next term of court as he may desire. The glaring impropriety of a judge who had passed upon the case of the accused once, again sitting in the same case as an impartial court is too apparent to warrant any one in believing that the legislature ever intended that this should be done.

To my mind the legislature clearly intended that the information provided for in that section should take the place of an indictment and do away with all but the final trial of the case.

If that section means other than this I should certainly hold with the defense in this proceeding, but as my jurisdiction, as I view it, is derived from the act of April 25th, 1890, in this particular case, it is not necessary to rule on that section. Motion denied, defendant excepts.

THE FLOODS IN THE WEST.

The Water Still Rising in Lake Salton.

The Indian Runner Sent Out and Has Not Yet Returned—Locating the Break.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 2.—The water in the lake at Salton is still rising. The Indian runner sent out by the railroad officials has not yet returned. White men refuse to venture on the desert at this time of year, owing to the extreme heat. The water is now within 2,000 feet of the Southern Pacific tracks, having come in 200 feet in two hours yesterday.

The shallowest water in the current was fourteen inches and the deepest was three feet.

The break in New river is 18 miles below El Rio and 70 miles from Salton.

The Indians are very badly scared and are fleeing to the mountains. They were told a week ago by a medicine man at Banning reservation that the Messiah had said there would be a big flood by July 4; that all the white people would be swept away and only Indians would be saved.

Old residents here say that the desert lake is nothing new and that the phenomenon has frequently occurred, but it has not been noticed before because the desert is uninhabited and no one ever ventures across it.

At the railroad office in this city the following dispatch has been received from Salton: "A strong wind Tuesday night from the southwest raised the water on the north shore. The west water line is moving westward slowly. I cannot reach the end of the track and I fear the track will go with the next strong wind. The waters are surely but slowly rising. The saturation is 16 per cent. fresher than Tuesday. That the water comes from the Colorado river which it leaves at a point near Pilot Knob, there is little doubt."

Henry Villard is Here.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Henry Villard arrived yesterday on the steamship Havel from Bremen, and went at once to his country place at Dobbs Ferry. The understanding among the brokers in the Windsor hotel last night was that he had returned with new capital, supported by German financiers, to rehabilitate the North American company, which was seriously impaired in the November panic in Wall street.

FOR THE TOILET

There is no more useful or elegant article than Ayer's Hair Vigor—the most popular and economical hair-dressing in the market. It causes the hair to grow abundantly and retain the beauty and texture of youth; prevents baldness, heals troublesome humors of the scalp and keeps it clean, cool, and healthy. Both ladies and gentlemen everywhere prefer Ayer's Hair Vigor to any other dressing for the hair. Mrs. Lydia O. E. Pitts writes: "I Ayer's *Ask For* Moody, ton, Me., have used Hair Vigor for some time, and it has worked wonders for me. I was troubled with dandruff and falling hair, so that I was rapidly becoming bald; but since using the Vigor, my head is perfectly clear of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth, of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor to any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair."

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NONE SUCH CONDENSED Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD received at all Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness, and convenience to housekeepers.

Each Package contains material for two large pies. Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

CROCKER-WHEELER PERFECTED ELECTRIC MOTORS

From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.

Most Efficient Motor on the Market.

Merrell & Chapman
Room 11 Gardner Place. Phone 857

PROF. CHAMBERS & CO.'S ELECTRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT

702 Madison St., Toledo, O.

All Private, Nervous and Chronic Diseases Treated with skill and success. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney troubles speedily cured by new and improved methods. Syphilis, Scrofula and all Blood and Skin Diseases effectually eradicated. Nervous Debility and all forms of Female Diseases and Weaknesses promptly and permanently cured. Prof. Chambers' success is due to the use of ELECTRICITY administered to patients with his Electric Machines and Appliances, invented by him and used only in our Institute. Hence do not be misled by others claiming to give the same treatment. A faculty of regularly graduated physicians in attendance. All forms of treatment combined, viz: Electricity, Medicines, Baths, Etc. Send for Health Journal and Question Blank, (either for ladies or gentlemen).

FREE:—Consultation, Examination and (1) Electrical Treatment.

Office hours are from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address all communications to PROF. CHAMBERS & CO., 702 Madison st., Toledo, O.

The Five Burner NEW LYMAN

The Finest Vapor Stove Manufactured.

A Single Generator and Turn Down Tank. This Stove cannot be filled while Burning, and is therefore Absolutely Safe.

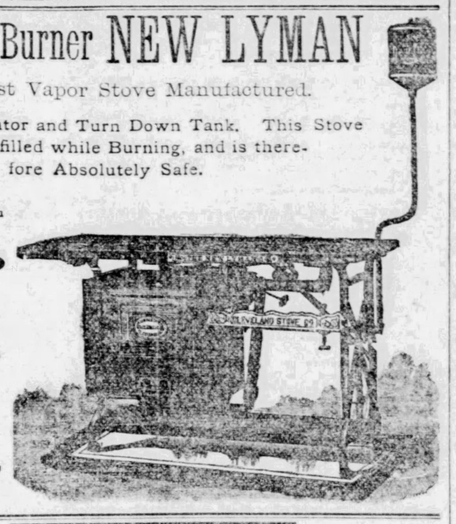
PRICE,

Including Russia Iron low down double Oven,

$18.00

The Regular Price is $23.00.

Call and See It.



E. A. EVERSMAN,

Cor. Broadway and Logan Sts.

OUR STOCK OF

FURNITURE!

MUST BE REDUCED

Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE AT

John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	55	1 Light open spring buggy	65
Full leather top Cooney piano box	75	1 Three spring open wagon	35
Open buggy as good as new	35		
Extention top carriage	85	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels	
Jump seat and canopy top Bladon	80	and tires and all newly jointed good as	
Jump seat open	55	new job. Eastern make	125

All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are all bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage Mnfrs.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL.

We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from, and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.

We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.

We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains, Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.

Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.

OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

LET US KEEP YOUR MONEY — IN THE — Union Savings Bank, 323 Summit St.

SEE HOW SAVINGS GROW.

(cents a day in 1 yr.	$ in 5 yrs.	$ in 10 yrs.
10 "	36.42	73.00
15 "	91.25	182.50
50 "	182.50	365.00
75 "	273.75	547.50
100 "	365.00	730.00

WM. BECKER, President. Leander Burdick, Cashier.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,

Cures when all others fail. His remedies positively cure, and contain neither calomel or poisons.

Dr. Clark cures quickly Syphilis and Gonnorhea, and all private diseases effectually. Scarce a day passes but he gets cases which have been the rounds and nearly ruined with colomel and poisons. Dr. Clark cured us of syphilis and gonnorrhea.—P. and T.

Dr.

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 30 cents, three times 40 cents, and four times 50 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head:
Once, 5cts; Three times, 10cts; Seven times, 20cts.

A MAN WANTED—With from $20 to $50 to take charge of offices in Ohio and Indiana. Address N. H. M. Co., 305 Woodward ave, Detroit, Mich. 30jun6p

WANTED—Two firstclass canvassers on household specialties; reference. 424 Adams st. 2jy3

WANTED—Boy to take care of a horse at 5.0 Cherry st. 2jy2p

BARBER—Firstclass barber wanted for Friday and Saturday forenoon at 516 Front st; bring tools; apply at once.

CANVASSERS—Wanted; canvassers for city at once; positions on road for good men Call at 5.0 Madison st, 3 flaw bldg. 1jy2p

WANTED—A boy about 15 years of age, some experience in selling goods. Call at Atlantic Pants Co, 344 Summit. 30jun8p

BARBER—Wanted, a barber, at 1201 Dorr st W W Cangney. 1jy2p

WANTED—Driver well acquainted in the city, and understands fruit and produce business; no other need apply. Inquire at 419 Monroe st. 1jy3p

WELL DRILLERS WANTED—In Gales township, Aurora county, South Dokota, on the main line of the C M & St Paul railroad, and within the great artesian well district of South Dakota. Contracts will be let for drilling, piping and completing two artesian wells, to be six inches in diameter and about one thousand feet deep. Eight other artesian wells to be drilled in t wnships adjoining. For full particulars address Jacob Gales, chairman Board of Supervisors, P O White Lake. 29jun6

WANTED—Permanent office assistant. Salary $750. Railway fair paid. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, box 582, Chicago. 27jne1f

WANTED—A man with $500 to take charge of an office in Toledo in an established manufacturing business. Address N. H. M Co., 305 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich. 30jun6p

CUTTERS AND TAILORS WANTED—Over 1,700 have adopted the A D Rude new method; numbers of them are leading cutters of this continent; others are on the way to fame and fortune. Taught at Cleveland Cutting School. je17tojy11

1000 MEN WANTED to get a pair of custom made pants for $3, or full suit for $13.25, at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co, 105 Adams st. 6jnelmp

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs A T Colburn, 228 12th st. 1jy2p

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 369 Irving st. 1jy2p

WANTED—Woman for general housework in family of two. Apply at 521 Ilnsh St. 30jun6p

WANTED—A competent girl to do chamber work. Apply at 801 Madison St. 3jne3

WANTED—A nurse girl between 16 and 18 years old at 211 Irving St. 27jne1f

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st. corner Lagrange, 9june-tf

WANTED—Girl or middle-aged woman to work in a hotel; no boarders. Call or address Maumee House, Maumee, O. 8marytf

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged lady to take care and teach small children, or to do writing; willing to be useful. Address 2100 Locust st. 1jy3

WANTED—A young man desires steady employment in any capacity. 2jy3

WANTED—Position as stenographer by young man of 20; has had experience and can furnish typewriter. Address B 119, care Bee. 1jy3

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation by a swiss girl to do housework in a small family after July 8. Address Miss M E G, 924 Ontario st. 1jy3

WANTED—Situation in barber shop to learn trade. Have had 6 months experience. Address 245 Segur ave. 30jne3

MISCELLANEOU

WANTED—Room and board; a private house preferred, to take dinner up town. Address B 118, Bee office. 1jy3p

WANTED—Everybody to insure their property in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' Insurance compan; ; 43 years' experience and $1,6t 4,250.50 assets. Geo C Stahl, agt, 420 Adams st. 29jne1m

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE—Houses, stores, lots and farms for sale; houses and office rooms for rent. C C & H H ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite post office 23jne3w

NOTICE—New line of carpets just received at Thompson's East Toledo furniture store, 109 Bridge st. 17jelm

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aprtyr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. 1aldf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order; delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 821. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 3mavly

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

FOR RENT—A good, comfortable house and barn for rent, 627 Vinton st. Inquire 648 Walbridge ave. 1jy3p

FOR RENT—Meat market, furnished; complete, splendid location, cor Collingwood ave and Hicks St. 27jne1w p

FOR RENT—Two small houses on cor Beech and Ontario Sts. Enquire on premises. Reference required. 27jne2w p

FOR RENT—House, new, just finished. 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Hicks st, west of Collingwood ave. Inquire at 201 Missouri st. 29jne6p

BOARDING HOUSE—For rent a large new boarding house in the city of Findlay, free gas will be ready in 10 days. M C Mackey, Findlay. 24jne6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1205 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 205 Summit st. 4apr-tf

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—Active agents for our fast selling novel and useful specialties which are required by everybody everywhere. Send stamp. A Weedon & Co, 28 Long street, Cleveland, O

AGENTS WANTED—To canvass or our Art Crayon-Ink portraits from family pictures. American Art C, Auburn, N Y 29jun6m

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent Safes, sell at sight in city or country. New agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $80. So can you. Catalogue free. Alpine Safe Co, No 384-371, Clark St, Cincinnati, O. 27jne-w&sst-3mo

AGENTS WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen, just patented the best household novelty of the day sells at sight, pays agents 300 per cent; send $1 for two doz sample order. State or U S right for sale. A bargain. Call or address Smith & Holmes, 515 Jefferson St. 27jne

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Iron gray mare, weighs about 900 pounds, black mane and tail; is about 6 years old; lost one front shoe. Louis Milker, 624 Vinton st. A liberal reward if returned. 1jy3p

LOST—Small dog, breed sky, with nickel collar and brass lock on. Liberal reward if same is returned to 911 Washington st. 1jy3p

LOST—July 1, an oxydized silver watch and fob chain; a padlock key. No 2, was attached to the chain. Return to 224 10th st. city, and receive reward. 2jy3p

LOST OR STRAYED—Mar—A five-year-old black mare, 15 hands high, sweeneyed in right shoulder, slightly lame in left hock joint. Liberal reward for return to Felix Kusa, 1530 Nebraska ave. 1jy3p

CHARM—Lost gold barrel charm and part of a chain between Cramer's and Toledo. May have been lost on Erie street car number 113. Finder will please return to Bee office and receive reward. 1jy3p

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—Flat No 85, Jefferson st, cor Ontario; two floors, main and second, six rooms and bath; especially suited for physician's residence and office; $25. Also flat No 48 Ontario st; Norris flats, English basement, six rooms and bath; $22½. Apply to F. J. Scott, Bute Madison. 6jun

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc. without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

COLLATERAL LOANS—No commission. Prompt service; prime commercial paper discounted. James W. Myers, office 5 Myers block, Summit and Monroe 3nov-tf

MONEY TO LOAN on farm or city property in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; will buy notes, bonds, mortgages on liberal terms. Merrell & Eastell, 312 Madison st. 31jnely

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Remington typewriter, only used a short time; will sell cheap. Can be seen at 320 Madison st, opposite postoffice 2jy2p

FOR SALE OR RENT—Centrally located business property on St Clair St. Enquire at room 10, Lenk block, cor Summit and Monroe streets. C S Curtis. 27jne1wp

FOR SALE—On Glenwood avenue, near Bancroft street, one of the most beautiful sites on the avenue, 50x150. Get prices of Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Maplewood avenue frontage 10 suit, between Bancroft street and Delaware avenue; special inducements offered to parties wishing to build. See Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—On Delaware avenue, near Collingwood avenue, desirable residence location at only a nominal price. Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lots on Virginia street, near Parkwood avenue, at reasonable prices. Will sell frontage to suit. Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Desirable residence location on Irving street, near Ashland avenue, for $1,400. If you are looking for a good place for investment see Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—On Thirteenth street, between Jefferson and Monroe streets, one lot 65x100. Get our figures. Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—For $1,450, business property on Canton avenue 24x150. Good investment. See Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—A number of the best lots in the market in Glassbora add. We will sell at reasonable prices. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—On Jachen street, near Collingwood avenue, residence lots at proper prices. Get our figures. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lot on Cherry street, near Fourth street, East Toledo, 50x150. Get our figures Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair s reet. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lots on Utica street, near Locust street. Will sell frontage to suit and build for parties desiring, on long time and small payments. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Beautiful lot on Collingwood avenue, near Delaware avenue, 73x305; everything first class. Irving B Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lots on Starr avenue, near fifth street, East Toledo, 120 feet deep; will sell frontage to suit. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 243 St. Clair street. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Oak street, East Toledo; for good investment in Sixth ward property see Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good Courtois B Flat cornet. Apply at Cornetist, Dixon's Standard theater. 1jy2p

FOR SALE—On Germania street near Junction avenue, two lots 40x142 each; will sell at a reasonable figure Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Property on Bassett street, near Erie street, North Toledo; good lots at low figure; look at the property and see Irving B. Hiett & Co., 243 St. Clair street. 9jne6

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Bancroft street, near Locust street. Property in good condition. Stores, school and business convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Western avenue, near Miller street, good lots at low prices. Property suitable for business or res dence. For fictures see Irving Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lots on Gibbons st, near Western ave, at reasonable prices. If you want Air Line Junction real estate, see Irving B Hiett & Co. 29jun6

FOR SALE—Well located lots on Prouty ave, a short distance from Broadway. Will sell frontage to suit. Lot 142 feet deep. Irving B Hiett & Co. 29jun6

FOR SALE—Niagara st, near Buckeye, North Toledo; good lot for $400. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co, 243 St Clair street. 29jun6

FOR SALE—Lots on Western ave, near Gibbons st and Air Line Junction; will sell frontage to suit at low price; this is good business or residence property, and good property for speculation. Irving B. Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Lots on Boyd stand Prouty ave; good depth, alley in rear, will sell frontage to suit; all lots well located, high and dry; street cars convenient; will build on premises to suit and sell on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co. 29jne6

FOR SALE—Second-hand piano; will sell cheap for cash. Apply at 2226 Lagrange st. 29jne6

PROPERTY—For sale, house and lot on Walbridge ave, $4,500; house and lot on Washington st, $2,500; lot on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,600 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange. 28aug3f

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrul & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st. Sandusky, in the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 5, 1891. 16je6w

FOR SALE—Hotel and restaurant for sale; a good bargain for somebody; Wyek's hotel on Summit st, cor Perry; old established and doing a good business; reason for selling, poor health. Parties meaning business call and get prices and particulars. 13jne1m

FOR SALE—Very cheap, 4x4 oak sidewalk stringers, 2x3 inch oak plank all grades, pine and hardwood lumber, belts cut to order on short notice, finest lot of redwood shingles of ornamental designs, hardwood flooring and wainscoating, etc. M B Donohue, 139 St Clair st. 11jnelm

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at $1 per week. Apply to Miss Pulver, corner St. Clair and Knaup sts. 1jy3p

ROOMS—For rent. Enquire at weber's shoe store, 837 Summit St. 3jne3p

FURNISHED ROOMS—A suit of two furnished rooms, with furnace heat, gas and bath room. Will rent reasonable to good party. 408 Huron St cor Adams. 27jne1w p

PERSONAL

LADIES—A friend in need is a friend indeed. If you want a regulator that never fails, address Woman's Medical Home, Buffalo, N Y 10jne-tf

TO THE LETTER.

Leadard—But you painted my wife's mouth wide open!

Van Daub—Exactly. You particularly requested a speaking likeness.—Ex.

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Farmers are busy harvesting wheat.

The taxes collected yesterday amounted to $10,119.53.

The produce exchange will adjourn over the Fourth.

There is a grist of committees called for to-night at the council chamber.

There will be no business transacted at the court house on the Fourth.

An excursion came in to-day on the C., H. & D. for Presque Isle.

Take East Toledo cars July 4, they will take you to Ford post's celebration.

Have your house painted with Buckeye paints. They are the most durable.

During June, the city natural gas inspector examined 500 new connections.

Show the visitors about the city in a carriage or surrey from the Crescent Livery Co.

A. K. P. lodge will be instituted at Prairie Depot, Wood county, on the 16th inst.

Anthony Wayne lodge, No. 141, K. P., will meet in the new Pythian building to-night.

A well-attended lawn fete was held last evening on Summit avenue.

Some Toledo horsemen went to Swanton this morning to attend the races, which last for three days.

Local members of the Loyal Legion have determined not to picnic as an organization on the Fourth.

City Auditor Walker is preparing a general claim ordinance to be submitted to the council on Monday evening.

Work was commenced this morning on the Superior street improvement, from Cherry to Madison. Asphalt is to be laid.

Oscar W. White instituted proceedings in common pleas court to-day against Samuel Wagner for the partition of real estate.

Prosecuting Attorney Wheeler being absent, Lawyer Reno prosecuted the cases in police court this morning.

The republican state committee meets at Columbus on July 8 to select an executive committee.

For estimates on building and repairing cisterns, sewer connections, 'phone 972 or all on John Cavanaugh, corner Hicks and Twenty-second streets.

Try the celebrated Rose brand hams, bacon and dried beef; also fresh, salt and smoked meats, sausage, etc., at Jacob Folger's, South St. Clair street.

If you want your shirts, collars and cuffs, etc., by the Fourth of July send them in early. Toledo Laundry Co., 332 and 334 Summit street. Phone 488.

Grand celebration on the Fourth at Perrysburg. The newly rebuilt steamer J. V. Lutts is changed now to C. B. Wallace, the loveliest boat running to Perrysburg.

George M. Van Evera took out a permit this morning for the erection of another $3,500 residence in Islington. Peter Miller will build a $600 cottage on Canton avenue.

Street cars have done a whooping business this week. It has been the thing for the entertainers to take Endeavor delegates for a ride on the different lines.

George Wilson's case for assault and battery was continued until next Tuesday, the complaining witness being too sick to appear.

Augostura Bitters is known all over the world as the great regulator of digestive organs. Dr. Siegert's is the only genuine. At all druggists.

Hon. Chas. P. Griffin will deliver an address on the morning of the Fourth at Ford post's picnic. Dancing and fireworks will attract attention at night.

An Indian show near the corner of Union and Bancroft streets is the cause of a great deal of annoyance to the residents of the neighborhood, and there is a cry for the doctors to move on.

A reception was tendered to Rev. Dr. Scadding, of Trinity church, last evening, at Baumgardner's hall, in Auburndale, by the Ladies' Aid society of St. Andrew's organization. Refreshments were served, and a very enjoyable time was had.

John O'Ferrell was found guilty in the police court this morning of having maliciously destroyed the weighing machine at the corner of Adams and Summit streets last Tuesday afternoon, and fined $25 and costs and given 10 days in the Toledo workhouse.

Henry Genyea, of East Toledo, was arrested yesterday for stealing a woolen shirt. He was recognized this morning, in the police court, as an old offender and fined $15 and costs.

Ford post, in addition to the other various attractions during the evening of July 4 will have a brilliant display of fireworks.

The case of Emmit Drake et al against Oscar W. Ballou was submitted to the jury in Judge Harmon's court to-day. It is an action to recover $238 commission on the transfer of real estate.

Chas. Eugene was arrested yesterday afternoon for creating a disturbance in Fries' saloon and boarding house, at 827 Summit street, and fined $8 and cost, in police court this morning.

Ford post, G. A. R., welcome everybody to their picnic and celebration during the day and evening of July 4, Bridge street, East Toledo.

Judge Sala disposed of the following drunks this morning: Thos. Culver, costs; John Full, costs; Fred Berghold, costs; George Gaylord, drunk and disorderly, $5 and costs; Lee Art's, costs; Frank Curry, costs; James Murphy, costs.

James Cunningham, who was arrested for not providing for his four-week-old child and neglecting the mother, was before Judge Sala this morning. The testimony was of a nature that needed further investigation, and the case was continued until to-morrow.

The little office in Cherry Grove at the corner of Walnut and Frederick streets is now open from 12 to 7 p. m. for the sale of the remaining lots in Cherry Grove addition. Call on Mr. H. H. Modewell at the office, or on R. W. Smith, 224 St. Clair st.

Ford post celebrate July 4 on grounds head of Bridge street. Admission 10 cents.

William Toll lodge met for the first time in their new quarters in the Pythian building. Officers were installed for the ensuing term, with Albert Neukom as chancellor commander. When the business had been concluded, the boys enjoyed themselves with refreshments and otherwise.

Admission 10 cents to Ford post celebration July 4, at grounds head of Bridge street.

Don't worry your horse or deny yourself any pleasure when out riding. Just drive up to Snipherd's Carriage Repository on Cherry street where you will not only see the finest stock of buggies, carts and light wagons in the state, but also a complete line of fly nets, light robes and dusters—everything in horse goods. Quality of goods way up. Prices way down.

Ford post ask 10 cents admission to their picnic July 4. East Toledo.

Mrs. Mary Bordman and Mrs. Hill, who live in the same building at 330 Superior street, have been having some trouble which terminated in the police court. Mrs. Bordman had Mrs. Hill arrested yesterday on a charge of assault and battery and the case was heard in the police court this morning. Mrs. Hill paid the costs of arrest and Mrs. Bordman the costs of witnesses for the state.

An Old Nurse for Children.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Half Fare.

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway will sell tickets July 3 and 4 to all points on their line at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning until July 6 inclusive.

Glorious 4th | At Presque Isle an elegant program will be carried out. Boats will leave every hour. Two grand free concerts will be given by the great Military Band. A championship game of base ball at 2:30 and a big display of fireworks will be given afternoon and evening. Everybody go to Presque Isle the 4th.

PLUNGING IN SILKS | The throng of buyers grows larger daily at the great silk sale of LASALLE & KOCH'S.

For the Glorious Fourth.

Attention, if you please. For the proper celebration of the Fourth of July the, the glorious festival of American independence, the Buckeye Brewing Co. of Toledo, one of the best and most progressive and successful of the states, will issue to the customers and patrons a Nonpariel Fourth of July beer of the very finest quality, made from the best barley malt and hops—pure, tasteful, healthful and refreshing.

Mr. J. J. Jacoby, the excellent and popular superintendent of the Buckeye Brewery, and its able and careful foreman, Mr. Jacob Weidmaier, have taken particular pains to make this extra fine and extra delicate Fourth of July Beer worthy of the occasion and of their famous company, and those who try it will undoubtedly enjoy it and exclaim Buckeye Fourth of July Beer is simply delightful.

For sale by Buckeye Bottling Works, 132 and 134 St. Clair street.

Everybody knows in a general way that Northern Micaigan is a most favorite locality for the health seeker and summer tourist as well as for the hunter and the fisherman; but whoever wants to know the way to get there and what he will find when he does get there, will read the handsomely illustrated pamphlet entitled The Island of Mackinac, which will be sent to any address by O. W. Ruggles, G. P. & T. A., M. C. R. R., Chicago.

Black Lawns—plain, checked and striped—new goods, are included in our great sale. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Hannibal Hamlin

Never wears an overcoat, but he probably enjoys the solace of a Smokette cigar as much as any man in Maine or anywhere else in the United States.

Our store will be closed July 4. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Special Offer to School Children.

During vacation we shall make a special rate of $3 per dozen for our Fine Cabinet Photos to Children only.

VAN LOO & TROST, Photographers, 328 Summit St.

Nasby Council, N. U.

Grand moonlight excursion will be given on the new steamer City of Toledo, Wednesday evening, July 8.

Our store will be closed July 4. waiting. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

AT FIVE MILES AN HOUR

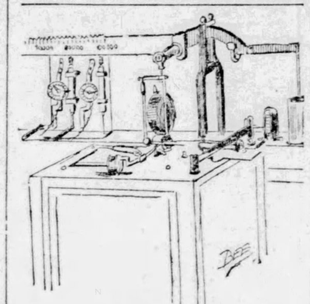
Cars Are Being Weighed in Toledo.

A Description of the New Machine That Does the Work in the C., H. & D. Yards.

W. M. Cross, of the Streeter-Amet Weighing and Recording company of Chicago, has been in Toledo for some time placing in position in the C., H. & D. yards an ingenious machine for weighing and recording car lots of merchandise, lumber, coal, cattle, grain, oil, etc., while the train is running at the rate of five miles an hour.

The machine is not as complicated as one would suppose when taking in consideration the work it performs rapidly and accurately, and it can be applied to any platform or track scales.

There is a light revolving wheel, with raised figures on the rim registering from 100 to 100,000 pounds, controlled by a spring tested to the latter figure. This wheel runs under a sheet of transfer paper that registers the weight on a continuous roll of ribbon paper, when the hammer drops automatically and makes the impression. As these records are made they are wound



THE AUTOMATIC WEIGHER.

up on the reel and can be read and filed at the convenience of the operator.

As the first wheel touches the lever, the hammer which is to make the record is raised. As each successive wheel touches the lever the movement is recorded on what is called the counters, so that the operator knows just what is going on outside even if he is not looking. As the fourth wheel rolls on to the platform, the hammer falls and the car is accurately weighed and registered.

The vibrations of the beam which would otherwise prevent the successful working of the machine are stopped by a dash pot filled with a light oil. Yesterday afternoon a train of cars was weighed rapidly for a BEE is less time than you can say Jack Robinson. The machine weighs both long and short cars without readjustment.

The following local roads have one or more of the machines in operation: The T. & O. C., the W., L. E., the Pennsylvania, the Wabash, the C. H. V. & T. and the C., H. & D. The machines are not sold but rented.

BUY A SILK DRESS | At the great sale and save 50 per cent. LASALLE & KOCH.

New York Fire Works Co. is doing an immense business. Toledo appreciates any and everything that is first-class.

Fourth of July Rates.

Following an old-time custom the Toledo & Ohio Central railway and Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati railway will, upon July 3 and 4, sell tickets to all points within a radius of 200 miles at one fare for round trip. Tickets will be limited good to return up to and including July 6. MOULTON HOUK, G. P. A.

Dress Goods and White Goods, Laces and Embroideries all are included in our great "Alteration Sale." NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Y. P. S. C. Es.

See the celebrated Battle of the Monitor and Merrimac.

BUY YOUR FALL DRESS NOW. | A great swing at the silk sale of LASALLE & KOCH.

The largest stock of White Goods, all recent purchases are included in our great sale. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Don't delay buying fire works. Call at New York Fire Works Store early as possible and place your order. Goods will be delivered just when you want them.

Burial Reform.

The most common symbol in the cemetery is the most unchristian, for it is a broken column. It is essentially unchristian because Christianity holds death to be but the gate of heaven, of a better world. It is indeed a sorrowful end of visible communion, but it is not the end of the earthly life, it is the beginning of the heavenly, which every symbol and emblem should express. And the impenetrable shroud of crape in which this moving figure is wrapped, does it import faith in resurrection or in destruction?

Does it signify repose in the thought of life eternal, or the hopeless gloom of unenlightened despair? Doubtless it signifies the sense of utter loss. It is the sign that sorrow envelopes the wife or daughter. It announces that merriment is unwelcome. It spares the friend or acquaintance the pain of asking questions that wound. This is a seemly purpose. But to this end the excess of mourning apparel, the lavish ostentation of crape is not only not essential, but it is michievous, for it fosters the extravagance of expense which the poor can not bear, and it is repugnant to the Christian instinct.

The Burial Reform association contemplates mainly economical relief. It aims to prevent the foolish expense of funerals by the example of those to whom such expense would be unimportant. But the scope of the movement extends much farther. It includes the true Christian conception and treatment of the most solemn fact of human life, which is its end. Our funeral customs lay upon it a gross material emphasis. The ostentation, which has increased so rapidly as to suggest the reform societies, is a gaudy parody of sorrow. Why deepen grief by exaggerating the form of its expression?

The sorrow of death is so searching that it needs no encouragement. It requires every alleviation which sympathy and serenity and the cheer of religious faith can supply. It is because our funeral customs from the shroud of crape upon the living to the lavish expense upon the funeral pageant and the broken shaft in the graveyard, are unchristian that they need to be reformed.—Geo. Wm. Curtis, in Harper's Monthly.

Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Half-Rate Excursions.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie railway will sell excursion tickets at all stations at half rates for adults and quarter rates for children, as follows:

National holiday, July 3 and 4, limit including July 6.

Labor demonstration at Steubenville on July 5 and 6, limit July 7.

Ohio teachers' meeting, Chautauqua Lake, July 6 and 7, limit July 13.

Christian Endeavor union, Toledo, O., June 29 and 30, limit July 3.

Knights of Pythias encampment, Toledo, O., July 21 and 22, limit July 30.

You will not be deceived, we do just as we advertise in our great "Alteration Sale." NEUHAUSEL BROS.

SILK DRESSES | Now is your time to buy and save one-half the price. LASALLE & KOCH.

SHORT WRAPS | And all Spring Jackets at one-half off. LASALLE & KOCH.

ABOUT DIAMONDS.

The demand for Perfect Diamonds is constantly increasing, and the great diamond markets of the world—London, Paris and Amsterdam—are pressed to meet the demand. The shipments of Perfect Diamonds to the United States from these markets are controled by Direct Importers, and small dealers are compelled to pay high prices to obtain a small portion of the limited and coveted supply.

We have for many years taken rank amongst the largest Importers of Diamonds in this country, and we are the only Direct Importers in this State, which is attested to by the returns from the Detroit Custom House.

Our facilities for mounting and resetting Diamonds are unequaled. We employ the largest staff of skilled workmen and designers of any jewelry house in the west.

WRIGHT, KAY & Co.,
Diamond Merchants and Direct Importers,
140 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT.

Legal Notice.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Lucas County, Ohio, the undersigned, trustee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Timothy Tredwell, will on the

27TH DAY OF JULY, 1891,

at the offices of Southard & Case, Nos. 8 and 9 Gardner Place, Toledo, Ohio, pay upon the valid claims against said assignor, a dividend of 9-10 of one per cent.

ELISHA B. SOUTHARD, Trustee. Toledo, Ohio, July 1, 1891.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has this day been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of Joseph Steuer, late of Lucas county, Ohio, deceased.

MARY STEUER, Executrix.
H. S. Bunker, attorney for executrix.
Dated at Toledo this 15th day of June, 1891.
jne15,25 jy 2

CHILD KINGS.

Europe Has Had a Number of Youthful Sovereigns.

Little Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherland, little King Alfonso XIII. of Spain, and little King Alexander I. of Servia sit on three of Europe's thrones.

Isabella II. of Spain, grandmother of the baby king, by a curious coincidence, also ascended the throne when a baby of 3. She was born in 1830, and ruled until her dethronement in 1868—35 years.

In the seventeenth century there were five child sovereigns, Sweden furnishing no less than three, viz.: Queen Christina, born 1626, who ascended the throne on the death of her father, the great Gustavus Adolphus, when 6 years of age; Charles XI., who came to the throne at the age of 5, in 1660; and thirdly, his son, Charles XII., "the Lion King of the North," who was proclaimed king when only 15. In France, Louis XIV. ascended the throne in 1643 at the age of 5; and in Spain, Charles II. was similarly placed in 1655 when only 5, but he ruled barely five years.

Coming to the sixteenth century, Edward VI. became King of England at the age of 10, in 1547, while James I. of England and Scotland, son of Mary Stuart, was only 1 year old when he became King of Scotland. King James II. of Scotland was also a minor when he ascended the throne, and Kings Charles VI., VIII. and IX. of France were but respectfully 12, 13 and 10 years of age when they assumed the crown. In Denmark and Norway, Christian IV., born in 1577, became king at the age of 11 and ruled for 60 years.

Finally, in the fifteenth century, Henry VI. of England ascended to the throne when a baby of 9 months, in 1422, and occupied it until 1461; while Emperor Henry IV., was but 6 when the imperial crown descended to him.

A New Piano for St. Vincent's.

The Sisters of Charity purchased a new Vose & Sons upright piano for St. Vincent's hospital yesterday. The superior quality of these instruments in tone, touch and finish commend them at once to those desiring the best. J. W. Greene & Co., the agents for Toledo, are enjoying a splendid trade on these magnificent pianos.

Our store closed all day July 4. LASALLE & KOCH.

Fourth of July Excursion Rates.

The Clover Leaf route, Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City R. R., will issue excursion tickets between all stations July 3 and 4 at one fare for round trip. Usual return limit.

Double daily train service between Toledo and St. Louis. Sleepers on night trains.

For further particulars call on Wm. Gates, Boody House ticket office, F. Valentine, ticket agent, Union depot, or address C. C. JENKINS, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Our store closed all day July 4. LASALLE & KOCH.

Reliable new first-class goods. Low prices at New York Fire Works Store. Buy as early as possible. Avoid the rush.

Carpets, Curtains, Millinery, Dress Goods, Notions, Underwears, everything goes in our alteration sale. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Going with a rush. New York Fire Works good, 129 and 131 Summit street. Hurry up, boys, don't delay.

NEW SHIRT WAISTS | Large arrival to-day. Lowest prices at LASALLE & KOCH'S.

Fourth of July on the Wabash Line.

The Wabash railroad offers the usual half-fare rates July 3 and 4. Tickets good returning until July 6 inclusive. For further information see Wabash ticket agents.

MORE BUYERS DAILY. | The most successful silk sale of the year now open at LASALLE & KOCH'S.

At Presque Isle an elegant program will be carried out the 4th. Boats will leave every hour. Two grand free concerts will be given by the great Military Band. A championship game of base ball at 2:30, and a big display of fireworks will be given afternoon and evening. Everybody go to Presque Isle the 4th.

A Man Raises His Hat.

1. When he bows to a lady or an elderly gentleman.
2. When he is with a lady who bows to any person, even if the other is a total stranger to him.
3. When he salutes a gentleman who is in the company of ladies.
4. When he is in the company of another gentleman who bows to a lady.
5. When he is with a lady and meets a gentleman whom he knows.
6. When he offers any civility to a lady who is a stranger to him.
7. When he parts with a lady, after speaking to her, or after walking or driving with her, etc.

In the elevator, where there are ladies, men may keep on their hats with perfect propriety. Nine out of ten do, with good and sufficient reason. Elevators are draughty places, and are public conveyances, though within doors. To raise the hat when a lady enters is becoming courtesy, but this is very different from standing with the hat off while the elevator mounts to the thirteenth floor. A hat when not on the head is in the way in an elevator. It is embarrassing to the occupants to feel that they may unwittingly spoil a good hat by an unwary turn that knocks it in or makes havoc with the nap.—Correct Thing.

HUDSONS, CLOTHIERS!

OUR SUIT BARGAINS
—AT—
$12.00-$10.00-$7.5

Are by far the best assortment of Men's Suits ever offered in the city. We also o

Unequaled Bargains in Boys' and Knee Pant

SUMMER CLOTHIN

Of every description in Coats and Vests, Single Coats, White and Fancy V nel Vests of every Style.

ANOTHER SPECIAL BARGAIN IN STAINLESS HOSE AT 19 C

FLANNEL SHIRTS!

Every style and quality, from the best 50c quality to the finest

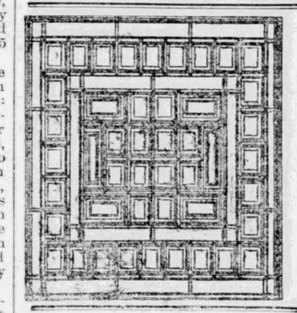
MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW H

In all the New Shapes, at 48, 64, 74 and 98c.

HUDSONS * CLOTHIERS.

DRINK GERMAN COFFEE

IT IS THE BEST.



Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

GREAT CHINA MATTING SALE!!

5,000 ROLLS CHINA MATTING!

Direct Importations! Elegant Patterns!

Prices Below the Lowest!

STERLING & CO., 408-410 SUMMIT ST.

A. R. SISSON, Manager.

DOES IT PAY?

Is it economy to buy the best you can? Does it pay to get the best value you can for your money?

SEE OUR SPRING CARPETS

We invariably offer you the best possible money value. In all our years of business this has been our aim. We buy only the best goods on the best terms and sell accordingly.

V. B. SNYDER & SON
THE "OLD RELIABLE" CARPET HOUSE.

Ladies, we Invite your Inspection!

NOVELTIES IN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS

Refrigerators and Ice Chests, Lawn Mowers and Hose, Screens.

THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO.
210 SUMMIT STREET.

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES

Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.

MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

**Fourth of July, Re